*Computer Science and Engineering*

*SOFTWARE ENGINEERING 2*

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***MyTaxiService***

RASD

**R**equirements **A**nalysis and **S**pecification **D**ocument

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***1* Introduction**

* 1. **RASD: definition and main features**

This RASD (Requirements Analysis and Specification Document) is a document where the requirements and specification analysis phase of the development process of the web application “myTaxiService” is described.

The publication is produced in strict compliance with the standard IEEE 830-1998 (Recommended Practice for Software Requirements Specifications).

We write this document in order to help you understand the requirements of the system, explaining both the application domain and the system that will be realized.

This document represents the basis for the project planning and it’s useful to estimate its duration and its cost.

It is also used to carry out test activities, verification and validation and to monitor requirements changes and, consequently, the evolution of the software. Therefore we must not think of it as a static document, but as a document that evolves and improves until it reaches its final form.

***1.2* Requirement Engineering: introduction and definition**

The Requirement Engineering is the process of discovering the degree to which the software meets the purpose for which it was intended, by identifying stakeholders and their needs and by documenting these needs in a form that is available for analysis, communication and implementation. So, in other words, the Requirement Engineering is a process whose goal is to identify and communicate the purpose and the requirements of a software system.

In this document we will follow the Jackson and Zave approach, “The World and The Machine”, in order to carry out our reasoning process and identify goals, domain assumption and requirements of our application.

According to this approach, the system that has to be developed (software-to-be) is the “machine”, while the portion of the real world which is affected by the machine is the “world”.

So, Jackson and Zave distinguish between “world phenomena”, which represent all those phenomena (events) occurring in the world and that the machine cannot observed, and “machine phenomena”, which represent all those phenomena entirely located inside the machine.

However the intersection between this two sets of phenomena is not empty: there are some “shared phenomena”, that the world shares with the machine. The Requirement Engineering must be able to identify the shared phenomena, that represent the interface between the world and the machine, identifying all the features the system should have in order to produce benefits for the external world.

Analyzing this sets of phenomena, we can define the goals of our system, the properties of the application domain and the requirements.

***1.3* Description of the given problem**

We will design the so-called “myTaxiService”, an online application for requesting or reserving a taxi in a large city.

The system has to allow the registration of new users and allow them to request a taxi or reserve one, specifying the origin and the destination of the ride.

The system will answer to the request by informing the passenger about the code of the incoming taxi and the waiting time, while it will answer to a reservation confirming it through a notification.

The system has to guarantee a fair management of taxi queues: it automatically computes the distribution of taxis in the various zone based on the GPS information it receives from each taxi. In this way, when a request arrives from a certain zone, the system has to forward it to the first taxi queuing in that zone. If the taxi confirms, the system will send a notification to the passenger, otherwise the system has to forward the request to the second in the queue. The system will receive the information about the availability through a mobile application used by the taxi drivers to communicate with the system itself.

***1.4* Scope**

The software-to-be will be developed as a web based application that will let the user request of reserve a taxi for a specific ride, with notifications about the availability and the code of the incoming taxi, in addition to the waiting time.

***1.5* Glossary**

In this section we define some words that we will use in the documentation of the project.

**Application**: a software made to implement one or more services/activities.

**Application domain**: set of phenomena and observable properties, typical of the environment in which the software is expected to produce its effects.

**Authentication**: the act of inserting username and password correctly, in order to complete the log in and access the system.

**Code of a taxi**: it’s the identification number of a particular taxi. Every taxi has a different code.

**E-mail notification**: a notification sent as an e-mail to a user.

**Error message**: a notification displayed on the screen used in order to inform the user of an error.

**Goal**: aim/purpose/utility that has to be reached through the software.

**Guest**: an unregistered user, or, more in generally, someone that is visualizing the site but has not done the login yet.

**Notification**: a notification is something, such as a highlighted box in the system or a specific e-mail received, through which notice is given.

**Password**: a string that only the registered user knows and that is necessary for the authentication.

**Personal profile page**: the registered user’s private page, where he can see his notifications, choose whether to request or reserve a taxi and click on specific links in order to visualize his personal information and the list of all his previous reservations.

**Registered user**: an user that is already registered to the system and is allowed to do the log in.

**Request**: the act of call a taxi through the web application. After a request, a taxi will be allocated and will arrived at the required location as soon as possible.

**Requirement**: a requirement express a desire of the costumer concerning the application. Every requirement has to be satisfied in order to reach all the goals.

**Reservation**: the act of book a taxi from a point A to a point B, at the time X.

**Taxi-driver**: the person who drives the taxi and use the application that is installed on board.

**User**: see “Registered user”.

**Username**: a string, chosen by the registered user, to identify himself and that is necessary, together

with his password, for the authentication.

**Web application**: an application accessible through the web using a network (such as an intranet or the Internet).

***1.6* Stakeholders identification**

Our “financial” stakeholder is the professor who assigned us this project.

We have to deliver this project to the professor within the end of January 2016, showing that we have understood the requirements analysis and design phases of the software development process.

The government of city X “virtually” gave us this project in order to simplify the access of passengers to the taxi service and guarantee an efficient management of taxi queues.

The government needs to have a product that works fine and respects all the specification given to us.

We think that our typical users can be:

* occasional users that sometimes can use this application to request a taxi when they need it
* habitual users that need regularly a taxi and that can exploit the registration in order to reserve a taxi for a specific ride

However, in order to guarantee a better management of the application, the registration is required for every user: a guest can only navigate through the homepage or decide to sign up. In order to make a request or a reservation both occasional and habitual users should sign up and create an account.

***1.7* Reference documents**

We wrote this document following the structure and the subdivision into paragraphs of the standard IEEE-STD-830-1993 and arising from old documents of previous projects.

***1.8* Overview**

This document is structured into five main parts:

* *Section 1*: Introduction  
  this section contains an explanation of the document, a description of the problem that will be faced and some other general information about the software.
* *Section 2*: Overall Description  
  this section gives information about the goals and the domain properties of the application, in addition to a brief description of the actual system and the software-to-be.
* *Section 3*: Actor Identification  
  this section gives information about all the actors involved and that will be using our software.
* *Section 4*: Requirements  
  this section all the specific requirements of the software (functional, non-functional, constraints).
* *Section 5*: Scenarios Identification  
  this section contains the description of some of the typical scenarios that can be identified.
* *Section 6*: UML Modeling  
  in this section the main use cases are identified; moreover, in order to better understand all the functionalities of the software, UML diagrams are here provided, modeling all the specific requirements listed before.
* *Section 7*: Alloy Modeling  
  this section contains a simple introduction to the Alloy notation and the alloy modeling of the previous requirements.
* *Section 8*: Used Tools  
  in this section all the tools we have used in order to develop this document are listed.
* *Section 9*: Working Hours  
  this sections contains the result of our effort, quantified in the number of hours we have needed in order to develop this document.

