## Due: Thursday, October 24th

## HW 13: Section 2.8

Due: Thursday, October 24th in SQRC by 9pm

## Learning Goals:

- Compute the derivative of inverse trig functions.
- Use implicit differentiation to compute a derivative.
- 1. In class we computed the derivative of  $\sin^{-1}(x)$ ,  $\tan^{-1}(x)$ , and  $\cos^{-1}(x)$ . Find the formula for  $\frac{d}{dx}\sec^{-1}(x)$ . (Hint: the first step is to write  $\sec(\sec^{-1}(x)) = x$  and take the derivative of both sides.)
- 2. Problem 2.8.30 Compute the derivative of
  - a)  $\cos^{-1}(x^2 + x)$
  - b)  $\cos^{-1}(2/x)$
- 3. Problem 2.8.32 Compute the derivative of
  - a)  $\sqrt{2 + \tan^{-1}(x)}$
  - b)  $e^{\tan^{-1}(x)}$
- 4. Problem 2.8.34 Compute the derivative of
  - a)  $\sin^{-1}(1/x)$
  - b)  $\csc^{-1}(x)$
- 5. Problem 2.8.2 Find the tangent line of

$$x^3y - 4\sqrt{x} = x^2y$$

- at  $(2, \sqrt{2})$ .
- 6. Problem 2.8.6 Compute the derivative y'(x) implicitly

$$3xy^3 - 4x = 10y^2$$