NUMERICAL SOLUTIONS

FluxSol

Version 0.1.0

User's Guide

 $Luciano\ Buglioni$

supervised by Dr. Mark Brown

Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Input File	2
	User Defined Objects (UDOs) 3.1 UDO Usage	2

1 Introduction

FluxSol is a multiplatform, opensource CFD solver written in C++. FluxSol is released under GNU GPL v.3+.

2 Input File

Input file consist of a plain text document which comprises several fields. Each of these fields consists of a name followed by = character. After this, a corresponding value of the field must to follow, ending with a; character. Some other fields (like material, BC, patch), whose values are more than one, do not contain = character after, they have instead certain parameters between parentheses, all of them with a parameter id followed by = and separated between them with a semicolon. An example of input file is presented below:

```
//Example of Input file. grid_1 file = square.cgns; dimension = 2; solution_scheme = navier-stokes; material ( k=1.; rho=1.;); //material(dbname=air); patch_1(name=top;type=faces;list=[1,2,3];); BC_2 (patch=BC-2;type=wall;U=[1.,0.,0.];); BC_1 (patch=BC-4;type=wall;U=[0.,0.,0.];); BC_3 (patch=BC-3;type=wall;U=0.0;); BC_4 (patch=BC-1;type=wall;U=[0.,0.,0.];);
```

3 User Defined Objects (UDOs)

UDO (User Defined Object) represents a custom defined behavior (value, field, algorithm) which can be given to a different part (material, zone, condition) of the model. For this version it is restricted only to boundary conditions. UDO can be defined by two different ways: by CAE or via command line. In both cases a C++ code must be written and compiled in order to describe this behavior. Once it is compiled, it can be linked during runtime with the solver and thus, it can be implemented. To compile an UDO are required the following: -cmake If the operating system is Windows, it is required mingw-w64. Once the code containing UDO is written, it must be compiled. An example of a C++ code is presented below.

```
File udf_boundary.cpp:
#include "udf_boundary.h"
using namespace FluxSol;
void ufield::Calculate()

cout ;; "UDF Calculating";jendl; Scalar x;
double xveloc;

for (int f=0;fithis-¿_Patch().Num_Faces();f++)

x=this-¿_Patch().Face(f).Center()[0]-0.5;
xveloc=(0.25-(x.Val()*x.Val()))*100.0;
this-¿value[f]=Vec3D(xveloc,0.,0.);
```

File udf_boundary.h: #include "FluxSol.h" UD_VelocityPatchField ufield; UDO via command line It must be compiled UDO file. The way to do that is running udogen.bat or udogen.sh depending on system. There are two options: it can be run this file without arguments, or either can be assigned the name of the .cpp file, only if this is only one file. //TO MODIFY This file runs at first CodeWriter.exe followed by the file

containing the code. This is a parsing program which creates another c++ file, named UDOCreator.cpp, which is compiled to obtain the shared library file. The bachfile output will ask for the confirmation of the user in order to overwrite libUDO shared library in case of successful compilation.

This is a classic output of CodeWriter.exe

```
[I] Reading ...
```

[I] Found input file ./udf_boundary.h

[I] 10 lines readed ...

(Inherited) Defined Class Name: ufield

Base Class Name: UD_VelocityPatchFieldpublic:ufield():UD_VelocityPatchField()voidCalculate()

Ending

./udf_boundary.h: 0 Including./udf_boundary.h UDO Ids size1

3.1 UDO Usage

Once compiled the UDO, it can be used by the input file. Here is an example of input file. In the example below, object compiled in the previous example is implemented in the Patch named BC-2. To implement an UDO, the parameter def followed by their value UDO, must be present in the patch parameter list. patch_1 type

```
grid_1 file = Mesh_Dens_10.cgns;

solution_scheme = navier-stokes;

patch_1(type=face;);

material (k=1.;rho=1.;);

//Definition default is by constant value BC_1 (patch=BC-2;type=wall;def=UDO;udo=ufield;); //Here is called

UDO named ufield

BC_2 (patch=BC-1;type=wall;U=0.0;);

BC_3 (patch=BC-3;type=wall;U=0.0;);

BC_4 (patch=BC-4;type=wall;U=[0.,0.,0.];);
```

Figure 1: Dummy f	igure
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Table 1: Dummy table

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List	of Figures	
1	Dummy figure	4
List	of Tables	
1	Dummy table	4