E-COMMERCE

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Slot: D2

Database Management Systems

CSE2004



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Sign:

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BUSINESS RULES

	4
	Assumptions
	1) The personal Into, will belong to someone. (2) Each supplier/customer may have personal Into.
	3 All the customers will have billing Info. B Each order has billing info.
	B There can be any number of shippers for any number of orders (B) All the orders will correspond to some order
	all shipperswill correspond to some order (1) Each order has order details.
	(8) We can have any number of suppliers who can supply arbitrary number and variations
7	of products.
	of products.
	(1) However, each product will be supplied by a shipper, no product can be there which
	O However, each product will be supplied by a shipper, no product can be there which isn't supplied by certified shipper Uniqueness O There will be a unique billing ID for each billing into.
	O However, each product will be supplied by a shipper, no product can be there which isn't supplied by certified shipper Uniqueness O There will be a viigue billing ID for each

DESCRIPTION

- 11	classnate		
	DESCRIBLION Date		
	Database is just a system to organise data		
	Say we have a set of data, porhaps some order		
	transactions, and the detectorse those transactions base		
	on settling we define		
	In the context of E-commerce applications, dat		
	falls in two categories:		
	O Site Content:		
	what is visible to user while browsin		
	the econnerce store front.		
- 1	(D) Transactional data:		
	Rosul of users taking action on apa		
	The ecommerce can answer queries regarding:		
	costomer orders, product listings, product prices,		
	dolivery information		
	3		
	k		
	4.3		
(4/			

ER- DIAGRAM

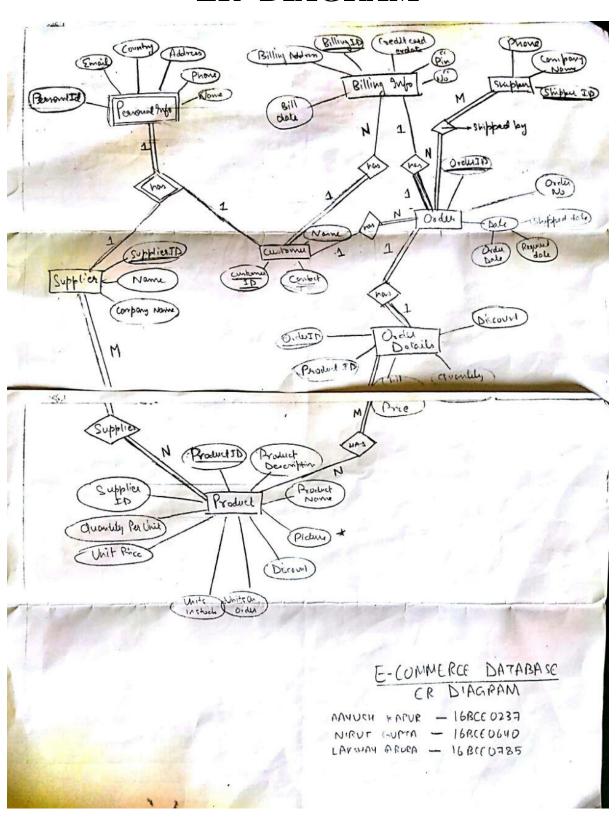


TABLE SCHEMA

CUSTOMER
Customer_ID Name , Contact
BILLING INFO
Billing-ID Billing-Address CC-No CC-DIN CC-Exdate Billdate Customer_ID
SHIPPER
Shipper-ID Phone Company-Name ORDER Company-Name
Order_ID Customer_ID Orden_No Shipper_ID Billing_ID Order Required shipped. ORDER DETAILS = Date Date Date
Order_ID, Product_ID Unit-Price Quantity Discount
SUPPLIER
Supplier_ID Name Company-Name PRODUCT
Product_ID Poes P_Name Discount UOO UIS Unit_Price QPU supplier_ID
PERSONAL_INFO
PERSONAL_ID, EMAIL NAME DHONG ADDRESS COUNTRY CUSTOMER_ID SUPPLIER_ID
SUPPLIES
Suplier-ID, SPROduct-ID
SHIPPED BY
Shipper_ID, Order_ID Customer_ID
En En
Order Date Required Date Shipped date
Order has Product
Order_ID, Product_ID
FK FK

