Student Help

?

202109-90230 CS021A QR:Cptr Prog I: Python (Gold)

Course Materials

Module 6 - Functions Part II Take Test: Quiz 6

Take Test: Quiz 6

```
Test Information
Description
                  Please watch videos before taking the quiz
Instructions
Multiple Attempts This test allows multiple attempts.
Force Completion This test can be saved and resumed later.
```

QUESTION 1

1 points

```
def is even (number):
    if(number % 2) == 0:
        status = True
    else:
        status = False
    return status
```

This is a _____ function

- Boolean
- Binary
- True_False
- Cogical

A function in Python can return more than one value:	
True	
O False	
QUESTION 3	1 points Saved
The Python standard library's module contains numerous functions that can be used in mathematical calculations	
o number	
math	
random	
string	
QUESTION 4	1 points Saved
This statement causes a function to end and sends a value to the part of the program that called the function	back
o return	
O	
o exit	
o exit	
o end	
o end	
o end	1 points Savec
o end send	1 points Saved
endsend QUESTION 5 What do the following statements do?	1 points Saved
<pre>O end O send QUESTION 5 What do the following statements do? x1 = random.randint(0,100)</pre>	
endsend QUESTION 5 What do the following statements do?	
<pre>O end O send QUESTION 5 What do the following statements do? x1 = random.randint(0,100)</pre>	
<pre>O end O send QUESTION 5 What do the following statements do? x1 = random.randint(0,100) x1 is int</pre>	
<pre>O end O send QUESTION 5 What do the following statements do? x1 = random.randint(0,100) x1 is int</pre>	alue

¥ Question Completion Status:



QUESTION 6

1 points



```
def mystery(x,y):
    return x/y**2
```

function call:

mystery(4,2)

- oreturns value **four** of numeric type **int**
- oreturns value **one** of numeric type **int**
- oreturns value **four** of numeric type **float**
- oreturns value one of numeric type float

QUESTION 7

1 points



```
def double_it(in_var):
    out_var = in_var * 2
    return out_var
```

```
def a(b):
    return b * 2
```

```
def double_that(var):
    return var * 2
```

The three code segments above are functionally equivalent (ie, they will produce the same output given the same input):

- True
- False

QUESTION 8

1 points



```
#double_it takes a value and returns the value doubled
def double_it(in_var):
    out_var = in_var * 2
    return out_var
```

Which are valid function calls to function double it

- (1) answer = double it()
- (2) $answer = double_it(x)$
- (3) answer = double it(x, y)
- None of them
- 2 and 3
- 2 only
- All of them

QUESTION 9

1 points



Two students work on writing $is_divisible(x, y)$ function and come up with these two versions

(A)

```
def is_divisible(x,y):
    return (x % y) == 0 and y != 0
```

(B)

```
def is_divisible(x,y):
    return y != 0 and (x % y) == 0
```

function call

Version A

Version B

is_divisible(10,2)





▼ Question Completion Status:



¥ Question Completion Status:			
	Save All Answers	Save and Submit	