

# Sensidev - Python Test

## Context

Imagine you are building a (very simplified) analytics backend system to be used by web & mobile software developers to create fancy interfaces with data provided by your system.

## Requirements

As a User,

I want to compare latest current weather conditions between different locations,

So that I better understand differences over a period of 24 hours.

## Technical

Build a CRUD system that manages a list of locations with their weather parameters.

Each location can have one or many parameters e.g. Temperature, Humidity, Wind speed etc.

You are responsible to get raw historical data from a public weather API at your choice, and compute the aggregate fields (described below).

## Prerequisites

- Github/Bitbucket/GitLab account, you'll create a single **private** repo.
- Heroku or similar account, you'll deploy your code on a server for reviewers to test.

## Stack

- Python/Django
- Django Rest Framework

## API

Activities and resources your backend system should handle.

Activity	Verb	Noun
User can <b>list</b> her <b>locations</b> .	GET	/locations/
User can <b>view</b> a <b>location</b> detail page.	GET	/locations/:id/
User can <b>update</b> a <b>location</b> detail page.	PATCH	/locations/:id/

User can <b>create</b> a new <b>location</b> .	POST	/locations/
User can <b>list weather parameters</b> within a <b>location</b> .	GET	/locations/:id/parameters/
Users can <b>add weather parameters</b> to a <b>location</b> .	POST	/locations/:id/parameters/
User can <b>view</b> a <b>weather parameter</b> detail page.	GET	/locations/:id/parameters/:id/
User can <b>delete weather parameter</b> from a <b>location</b> .	DELETE	/locations/:id/parameters/:id/
User can <b>delete</b> a <b>location</b> .	DELETE	/locations/:id/

## Fields

### Location

- **Id** - primary key, e.g. 3
- **Description** - string user can modify, e.g. "My home town"
- **Parameters** - URL link to parameters API point e.g.  
"https://example.com/locations/3/parameters/"
- **Aggregation** - for each parameter compute average, min and max for last 24 hours, e.g.

```
[
  {
    "id": 1,
    "name": "Temperature",
    "avg": 23.3,
    "min": 22.1,
    "max": 29.1,
    "units": "°C"
  },
  {
    "id": 1,
    "name": "Relative Humidity",
    "avg": 55.3,
    "min": 50,
    "max": 65.4,
    "units": "%"
  }
]
```

- **Details** - add as many 3rd party weather API fields you consider necessary e.g.
  - Location\_id or Key - their identification for a location
  - Name - their location name
  - Url - the url from where to collect data

## Parameter

- **Id** - primary key e.g. 11
- **Name** - string user can modify e.g. "Temperature"
- **Location** - URL link to location e.g. "https://example.com/locations/3"
- **Values** - last available values as list e.g.

```
[  
  {"x": 1599040000, "y": 26.3},  
  {"x": 1599040100, "y": 25.2},  
  {"x": 1599040200, "y": 22.1},  
  {"x": 1599040300, "y": 22.3},  
  {"x": 1599040400, "y": 24.2},  
  ...  
]
```

- **Aggregation** - similar to locations, but only one object for the current parameter.
- **Units of measurements** e.g. "°C"
- **Details** - add as many 3rd party weather API fields you consider necessary e.g.
  - Parameter\_id or Key - their identification for a parameter
  - Name - their parameter name

## Admin

Optionally you can leverage the power of the Django Admin UI system to manage your resources.

## Tips

- First, do a little research about what free public weather API to use.
  - <https://rapidapi.com/blog/access-global-weather-data-with-these-weather-apis/>
- Git related
  - Commit often, usually when you reach a working state of a concept.
  - Commit on develop branch, and only after you finished create a pull request.
- Use Postman or similar to test your REST API, and share the collection with us.
- Take your time and ask relevant questions to clarify requirements.
- Structure your questions to fit within a 30 min session with a senior developer.