Using MySQL to build up the database

CREATING A TABLE

```
create table order_has_product (order_id varchar(40), product_id varchar(40));
create table shipped by (shipper id varchar(40), order id varchar(40));
create table supplies (supplier_id varchar(40),product_id varchar(40));
create table personal info (personal id varchar(40), email varchar(40), first name
varchar(40),contact no int(20),address varchar(100),country varchar(20),customer id
varchar(40), supplier_id varchar(40));
create table customer(customer_id varchar(20), name varchar(50), contact int(20))
CHARACTER SET utf8 COLLATE utf8_general_ci;
create table orders
(order id varchar(20),
customer_id varchar(20),
order no int(5),
shipper id varchar(20),
billing_id varchar(20),
order date date,
req_date date,
shipped date date);
create table order_details(
order id varchar(20),
product_id varchar(20),
unit_price int(5),
quantity int(5),
order_discount float);
create table billing_info(billing_id varchar(20), billing_address varchar(50), cc_no int(20),
cc_pin int(4), cc_exdate date, billdate date, customer_id varchar(20));
create table shipper(shipper_id varchar(20), phone int(20), company_name varchar(50));
create table supplier
(supplier id varchar(20),
name varchar(20),
company_name varchar(20));
create table product_id varchar(20), product_Des varchar(100), product_n
varchar(100), discount float, units ordered int(5), units stock int(20), unit price int(20),
quan_per_unit int(20), supplier_id varchar(20));
```

ADDING CONTRAINTS

```
alter table billing_info modify column cc_no bigint(50);
alter table billing_info modify column billing_id bigint(50);
alter table billing_info modify billing_id varchar(40);
alter table orders add constraint p orders primary key(order id);
alter table order_details add constraint p_order_details primary key(order_id,product_id);
alter table supplier add constraint p_supplier primary key(supplier_id);
alter table orders modify order no int(5) not null;
alter table order details modify unit price int(5) not null;
alter table order_details add constraint check(unit_price>=0);
alter table order_details add constraint check(quantity>=0);
alter table order_details add constraint check(order_discount>=0);
alter table orders add constraint check(discount>=0);
alter table order_details alter column order_discount set default 0;
alter table shipped_by add constraint sho_p primary key(shipper_id,order_id);
alter table supplies add constraint ss p primary key(supplier id,product id);
alter table product add constraint pro_p primary key(product_id);
alter table product modify units_ordered int(5) not null;
alter table product modify unit_price int(20) not null;
alter table product modify product id varchar(20) not null;
alter table personal info add constraint per p primary key(personal id);
alter table product alter column discount set default 0;
alter table order_details alter column discount set default 0;
alter table product add constraint check(quan_per_unit>=0);
alter table product add constraint check(unit price>=0);
alter table product add constraint check(units_stock>=0);
alter table customer add constraint p_customer primary key(customer_id);
alter table billing_info add constraint p_billing_info primary key(billing_id);
alter table shipper add constraint p shipper primary key(shipper id);
alter table billing_info modify billdate date not null;
alter table shipper modify phone int(20) not null;
alter table shipper modify company name varchar(50) not null;
```

ADDING FOREIGN KEYS

alter table billing_info add constraint pk_billing_info foreign key(customer_id) references customer (customer id)on delete cascade;

alter table supplies add constraint fk_supplier_id foreign key(supplier_id) references supplier(supplier_id) on delete cascade;

alter table shipped_by add constraint fr_2 foreign key(order_id) references orders(order_id) on delete cascade;

alter table product add constraint foreign key (supplier_id) references supplier(supplier_id) on delete set null;

alter table orders add constraint foreign key (shipper_id) references shipper(shipper_id) on delete set null;

alter table personal_info add constraint foreign key (customer_id) references customer(customer_id) on delete cascade;

alter table supplies add constraint foreign key(product_id) references product(product_id) on delete cascade;

alter table orders add constraint foreign key(customer_id) references customer(customer_id) on delete cascade:

alter table personal_info add constraint foreign key(supplier_id) references supplier(supplier_id) on delete cascade;

alter table shipped_by add constraint fr_1 foreign key (shipper_id) references shipper(shipper_id) on delete cascade;

alter table order_details add constraint foreign key(order_id) references orders(order_id) on delete cascade;

alter table

order_details add constraint foreign key(product_id) references product(product_id) on delete cascade;

alter table

orders add constraint foreign key(billing_id) references billing info(billing id) on delete cascade;

