1:	: function NearestNeighbors(point:point, node:Node, candidates:priority queue, distMin:float, k:int	
2:	if $node = null$ or $node.visited = true$ then	▷ Stop condition for recursive function
3:	return	
4:	end if	
5:	$dist \leftarrow \mathtt{distance}(point, node)$	
6:	$\mathbf{if}\ dist dist Min\ \mathbf{then}$	
7:	$\mathtt{add}(candidates,[dist,point])$	
8:	$\mathtt{sort}(candidates)$	$\triangleright$ according to $dist$
9:	$distMin \leftarrow candidates[-1]$	▷ biggest of the minimum distances
10:	end if	
11:	if $length(candidates) > k$ then	
12:	remove last element of candidates	
13:	end if	
14:	$\mathbf{if} \ point[node.dimension] < node.value[node.dimension] \ \mathbf{then}$	
15:	${\tt NEARESTNEIGHBORS}(point, node. left, candidates, distMin, k)$	
16:	$\mathbf{if} \  point[node.dimension] - node.value[node.dimension]  \leq distMin \ \mathbf{then}$	
17:	NEARESTNEIGHBORS(point, node.right, candot )	didates, dist Min, k)
18:	else	
19:	$node.right.visited \gets true$	⊳ pruning right subtree
20:	end if	
21:	else	
22:	NEARESTNEIGHBORS $(point, node.right, candidates, distMin, k)$	
23:	: $\mathbf{if}   point[node.dimension] - node.value[node.dimension]  \leq distMin \mathbf{then}$	
24:	${\tt NEARESTNEIGHBORS}(point, node. left, candi$	dates, dist Min, k)
25:	else	
26:	$node.left.visited \leftarrow true$	⊳ pruning left subtree
27:	end if	
28:	end if	
29:	$node.visited \leftarrow true$	
30:	end function	