***2* Overall Description**

***2.1* Goals**

For our system it’s possible to identify the following minimum goals:

* [G1]: for every request, a taxi should arrive in the correct zone of the city;
* [G2]: for every reservation, a taxi should arrive in the correct zone at the time established;
* [G3]: all registered users must be able to call a taxi, since the time of registration;
* [G4]: all registered users must be able to book a taxi from point A to point B, at the time X and for a specific data D;
* [G5]: all registered users must be able to receive a notification containing the code and waiting time when they require a taxi;
* [G6]: all registered users must be able to receive a notification including the confirmation of the reservation when they book a taxi;
* [G7]: all unregistered users have to able to register to the application;
* [G8]: all taxi drivers must be able to notify the system with their availability;
* [G9]: all taxi drivers must be able to notify the system saying that he’s busy because he’s taking care of another request.

***2.2* Domain properties**

We suppose that the following conditions hold in the world we analyze:

* for each reservation, the system requires some information: the origin and the destination of the ride, the time and the date for the reservation, the number of passengers and the name of the person who does the reservation;
* for each call, the system requires some information: the location, the number of passengers and the name of the person who does the request;
* when a taxi is mobilized, it will reach the site of the request as quickly as possible;
* when a reservation is done, the system allocated a taxi 10 minutes before the meeting time with the passenger;
* accurate taxi locations are known by the GPS signal of each taxi;
* the city is divided into zones and each zone is associated with a taxi queue.  
  Each taxi is queued in his area according to the position obtained by the GPS;
* when a taxi is busy, it is placed at the bottom of his queue;
* availability of taxis are known thanks to a mobile app owned by each driver;
* every reservation has to be done at least 2 hours before the ride.

***2.3* Assumptions**

There are few points that could result not clear in the speciﬁcation document, so we will have to assume some facts:

* only users who have already registered to the application can exploit the request and reservation functionalities;
* a registered user cannot cancel the immediate request for a taxi;
* a registered user can cancel a reservation up to 30 minutes before the reservation time;
* when the taxi driver accepts a call, he changes his status changes from "available" to "occupied";
* when the taxi driver finishes a race, he changes his status from "occupied" to "available";
* when a taxi is allocated in order to take care of a reservation, he changes his status to "occupied";
* when a request from a certain area is received, the system checks the taxi queue of that area, and sends a request to the first taxi in the list. If the taxi confirm its availability, then the system sends the confirmation to the passenger, otherwise the taxi is moved at the end of the queue;
* the app used by the drivers is installed on board, on a mobile data terminal placed in each taxi;
* each driver has his own taxi, so he’s identified by the code of his taxi;
* there must be always a taxi in every queue;
* if a passenger doesn’t show up at the meeting with the taxi he requested or reserved, he will receive an e-mail notification with a fine that he has to pay within 2 months;
* if a passenger doesn’t pay the taxi after the ride, he will receive an e-mail notification with a fine that he has to pay within 2 months.

***2.4* The system we propose: current context and future system**

MyTaxiService is a completely new software. Currently, there are no applications of this kind, so our project is not an evolution of something already existing, but it’s something new, built on the specific requests of our customer.

Currently, the taxi service of this city can be accessed only by the telephone and the management of the taxi queues in the different zones of the city turns out to be quite complex with the growth of the requests.

We propose a web based platform that allows a registered user to call a taxi or reserve one for a specific race at a particular time. The system will confirm both the requests and the reservations by sending a notification to the passenger; in case of a taxi request, the passenger will also receive the code of the incoming taxi and the expected waiting time.

The system allow you to delete only the reservations and not the immediate requests.

Together with the web application, our system will provide a mobile app for the taxi drivers, so that they can communicate their availability or their tasks to the system, in order to allow a better management of the taxi queues and of all the requests or reservations received.

***3* Actors Identification**

*GUEST* :

he can visit the homepage and register into the system, creating a personal account, in order to become a registered user.

*REGISTERED USER* :

after successful login, he can access to his personal profile, modify his personal information and immediately request or reserve a taxi filling out the dedicated forms.

He can receive notifications about the incoming taxi, visualize his past and current reservations and eventually decide to delete one of the current ones.

*TAXI DRIVER* :

he is already pre-registered into the mobile application installed on his taxi and can use it to answer to specific requests forwarded by the system, communicate his availability and eventual calls he’s taken care of.

**4 Requirements**

According to the model of The World and The Machine presented by Jackson and Zave, assuming that all the domain properties and the assumptions we have defined in the previous chapter hold in the world, we have identified the requirements that satisfy the goals described earlier in the document.

These requirements are the main features characterizing our system:

* **Registration**  
   - the system should provide a “sign up” functionality;  
   - when a new registration is done, the system should create a new profile in the   
   passengers database and allow the new user to log in;  
   - the system should store user information including name, surname, e-mail, mobile   
   phone number, credit card, username and password.
* **Log In**  
   - the system should provide a “log in” functionality to access the application;  
   - the system should grant the access to the application only after a user types a   
   correct username and password;  
   - when the log in is corrected, the system should show the user his personal page;  
   - the system should show an error message whenever the authentication is wrong.
* **Insert, edit, delete personal information**   
   - the system has to allow the user to insert new personal data inside his profile  
   information;  
   - the system has to allow the user to modify existing personal information;  
   - the system has to allow the user to delete existing personal information.
* **Request a taxi**  
   - the system should provide a “request” functionality, allowing a passenger to request   
   a taxi from 6:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m.;  
   - the system has to forward each request to the first taxi situated in the requested   
   zone, in order to check its availability, and then mobilize the first available taxi in   
   the queue of that zone;  
   - the system should move a taxi to the bottom of the queue if not available for one of   
   the current requests;
* **Reserve a taxi**  
   - the system should provide a “reserve” functionality in order to allow a passenger to   
   reserve a taxi for a specific ride;  
   - when a reservation is received at least two hours before the ride, the system   
   confirms it to the passenger;  
   - when a reservation is not done at least 2 hours in advanced, the system should show   
   an error message;  
   - the system should allocate for every reservation one of the available taxis 10 minutes   
   before the established meeting time;  
   - the system should provide a function that allows a user to visualize the list of   
   reservations he has done.
* **Drivers communication**  
   - the system shall be able to receive communication and information about   
   availability from each taxi driver;  
   - the system should store all the information about each taxi’s availability;  
   - when a request from the system is received, a taxi driver should communicate its   
   availability to the system itself;  
   - when a taxi drivers decides to take care of certain calls, he should inform the   
   system.
* **Localization**  
   - the system has to be able to accurately localize the distribution of the taxis in each   
   zone using a GPS locator.
* **Notifications**  
   - the system has to notify a user, confirming his request, when a taxi is available  
   - after confirming a request, the system shall communicate to the passenger the   
   code of the incoming taxi and the estimated waiting time;  
   - the system shall confirm a successful reservation sending a notification to the   
   passenger.
* **Payments**  
   - the system should check the payments of all the passengers every;  
   - the system should send an e-mail notification to inform all those users who doesn’t pay the   
   taxi requested or reserved, or who doesn’t show up, that the payment has not been   
   accomplished: they will have to pay a fine within 2 months.  
   - the system should send an e-mail to all those users who has already paid, confirming the   
   payments.
* **Other services development**  
   - the software has to be developed in a way that can allow future extensions: the   
   system should offer an API interface that allow future developers to extend the   
   application’s functionalities, implementing new services.