TABLE DETAILS OF BILLING_INFO

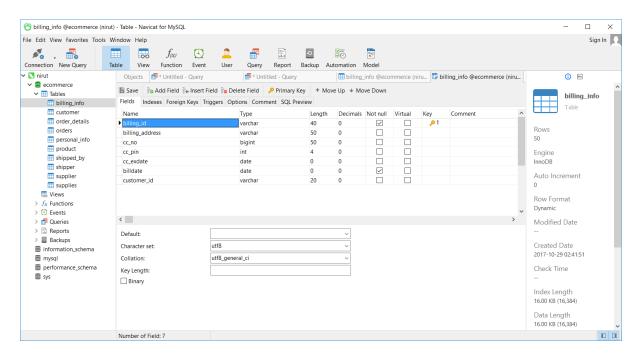
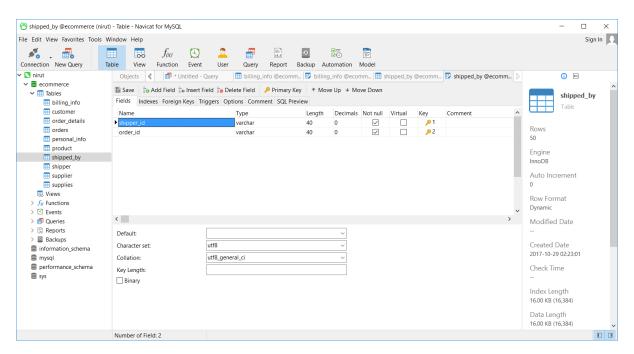


TABLE DETAILS OF SHIPPED_BY



MULTILINGUAL INSERTION

update customer set name=N'นิรุต' where name like 'Issy%';

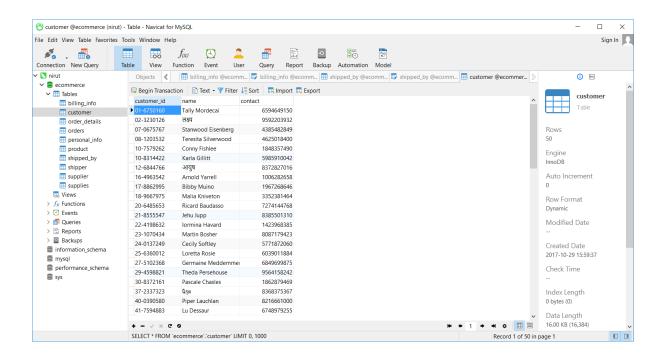
update customer set name=N'आयुष' where name like 'Euell%';

update customer set name=N'लक्ष्य' where name like 'Madeleine%';

update customer set name=N'李重伟' where name like 'Sax%';

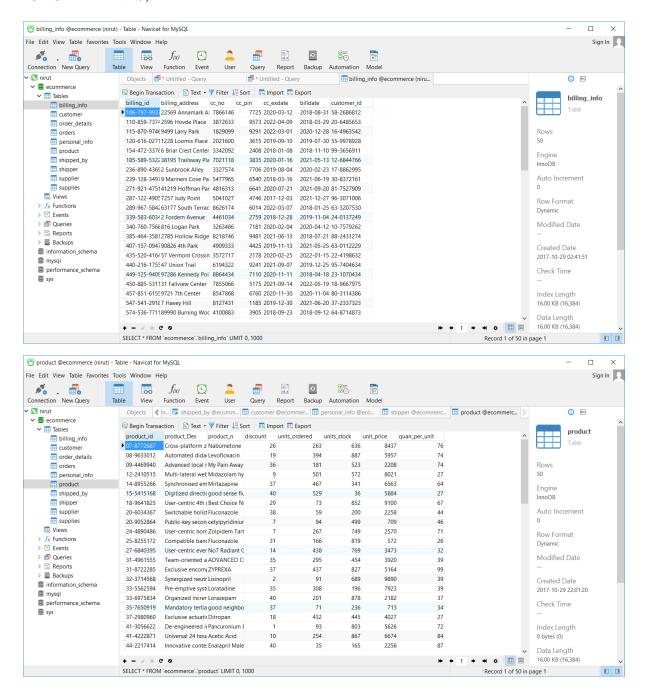
update customer set name=N'владимир' where name like 'Roze%';

