

## HW 23: Section 4.5 and 4.6

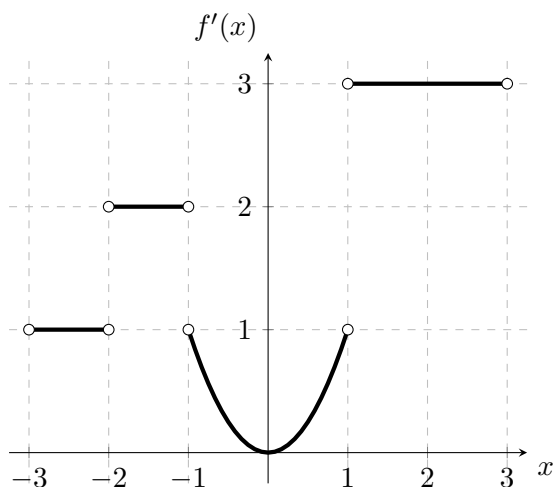
Due: Monday, December 9th in SQRC by 9pm

**Learning Goals:**

- Compute anti-derivatives.
- Sketch the graph of a function from the graph of its derivative.
- Use the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus, Part I, to compute the integral of a function.
- Use the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus, Part II, to compute the derivative of an area function.
- Use  $u$ -substitutions to compute indefinite integrals.

**Questions:**

1. Problem 4.1.49.b. The graph of  $y = f'(x)$  is given below. Assume that  $f(0) = 0$ . Sketch a graph of the function  $f(x)$ .



2. Problem 4.5.4. Use the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus to compute

$$\int_0^2 x^3 + 3x - 1 \, dx.$$

3. (a) Find the derivative  $f'(x)$  where  $f(x) = \int_3^x e^{2t} \, dt$ .
- (b) Find the derivative  $f'(x)$  where  $f(x) = \int_3^{x^2} e^{2t} \, dt$ . (hint: need chain rule)
- (c) Problem 4.5.30. Find the derivative  $f'(x)$  where  $f(x) = \int_{2-x}^{xe^x} e^{2t} \, dt$ . (hint: break into two integrals)
4. Use a  $u$ -substitution to compute the following indefinite integral

$$\int \sin(x) \cos(x) \, dx$$

5. Use a  $u$ -substitution to compute the following indefinite integral

$$\int x e^{x^2} dx$$