## Untitled2

## March 1, 2018

```
In [1]: # Remueve todos los objetos creados
        rm(list=ls())
        Fx \leftarrow function(x) log(x+2)-sin(x)
        F1x \leftarrow function(x) 1/(x+2)-cos(x)
        # Metodo de la Secante
        # Halla la raiz de Fx
        secante <- function(x0,x1) {</pre>
        x < -(Fx(x1)*x0-Fx(x0)*x1)/(Fx(x1)-Fx(x0))
        error <-1
        while (error > 1.e-7) {
        x0 \le -x1
        x1 < -x
        x < -(Fx(x1)*x0-Fx(x0)*x1)/(Fx(x1)-Fx(x0))
        if (Fx(x) == 10) break
        error<-abs(Fx(x)/F1x(x))
        cat("X=",x,"\t","E=",error,"\n")
        }
        }
        secante(-1.8,-1.6)
X= -1.631835
                     E= 0.0003908218
X= -1.631439
                      E= 4.872326e-06
X = -1.631444
                    E= 2.871262e-09
```