Reverse Engineering Report

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LIT CTF — revsite2

watch ads for a free flag, with amazing data integrity (patent not pending) URL: http://litctf.org:31785/

We were given a website which incremented a variable by clicking a button. When the variable reached $10 \land 18$ we would get the flag. Inspecting the script running the site we found it ran WASM, which was the code we had to reverse to get the flag.

Things I learned in this challenge:

- 1. **WASM decompiling:** Using tools such as wat2wasm and wasm2js to decompile and convert WASM to more readable languages.
- 2. WASM reversing: Understanding WASM syntax and logic.
- 3. Using the Ghidra WASM plugin: Found this out after the CTF ended.

flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x17) & 0xFF) ^ 6))& 0xFF))

After looking at other writeups and on the Discord it turned out it performing the summation

$$y = \sum_{x=0}^{10^{18} - 1} (8x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 8)$$

After getting the value of y, the program performs several bit-shifts, XORs and other operations on it. We reverse those to get the flag.

```
def make_flag(value):
   expr1 = (((value >> 0x29) \& 0x1ff ^ 0x110))
   expr2 = (((value >> 0x2b) & 0x1ff ^ 0x144))
    expr3 = (((value >> 0x24) & 0x1ff ^ 0x131))
    expr4 = (((value >> 0x1c) & 0x1ff ^ 0x1e))
    expr5 = (((value >> 5) & 0x1ff ^ 0xd2))
   expr6 = (((value >> 0x17) & 0x1ff ^ 0xb))
   expr7 = (((value >> 0x1c) & 0x1ff ^ 0x2d))
   expr8 = (((value >> 0x23) & 0x1ff ^ 0x151))
    expr9 = (((value >> 1) & 0x1ff ^ 0x68))
   expr10 = (((value >> 0x34) & 0x1ff ^ 0x1f0))
   expr11 = (((value >> 0x2b) & 0x1ff ^ 0x1ff))
   expr12 = (((value >> 0x29) & 0x1ff ^ 0xbb))
   expr13 = (((value >> 0x13) & 0x1ff ^ 0x16a))
   expr14 = (((value >> 0x34) & 0x1ff ^ 0x199))
   expr15 = (((value >> 0x18) & 0x1ff ^ 0xa8))
   values = [expr1, expr2, expr3, expr4, expr5, expr6, expr7, expr8, expr9, expr10, expr11, expr12, expr13,
   flag_chars = []
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 1) & 0xFF) ^ 0x75)) & 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x2e) & 0xFFFFFFFF) ^ 199))& 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 9) & 0xFF) ^ 0x69))& 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x2f) & 0xFFFFFFFF) ^ 0xa7))& 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x12) & 0xFF))^ 0x82))& 0xFF))
```

```
flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x2e) & 0xFFFFFFFF) ^ 0xc5))& 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x36) & 0xFFFFFFFF) ^ 0x2d))& 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x33) & 0xFFFFFFFF) ^ 0x6c))& 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x27) & 0xFFFFFFFF) ^ 0xf))& 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x1e) & 0xFF ) ^ 0x16))& 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x2e) & 0xFFFFFFFF) ^ 0xc4))& 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x17) & 0xFF ) ^ 0x42))& 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0xb) & 0xFF ) ^ 0xec))& 0xFF))
   flag_chars.append(chr(((((value >> 0x2e) & 0xFFFFFFFF) ^ 0x8d))& 0xFF))
   flag_map = dict(zip(values, flag_chars))
   sorted_flag = sorted(flag_map.items())
   print(sorted_flag)
   flag = 'LITCTF{' + ''.join(char for _, char in sorted_flag)
   print(flag)
bn = 8 * (((n-1)*n)//2)**2
bn += 3 * ((n-1)*n*(2*n-1))//6
bn += 3 * ((n-1) * n) //2
bn += 8 * n
bn += 3
make_flag(bn)
LITCTF{s0_1457minute!}
```