***4.1* Functional requirements**

After defining in the previous paragraph the main features of MyTaxiService, we can now identify some functional requirements for each actor involved:

* Guest: he can
* sign up
* Registered user: he can
* log in
* modify his profile information
* request a taxi filling out the related form
* reserve a taxi filling out the related form
* receive a taxi request confirmation
* receive information about the code of the incoming taxi and the waiting time
* receive a notification confirming a reservation
* visualize all his previous and current reservations
* Taxi driver: he can
* send information about his availability
* send information about the calls he takes care of
* receive information about the requests and the reservations he has to satisfy

***4.2* Non-functional requirements**

The non-functional requirements describe all those aspects of the system not directly related to its behavior and its functionalities.

***4.2.1 User interface***

The interface of our passengers application is thought to be used via web, while the interface for the taxi drivers is offered through a mobile application installed on board on a data terminal.

We want the web application to be a minimal and user friendly interface, so that every passenger can be able to use it: buttons to come back to the homepage or to the personal profile page and to logout are always visible.

Here are now presented some mockups that represent our idea of the structure of the most important application pages.

***Homepage***

The mockup below shows the homepage of MyTaxiService: here users can decide to log in, if they’re already registered, or sign up, in order to create a new account.



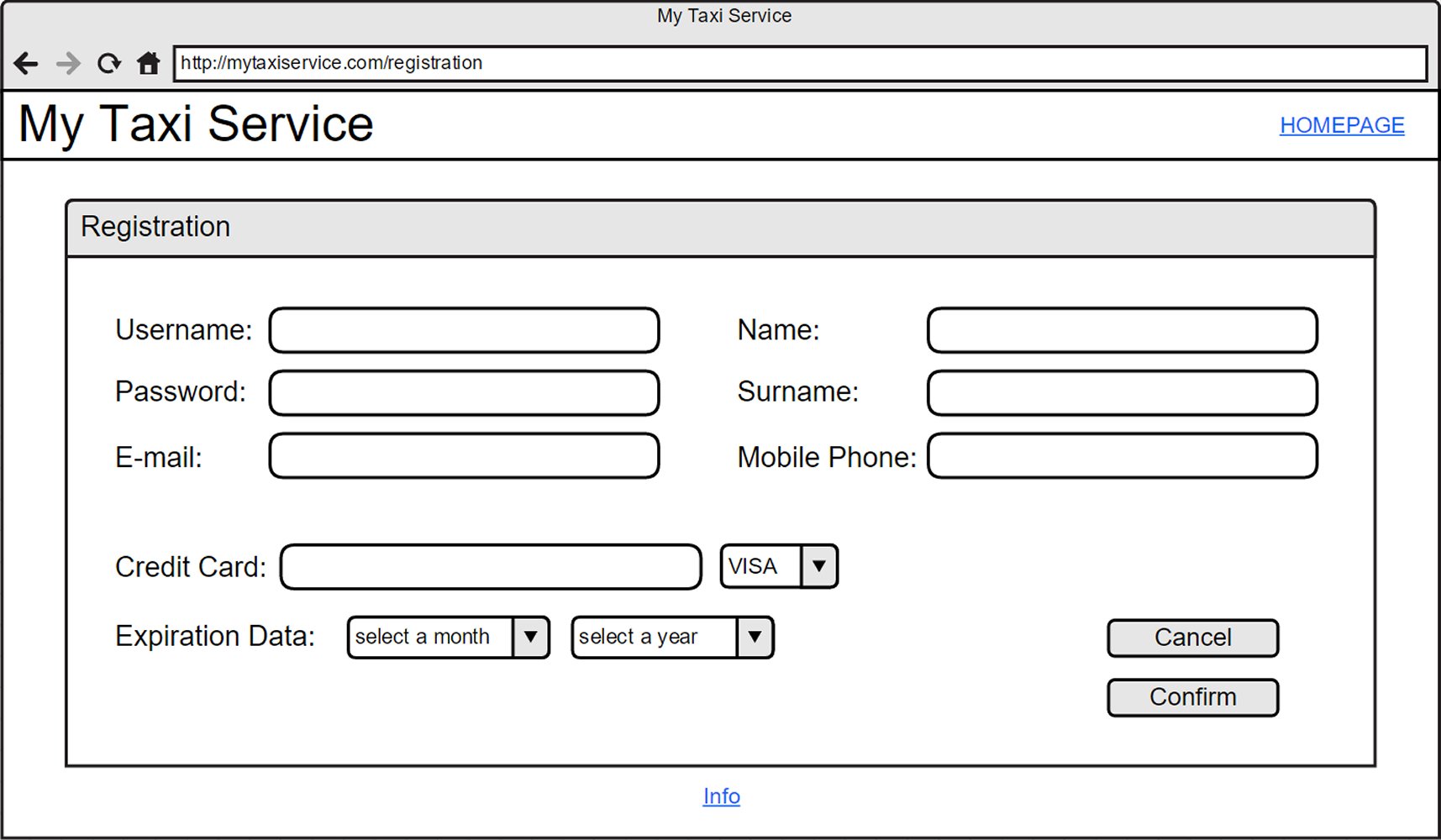
***Log In***

The mockup below shows the log in page: here users can access the system filling out the form with their credentials.



