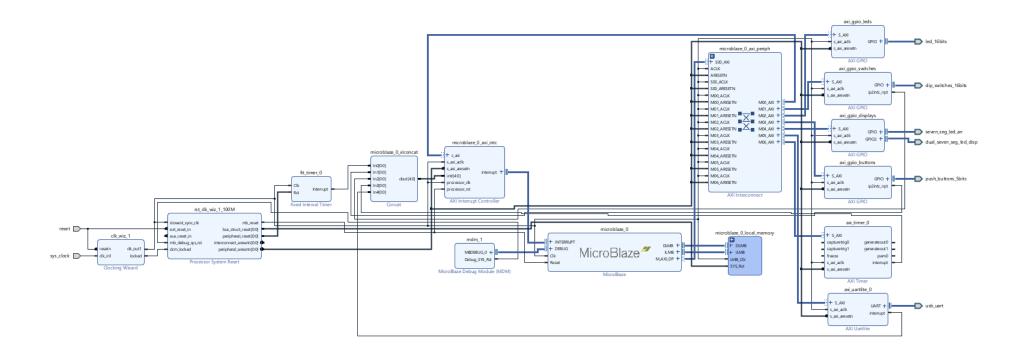
Interrupts

LECTURE 8

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Block Design (BD)



AXI Interrupt Controller

AXI Interrupt Controller (INTC) core receives multiple interrupt inputs from peripheral devices and merges them into an interrupt output to the system processor.

The registers used for storing interrupt vector addresses, checking, enabling and acknowledging interrupts are accessed through the AXI4-Lite interface.

Supports up to 32 interrupts.

Priority between interrupt requests is determined by vector position. The least significant bit (LSB, in this case bit 0) has the highest priority.

Interrupt Enable Register for selectively enabling individual interrupt inputs.

Master Enable Register for enabling interrupts request output.

Each input is configurable for edge or level sensitivity.

AXI Interrupt Controller

Registers Block:

- This block contains control and status registers.
- They are accessed through the AXI4lite slave interface.

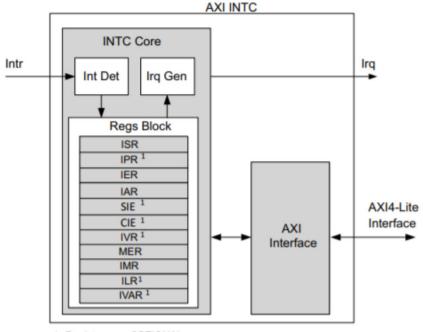
Interrupt Detection:

- This block detects the interrupts input.
- It can be configured for either level or edge detection for each interrupt input.

Interrupt Generation:

- Generates the final output interrupt from the interrupt controller core.
- Checks for enable conditions in control registers (MER and IER) for interrupt generation.
- Resets the interrupt after acknowledge.

0



1. Registers are OPTIONAL



INTC Registers

Interrupt Status Register (ISR)

• indicates the presence or absence of an active interrupt signal.

Interrupt Enable Register (IER)

- Writing a 1 to a bit in this register enables, or unmasks, the corresponding ISR bit, allowing it to affect the irg output.
- When an interrupt is disabled, the interrupt event occurs but is not passed to the processor.

Master Enable Register (MER)

enables the Irq output signal or mask all interrupt inputs.

Interrupt Acknowledge Register (IAR)

- write-only register that clears the interrupt request associated with selected interrupts.
- In fast interrupt mode, bits in the IAR are automatically cleared by using the information from the processor ack port

Using Interrupts in Software

- 1. Connect a callback handler that will be called by the ISR for each of the possible interrupt sources.
- 2. Enable interrupt requests for all the involved interrupt sources.
- 3. Each bit in the IER corresponding to an interrupt must be set to 1. This allows the AXI INTC core to begin accepting interrupt input signals. INTO has the highest priority, and it corresponds to the least significant bit (LSB) in the IER.
- 4. The MER must be programmed based on the intended use of the AXI INTC core. There are two bits in the MER: the Hardware Interrupt Enable (HIE) and the Master IRQ Enable (ME). The ME bit must be set to enable the interrupt request output.
- 5. Connect the handler for the interrupt controller to the interrupt source for the processor.

Final Remarks

At the end of this lecture you should be able to:

write C programs that use hardware interrupts