```
import java.io.Serializable;
 * The perfect implementation of Singleton design pattern
* Properly solves all the below mentioned problems in Singleton pattern
* 
* 1) Attack using Reflection API
* 2) Problems from serialization/deserialization of your object
* 3) Problems from cloning your object
* 4) Uncertainty in a multi-threaded environment
* Problems with Garbage Collection have already been fixed in prior versions of Java
 * 
 * Created by aritrary on 26/05/16.
public class Singleton implements Serializable, Cloneable {
    // We would not eagerly initialize the singleton
    // The volatile keyword ensures that half-initialized objects are not published to other threads
    public static volatile Singleton INSTANCE = null;
    private Singleton() {
         // Preventing attack by Reflection APIs
        if (INSTANCE != null) {
             throw new RuntimeException("Cannot instantiate single object using constructor.
Use its #getInstance() method");
        // Create your object here
    }
     * A global point of access for the singleton
     * @return
    public static Singleton getInstance() {
        // Implementing double-locking to prevent ambiguity in multi-threaded environment
        if (INSTANCE == null) {
```

```
* A global point of access for the singleton

* @return

*/
public static Singleton getInstance() {

// Implementing double-locking to prevent ambiguity in multi-threaded enviro
if (INSTANCE == null) {

synchronized (Singleton.class) {

if (INSTANCE == null) {

INSTANCE = new Singleton();

}

return INSTANCE;
}

/**

* Ensuring that singleton contract is not violated by serialization/deserialization

*

@return

//
public Object readResolve() {

return Singleton.getInstance();
}
```

```
**

* Ideally we should not support cloning functionality as by definition

* a singleton provides only a single instance

*

* @return

* @throws CloneNotSupportedException

*/

@Override
protected Object clone() throws CloneNotSupportedException {
    throw new CloneNotSupportedException();
}
```