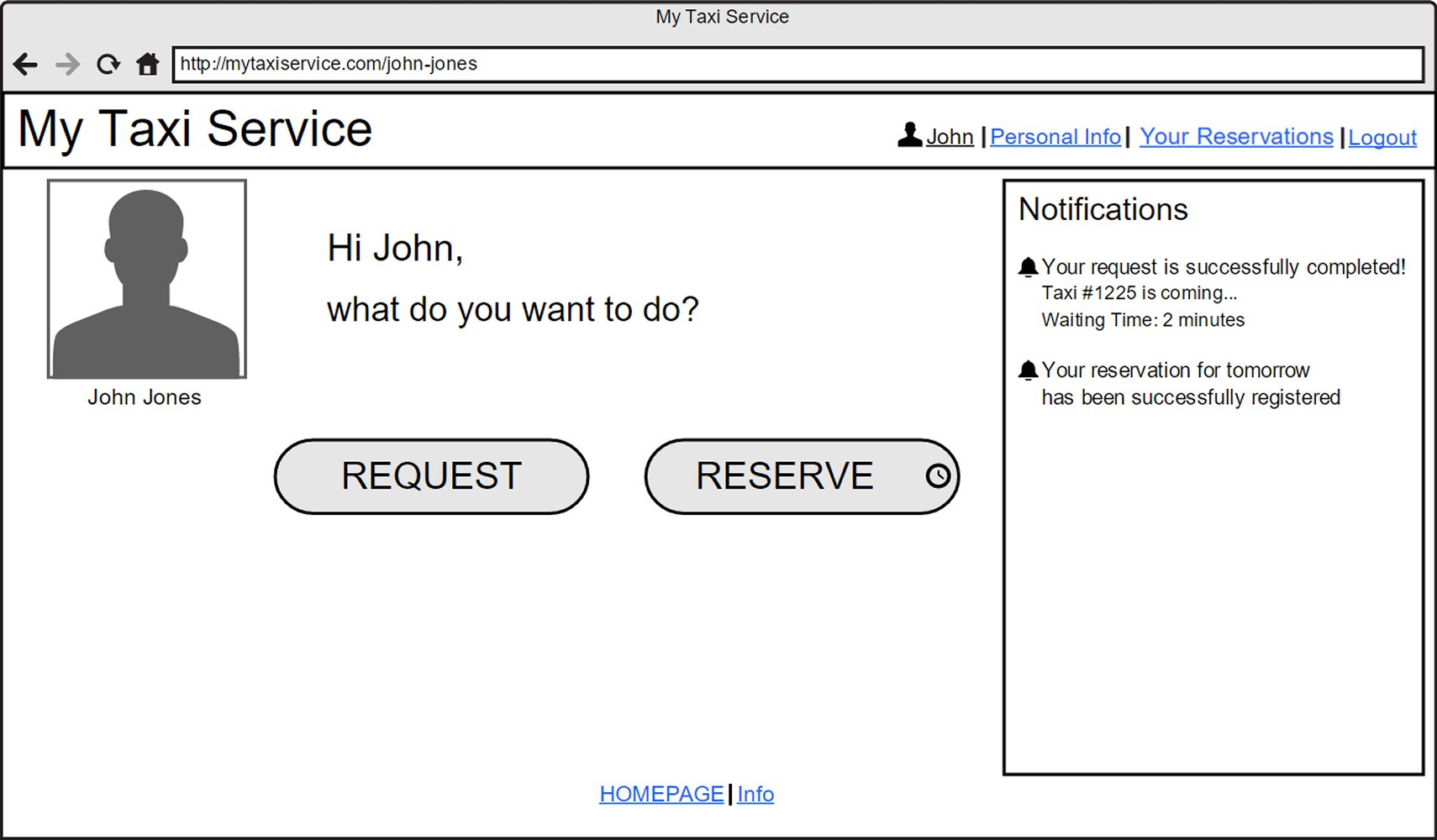
***Registration***

The mockup below shows the registration form page: a guest has to fill out the form in order to become a registered user and create his personal account.



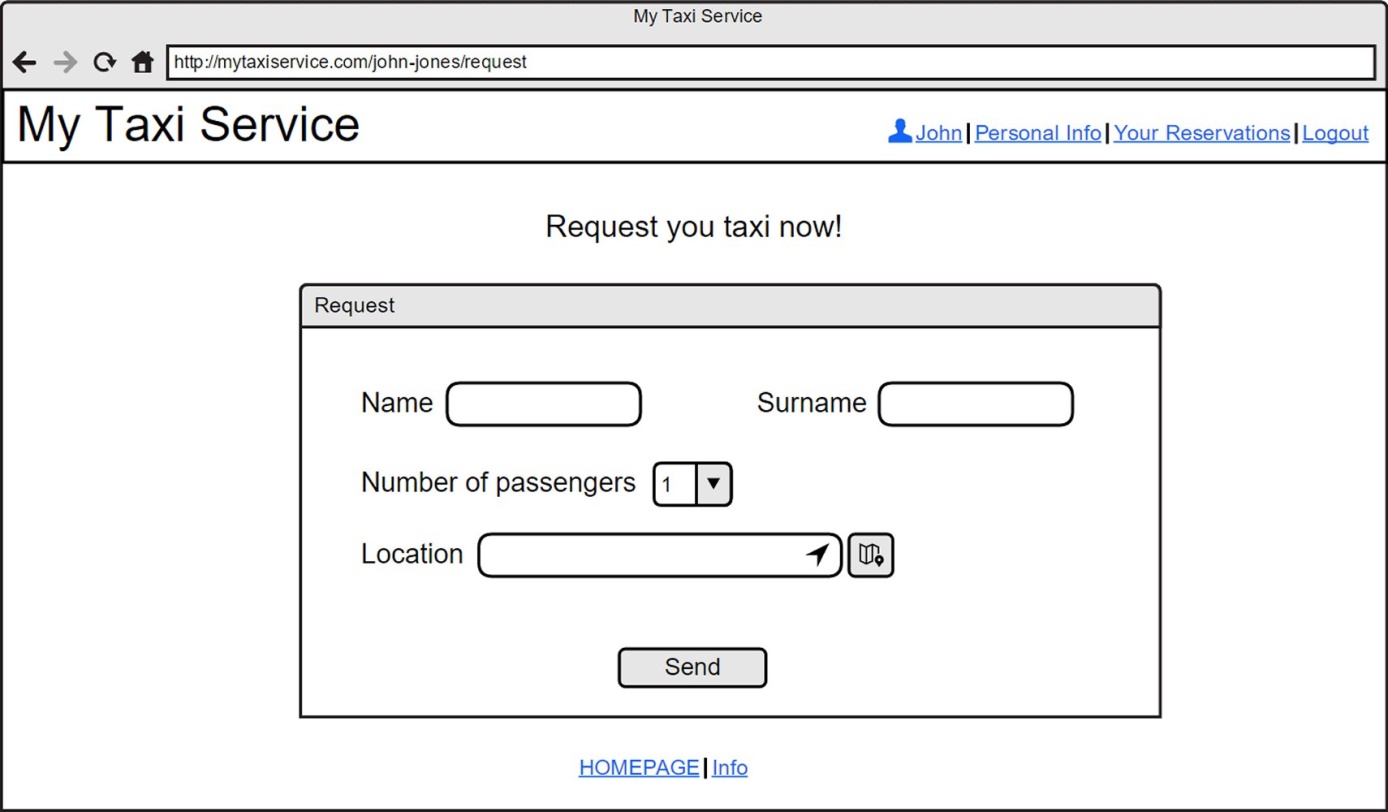
***Personal Profile Page***

The mockup below shows the profile page of a registered user: here he can decide to request or reserve a taxi and see the notifications send to him by the system.  
Eventually he can also skip to the list of his reservations or to his personal information page, clicking on the specific button.