update customer set name=N''מرحبا where name like 'Rikki',';



BULK INSERT USING CSV

LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE 'file address' INTO TABLE customer FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' ENCLOSED BY '''' LINES TERMINATED BY '\r\n' IGNORE 1 LINES;



QUERY FOR DATA COMPRESSION

Alter table customer row_format=compressed;

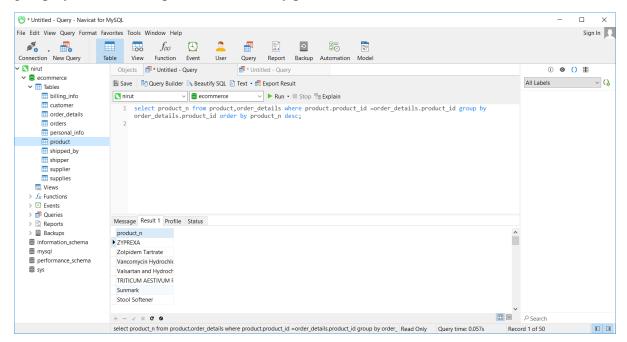
QUERY FOR SECURITY

GEANT SELECT ON *.* TO 'username' @ 'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';

QUERIES GIVEN IN REVIEW 2

select product_n from product,order_details where product.product_id=order_details.product_id

group by order_details.product_id order by product_n desc;

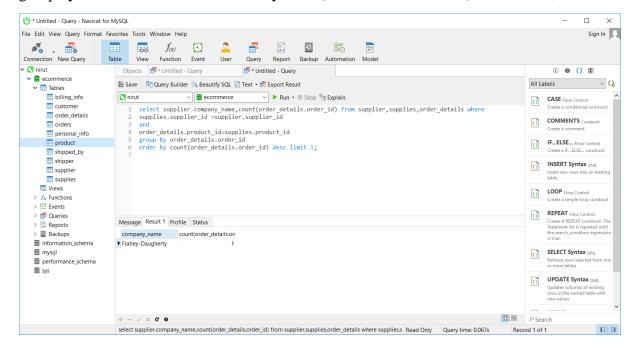


select supplier.company_name,count(order_details.order_id) from supplier,supplies,order_details where

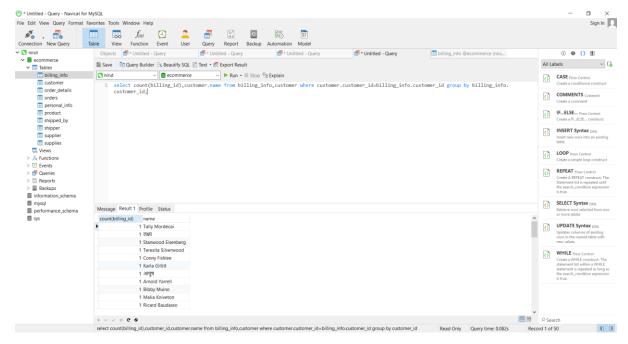
supplies.supplier_id =supplier.supplier_id and

order_details.product_id=supplies.product_id

group by order_details.order_id order by count(order_details.order_id) desc limit 1;



select count(billing_id),customer.name from billing_info,customer where customer_id=billing_info.customer_id group by billing_info.customer_id;



select shipper.shipper_id,shipper.company_name from shipper,shipped_by,order_details where shipper_id=shipped_by.shipper_id

and order_details.order_id=shipped_by.order_id

group by (order_details.order_id)having count(order_details.order_id)=(select count(order_details.order_id) from order_details,shipped_by,shipper where shipper_id=shipped_by.shipper_id and order_details.order_id=shipped_by.order_id group by (order_details.order_id)