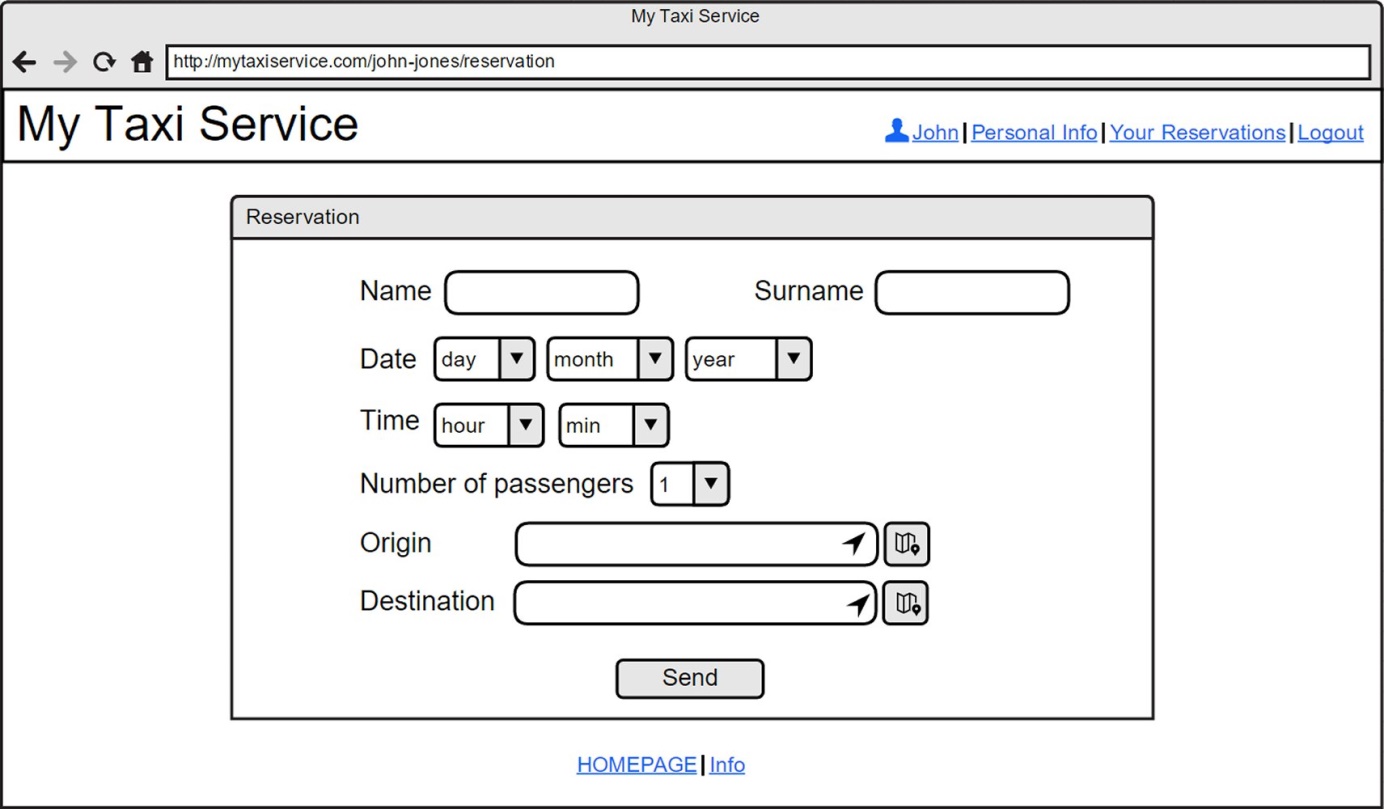
***Taxi Request***

The mockup below shows the request form page: the user can fill the form in order to send an immediate request for a taxi.



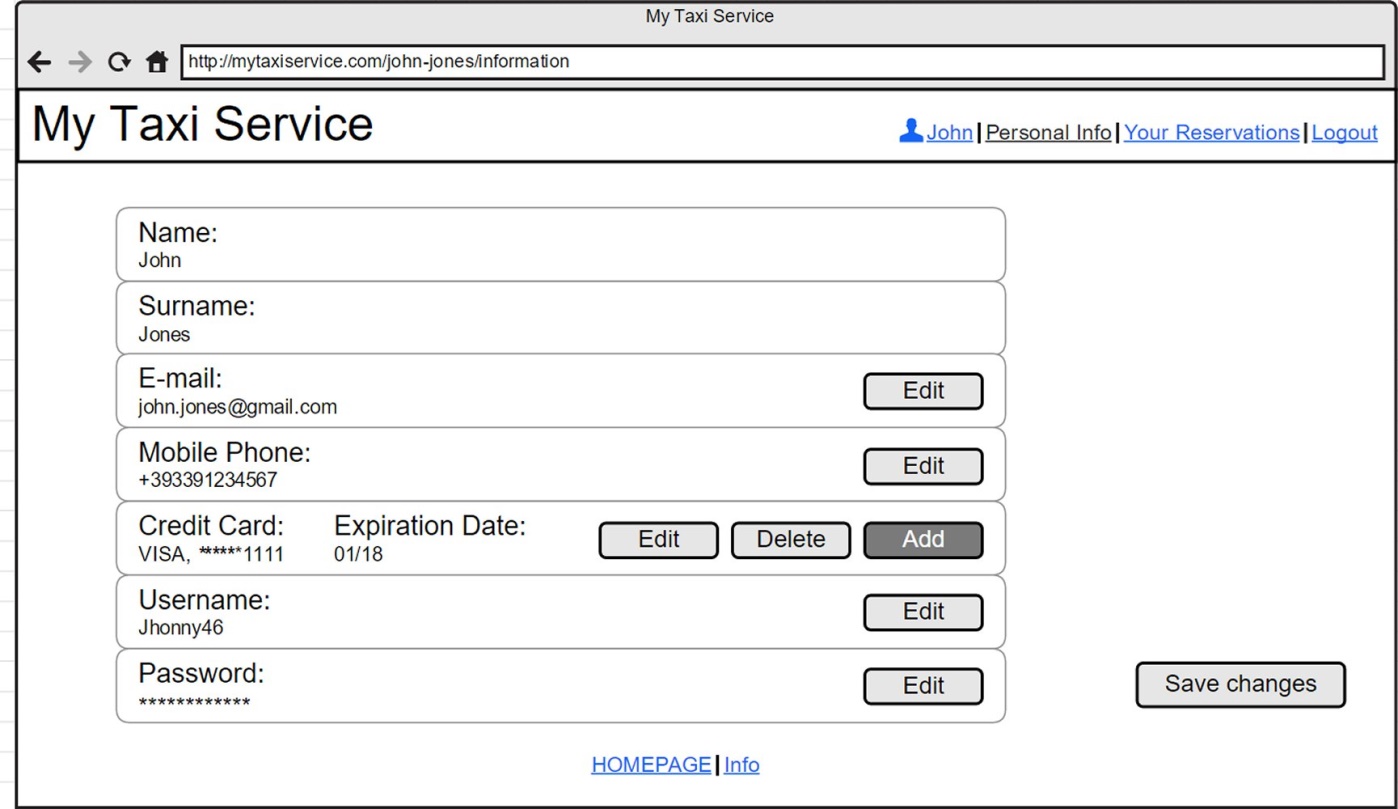
***Taxi Reservation***

The mockup below shows the reservation form page: the user can fill the form in order to reserve a taxi for a specific ride.



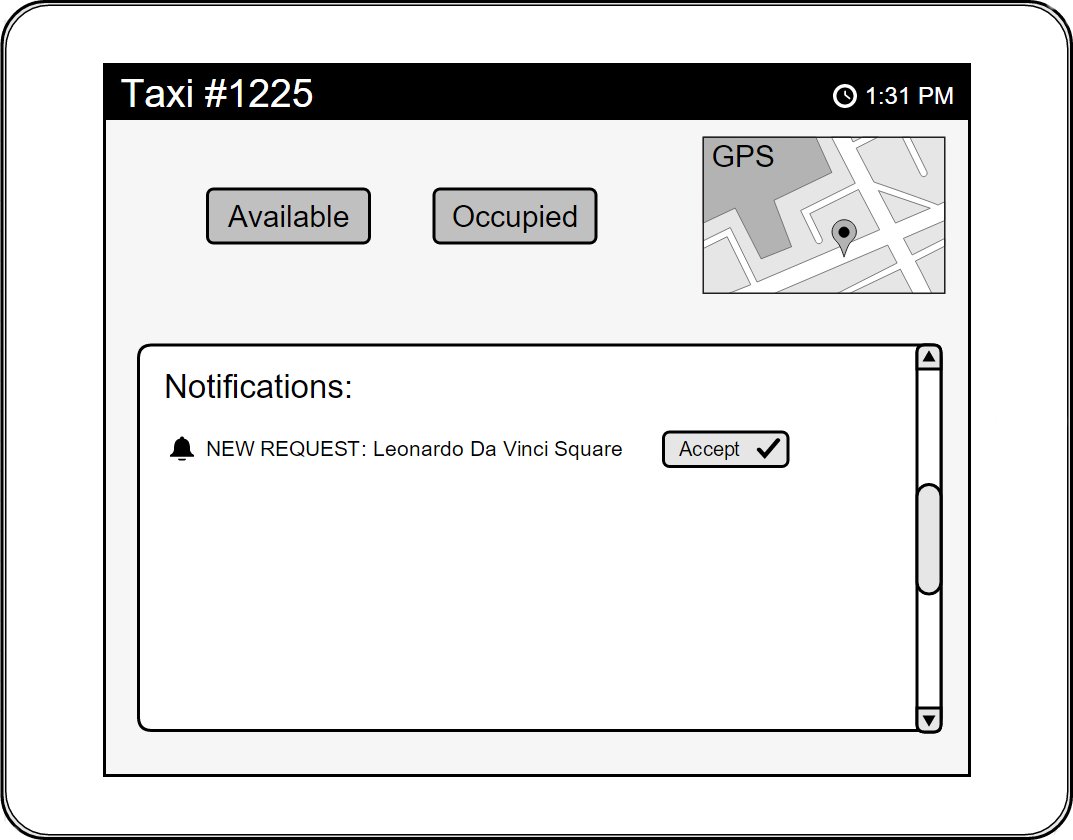
***Personal Information***

The mockup below shows the profile information of a specific user: the user can simply visualize his information, or, eventually, decide to modify it.



***Taxi Driver App Interface***

The mockup below shows the interface of each taxi application installed on board: the taxi driver can communicate his availability through the dedicated buttons, read the notifications received by the system and accept a specific request.



***4.2.2 Documentation***

We decide to produce and release the following documents in order to better explain our project and all the development phases:

* *RASD* (*Requirements Analysis and Specification Document*), in order to understand better and explain efficiently our project, defining all the goals, domain properties and assumptions, describing all the main features of the systems and modeling all the requirements and specifications through specific notations.
* *DD* (*Design Document*), in order to define the real structure, the architecture and eventual design constraints of our application.
* *Function Points Document*, in order to assess the effort and the cost required for the development of our own application

***4.2.3 Quality of Service attributes***

* ***Usability***: the web application is addressed to different varieties of people, with different ages and different skills and level of knowledge concerning informatics.  
  The web application has to be user-friendly, minimal and quite intuitive, in order to be used without particular problems by every kind of user. In order to achieve this goal, not too much functionalities have to be developed and the user interface should be simple and intuitive.
* ***Performance***: the application has to be able to manage a high number of users connected at the same time and more than one request or reservation done simultaneously.  
  The response time (confirmation and communication about the details of the incoming taxi) to a specific request has to be reasonable, within at most 3 minutes since the request.
* ***Accessibility***: the application is always on; however, request and reservation services should be available every day, only from 6:00 am to 9:00 pm;
* ***Reliability***: the system should be reliable and it has to be able not to lose passengers data contained in the database, even in case of breakdowns or damages. The system should do a daily backup of all the available data in order to grant reliability.
* ***Security***: every user can access only to the functionalities he is allowed to. For this reason an authentication mechanism exploiting access credentials is needed.

***4.2.4 Architecture***

According to the requirements specified below, as for the architecture, the system will need one or more dedicated servers and a database to store all the user’s information.

Eventually, another persistent and stable memory system will be added in order to allow the backup of all the data and increase the system’s reliability.

An internet connection is required to access the application.

***4.3* Pseudo-requirements (constraints)**

The so-called “Pseudo-requirements” simply represents constraints on the system imposed by the client or the environment in which the system operates.

MyTaxiService doesn’t have particular constraints concerning interfaces or specific operations for the management of the system.

However it is subjected to constraints concerning the delivery and the tools needed in order to use the software.

As for the tools, it’s necessary for the user to have an internet connection and to use a web browser that allows the navigation. Also the taxi drivers has to have installed on board a mobile data terminal which allows the installation of the mobile app they should use to communicate with the system.

As for the delivery, the project and all the related documents have to be completed within a fixed period of time.

Here are the deadlines we have to respect:

* October 14th, 2015: *Group Registration*
* November 6th, 2012: *Requirements Analysis and Specification Document (RASD)*
* December 4th, 2015: *Design Document*
* January 30th, 2016: *Function Points*