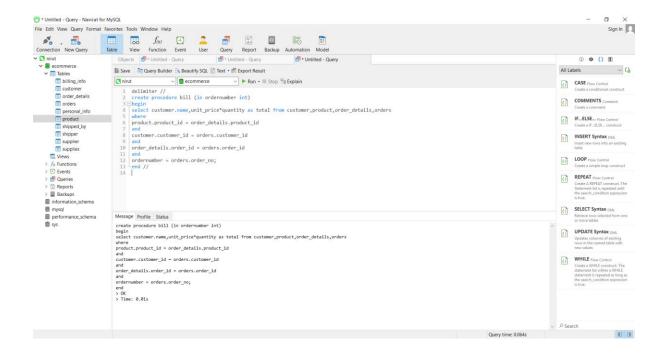
order by count(order_details.order_id) desc limit 1);



PL/SQL QUERIES

QUERY 1:

delimiter //
create procedure bill (in ordernumber int)
begin
select customer.name,unit_price*quantity as total from
customer,product,order_details,orders
where
product.product_id = order_details.product_id
and
customer.customer_id = orders.customer_id
and
order_details.order_id = orders.order_id
and
ordernumber = orders.order_no;
end //



QUERY 2:

delimiter //

create procedure orderdesc (in id varchar(20))

begin

select orders.customer_id, customer.name, shipped_date, billing_address from orders,billing_info,customer

where

billing_info.billing_id = orders.billing_id

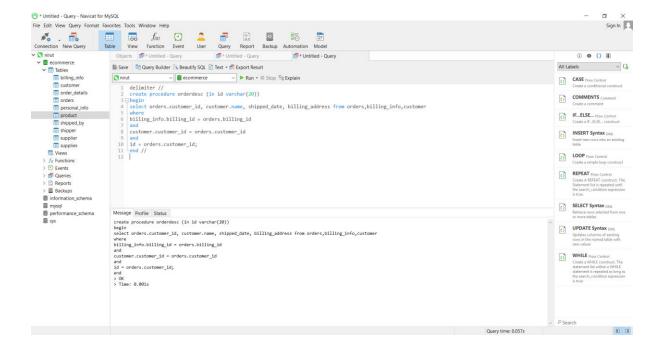
and

customer_id = orders.customer_id

and

id = orders.customer_id;

end //



QUERY 3:

delimiter | CREATE

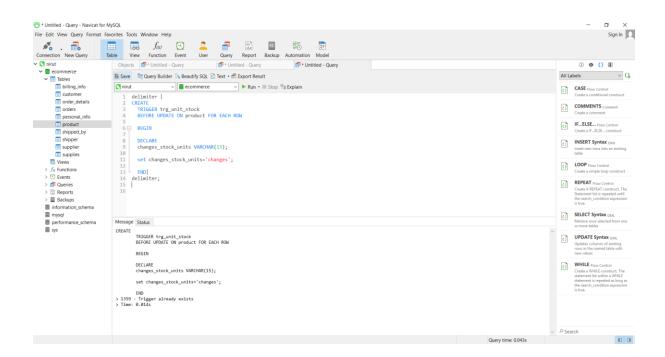
TRIGGER trg_unit_stock
BEFORE UPDATE ON product FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

DECLARE changes_stock_units VARCHAR(15);

set changes_stock_units='changes';

END| delimiter;



CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

For the entrepreneur, electronic shopping generates new business opportunities and for the customer, it makes comparative shopping possible.

Making this project was a really good learning experience; we got the feel for the basic development of an E-Commerce Database and can now appreciate the amount of work involved in making a full-fledged E-Commerce

Furthering we will try to integrate our database with Front-End and making it more pleasing, adding more features as well as incorporating a secure payment portal.