**5 Scenarios Identification**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | Request of a taxi |
| *Participating Actor* | Registered User: Claire |
| *Flow of Events* | Claire needs a taxi to arrive on time to a meeting on the other side of the city, at Bond Street 11. So, she decides to use the web application “myTaxiService”, which she has already registered to some months ago.  She accesses the site and clicks on the button “Log In”. She compiles the form with her username and her password and she clicks “Confirm”.  After the authentication is completed, she is redirected on her personal profile page, where she can decide to visualize her personal information or the list of all her previous reservations clicking on the appropriated links at the top of the page.  Now she clicks on the button “REQUEST” in order to complete her request: she is redirect on a page where the request form is shown. She inserts her name, surname and the other information needed for the request: the number of passengers and her actual position (location). She clicks on “Send” and she waits. After one minute she receives both an e-mail notification and a notification on her personal page with the code of the incoming taxi and the waiting time (5 minutes).  After five minutes the taxi arrives and she can reach her meeting on time.  At the end of the ride she pays using the credit card added to her profile: after a minute she receives an e-mail confirming her payment. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | Reservation of a taxi |
| *Participating Actor* | Registered User: Lucy |
| *Flow of Events* | Lucy discovers that she has to take a plane on November 12th at 11:00 a.m., but nobody can drive her to the airport.  She decides to reserve a taxi that could take her to the airport on time: she accesses the site “myTaxiService”, where she has already registered some days before, but she has never reserved or requested a taxi yet.  In the homepage she clicks on the button “Log In” and she fills out the form writing her username and her password, then she clicks on “Confirm”. The authentication is correct so she is redirected to her personal profile page.  She clicks on the button “RESERVE” and fills out the reservation form displayed: she inserts her name (Lucy), surname (Smith), the date (November 12th, 2015), the time of the reservation (8:00 A.M.), the number of passengers (1), the origin (Bond Street,13) and the destination (Airport, St. James Street) of the ride. At the end she clicks on “Confirm”.  After 2 minutes she receives both an e-mail notification and a notification on her personal page confirming her reservation.  Now she wants to see the list of her reservations, so she clicks on “Your Reservations” at the top of the page: she has only one reservation in the list, the one that she has just done, because this is the first time she reserves a taxi since she has registered to the application. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | Reservation of a taxi out of time |
| *Partecipating Actor* | Registered User: John |
| *Flow of Events* | John wants to reserve a taxi in order to be sure to arrive on time at the conference that will start in an hour and a half in Old Street 5.  He accesses the web page “myTaxiService” and he clicks on the button “Log In”. He authenticates himself and at this point he is redirected to his personal page.  He clicks on “RESERVE” and then fills out the reservation form that is shown, writing the information needed: name, surname, the date, the time of the reservation, the number of passengers, the origin and the destination of the ride. Then he clicks on “Confirm”.  But in this moment an error message appears. In fact, John forgot that the reservation has to be done at least two hours before the reservation time. So, he comes back to his personal page and decides to call a taxi.  He clicks on “REQUEST” and he inserts the information needed for the request: name, surname, number of passengers and his location. At the end he click on “Send”. After two minutes he receives both an e-mail notification and a notification on her personal page with the code of the incoming taxi and the waiting time (8 minutes). |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | Registration |
| *Partecipating Actor* | Guest: Alice |
| *Flow of Events* | Alice has heard about a new service: “myTaxiService”. So, she decides to sign up, because she thinks that this service can be useful for her and that she will use probably use it the next week. She accesses to the site and she clicks on the “Sign Up NOW!” button. She fills out the form with the information needed for the registration (name, surname, e-mail, mobile phone number, username and password) and she clicks on “Confirm”. However she forgot to insert the number of her credit card, so an error message is displayed and Alice is brought back to the page where the registration form is shown. Alice insert all the data again and then she click on “Confirm”. The system confirms her registration and redirects Alice on her personal profile page.  Now she wants to see the list of her reservations, so she clicks on “Your Reservations” at the top of the page: the list is obviously empty because she has just registered to the system. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | Taxi driver notifications |
| *Partecipating Actor* | Taxi driver: Bob |
| *Flow of Events* | Bob is starting his daily work, so he gets in his taxi.  He wants to communicate that he is available through the application installed on board. So, he clicks on the button “Available” and he waits for the first requests. After ten minutes he receives a notification: a taxi is requested in Savile Road 43, not far from his position. Bob clicks on “Accept”, to communicate to the system that he’s going to take care of the incoming request, and then changes his status on “Occupied”, clicking on the appropriate button. He arrives at the place of the meeting and he drives the passenger to his destination in Rotten Road.  Now that he has finished his race, he’s ready to accept other requests, so he clicks on the “Available” button to communicate it to the system. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | Modifying personal information: mobile phone number |
| *Partecipating Actor* | Registered user: Mary |
| *Flow of Events* | Mary changed her telephone number two days ago, so she wants to update it in her profile on “myTaxiService”. She accesses the homepage and she clicks on “Log In”. She authenticates correctly and she is redirected to her personal profile page. She clicks on “Personal Info” on the top of the page and she is redirected to the page where she can visualize her personal information. She click on the “Edit” button corresponding to the mobile phone number and she modify the existing number, inserting the new one. The she clicks on “Save changes” in order to store the update. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | Not allowed reservation |
| *Partecipating Actor* | Registered user: Luke |
| *Flow of Events* | Luke wants to reserve a taxi to join his friends tonight, Saturday, October 31st, in a new pub in Ludgate Hill. He decides to reserve it with the application “myTaxiService”, but he forgot that the service isn’t available during the night.  He accesses the site and clicks on “Log In”. He inserts username and password and he is redirected on his personal profile page.  He clicks on “RESERVE” and fills out the form with the information needed for the reservation: name (Luke), surname (Dames), date (October 31st, 2015), time (10:30 p.m.), number of passengers (1), the origin (St. Jones Square) and the destination (Ludgate Hill) of the ride. Then he clicks on “Send”. However an error message is displayed, because the reservation service is available only until 9:00 p.m.  Luke decides to use underground. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | Cancellation of a reservation |
| *Partecipating Actor* | Registered user: Lucy |
| *Flow of Events* | A week before, the conference of November 12th is cancelled.  So Lucy has to delete the taxi reservation she has made the previous month. She accesses the site and clicks on “Log In”. She inserts her credentials and then she confirms. Her personal profile page is shown: she clicks on “Your Reservation” to visualize the list of all her reservations.  She clicks on the “Delete” button corresponding to the reservation she wants to cancel. The system displays a message to ask her to confirm is operation: Lucy clicks on “Yes”.  So, a message that informs Lucy that her reservation has been successfully deleted is displayed. Lucy has now canceled her reservation and is redirected to her reservations list page.  After a minute she receive both an e-mail notification and a notification in the box on her personal page, confirming the cancellation of the November 12th reservation. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | Cancellation of a reservation out of time |
| *Partecipating Actor* | Registered user: Alice |
| *Flow of Events* | Some days ago, Alice reserved a taxi using the application “myTaxiService” for today at 2:00 p.m. to go to work.  At 1:45 p.m. Alice decides that she doesn’t want that taxi anymore, because she wants to lose weight and she chooses to go on foot. So, she accesses the site and she clicks on “Log In”. She authenticates and she is redirected personal profile page. She clicks on “Your Reservations” to visualize her reservations; then she clicks on the button “Delete” corresponding to the reservation she wants to cancel. However an error message is displayed, because she can’t delete a reservation less than 30 minutes before the reservation time. Alice will take the taxi. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | Password recovery |
| *Partecipating Actor* | Registered user: Claire |
| *Flow of Events* | Claire wants to check her taxi reservation for tomorrow, but she is a bit careless and she forgot her password. She accesses the site and she clicks on “Log In”. She tries two different passwords but both the times an error message appears. So, she clicks on “I forgot my password” and then a window appears. She clicks on “Send a new password” and the system sends her a new password by e-mail. After two minutes she receives the mail with the new password. She tries the log in again: she inserts her username and the new password received and confirms: now she is correctly authenticated. |

**6 UML Modeling**

***6.1* Use Cases: identification and description**

In this paragraph we are going to identify and describe the most important use cases of our project.

So, based on the scenarios defined in the previous chapter, we can derive some significant use cases:

* Sign up
* Log in
* Recover the password
* Request a taxi
* Reserve a taxi
* Update personal information
* Visualize the reservations
* Delete a reservation
* Receive a request confirmation notification
* Receive a reservation confirmation notification
* Send notifications about taxi’s availability
* Send notifications about accepted requests
* Receive a notification of the location of a request or reservation

***6.1.1 Sign up***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Sign up* |
| *Actors* | Guests |
| *Entry conditions* | None. |
| *Flow of events* | * The guest enters the website. * The guest clicks on the “Sign Up NOW!” button. * The guest fills out the registration form, writing all the requested information, all mandatory: - Username and password for his account - E-mail - Name - Surname - Mobile phone number - Credit card number and type - Credit card expiration date (month and year) * The guest clicks of the “Confirm” button. * The system stores the new data in the passengers database * The system displays a confirmation message, informing the new user that his registration has been successfully completed. * The system show the new user his personal profile. |
| *Exit conditions* | The registration is successfully completed and the new user enters his personal area. |
| *Exceptions* | * The guest is already a registered user. If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: you’re already registered” and the application goes back to the homepage. * The username the guest inserts is already existing. If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: username already chosen” and the application goes back to the page where the registration form is shown. * The guest doesn’t fill all the mandatory fields in the registration form. If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: all the mandatory fields has to be filled” and the application goes back to the page where the registration form is shown. |

***6.1.2 Log in***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Log in* |
| *Actors* | Registered users |
| *Entry conditions* | The user is registered to the system. |
| *Flow of events* | * The user enters the website. * The user clicks on the “Log In” button. * The user fills out the login form with his username and password. * The user clicks of the “Confirm” button. * The system show the user his personal profile. |
| *Exit conditions* | The user has accessed to his personal area. |
| *Exceptions* | * The credentials inserted by the user are incorrect. If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: wrong credentials” on the screen and the application goes back to the login page. |

***6.1.3 Recover the password***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Recover the password* |
| *Actors* | Registered users |
| *Entry conditions* | The user is on the log in page. |
| *Flow of events* | * The user clicks on “I forgot my password” and he’s redirected to a new page for the recovery. * The user clicks on “Send a new password”. * The user is back on the log in page. * The user receives an e-mail with the new password. |
| *Exit conditions* | The user is back on the log in page and has a new incoming e-mail. |
| *Exceptions* | No exceptions. |

***6.1.4 Request a taxi***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Request a taxi* |
| *Actors* | Registered users |
| *Entry conditions* | The user is already logged into the application and he’s on his profile page. |
| *Flow of events* | * The user clicks the “REQUEST” button in his personal profile page. * The user fills out the request form with the information required: - Name - Surname - Number of passengers - Location. * The user clicks on the “Send” button in order to complete his request. * The system bring the user back to his personal profile page. |
| *Exit conditions* | The user is back on his profile page. |
| *Exceptions* | * The guest doesn’t fill all the mandatory fields in the request form. If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: all the mandatory fields has to be filled” and the application goes back to the page where the request form is shown. * The request happens when the service in not available (after 9:00 p.m. or before 6:00 a.m). If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: you’re out of time! The system is not available” and the application goes back to the profile page. |

***6.1.5 Reserve a taxi***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Reserve a taxi* |
| *Actors* | Registered users |
| *Entry conditions* | The user is already logged into the application and he’s on his profile page. |
| *Flow of events* | * The user clicks the “RESERVE” button in his personal profile page. * The user fills out the reservation form with the information required: - Name - Surname - Date of the reservation - Time of the reservation - Number of passengers - Location: origin and destination of the ride * The user clicks on the “Send” button in order to complete his reservation. * The system bring the user back to his personal profile page |
| *Exit conditions* | The user is back on his profile page. |
| *Exceptions* | * The guest doesn’t fill all the mandatory fields in the reservation form. If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: all the mandatory fields has to be filled” and the application goes back to the page where the reservation form is shown. * The reservation isn’t done at least two hours in advanced. If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: the reservation cannot be forwarded! A reservation must be done at least two hours in advance” and the application goes back to the profile page. * The reservation happens when the service in not available (after 9:00 p.m. or before 6:00 a.m.). If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: you’re out of time! The system is not available” and the application goes back to the profile page. |

***6.1.6 Update personal information***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Update information* |
| *Actors* | Registered users |
| *Entry conditions* | The user is already logged into the application and he’s on his profile page. |
| *Flow of events* | * The user clicks the “Personal Info” link in his personal profile page. * The user visualizes his personal information. * The user clicks on the “Edit” (or “Add” or “Delete”) button corresponding to the information he wants to update. * The user modifies the data in the specific input forms. * The user click on the “Save changes” button in order to confirm the updates. * The system bring the user back to his personal profile page. |
| *Exit conditions* | The user is back on his profile page. |
| *Exceptions* | * The user insert a new e-mail, a new username or a new password which are not valid. If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: not valid information” and the application goes back to the page where the personal information is shown. * The user delete all the credit cards inserted. If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: you must insert at least a credit card” and the application goes back to the page where the personal information is shown. |

***6.1.7 Visualize the reservations***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Visualize reservations* |
| *Actors* | Registered users |
| *Entry conditions* | The user is already logged into the application and he’s on his profile page. |
| *Flow of events* | * The user clicks the “Your Reservations” link in his personal profile page. * The user visualizes his reservations. |
| *Exit conditions* | The user is on his reservations list page. |
| *Exceptions* | No exceptions. |

***6.1.8 Delete a reservation***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Delete a reservation* |
| *Actors* | Registered users |
| *Entry conditions* | The user is already logged into the application and he’s visualizing the list of his reservations. |
| *Flow of events* | * To every reservation correspond a button that allows the user to cancel it, so the user clicks the “Delete” button corresponding to the reservation he wants to cancel. * The system displays a message to ask the user to confirm is operation * The user clicks on “Yes”. * The system displays a confirmation message, informing the new user that his reservation has been successfully deleted. * The system bring the user back to his reservations list page. * The user receives both an e-mail notification and a notification in the box on his personal page, confirming the cancellation. |
| *Exit conditions* | The user is on his reservations list page. |
| *Exceptions* | * The user decide to cancel a reservation when the time is over (less than 30 minutes before the reservation). If this exception occurs, the system displays the error message “ERROR: you’re out of time. This reservation cannot be deleted” and the application goes back to the page where all the user’s reservations are shown. * The user clicks “No” when the system asks to confirm the delete operation. If this exception occurs, the application goes back to the page where all the user’s reservations are shown. |

***6.1.9 Receive a request confirmation notification***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Receive a request confirmation notification* |
| *Actors* | Registered users |
| *Entry conditions* | The user is already logged into the application and he has just requested a taxi. |
| *Flow of events* | * The system sends an e-mail and shows a notification in the user’s notifications box, confirming the request and communicating the information (code and waiting time) of the incoming taxi. |
| *Exit conditions* | The user has a new incoming e-mail and a new notification in his notifications box. |
| *Exceptions* | No exceptions. |

***6.1.10 Receive a reservation confirmation notification***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Receive a reservation confirmation notification* |
| *Actors* | Registered users |
| *Entry conditions* | The user is already logged into the application and he has just successfully completed a reservation. |
| *Flow of events* | * The system sends an e-mail and shows a notification in the user’s notifications box, confirming the reservation. |
| *Exit conditions* | The user has a new incoming e-mail and a new notification in his notifications box. |
| *Exceptions* | No exceptions. |

***6.1.11 Send notifications about taxi’s availability***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Send an availability notification* |
| *Actors* | Taxi drivers |
| *Entry conditions* | The taxi application is on (the taxi is automatically logged into the system). |
| *Flow of events* | * The taxi drivers clicks on the “Available” or on the “Occupied” button to communicate to the system whether he’s available to accept a request or not. |
| *Exit conditions* | The taxi status is now “available” or “occupied”. |
| *Exceptions* | No exceptions. |

***6.1.12 Receive a notification of a request or a reservation***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Receive a request or reservation notification* |
| *Actors* | Taxi drivers |
| *Entry conditions* | The taxi application is on (the taxi is automatically logged into the system). |
| *Flow of events* | * The system shows a notification in the notifications box of a specific taxi communicating an incoming request or reservation, specifying the corresponding location. |
| *Exit conditions* | The taxi driver has a new notification in his notifications box. |
| *Exceptions* | No exceptions. |

***6.1.13 Send notifications about accepted request***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Name* | *Send a notification for an accepted request* |
| *Actors* | Taxi drivers |
| *Entry conditions* | The taxi application is on (the taxi is automatically logged into the system) and the driver has just received a new request or reservation. |
| *Flow of events* | * The taxi drivers clicks on the “Accept” button next to the notification of the request that he’s going to take care of. * The taxi driver clicks on “Occupied”. |
| *Exit conditions* | The taxi status is now “occupied”. |
| *Exceptions* | * The taxi driver doesn’t accept the new request or the new reservation within a minute. If this exception occurs, the system marks the taxi as “Occupied” and delete the request notification, forwarding it to the next one. |

