

2. Neural Network Basics (1)

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$$1. \sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$$

$$\sigma'(x) = -(1+e^{-x})^{-2} \cdot e^{-x} \cdot (-1)$$

$$= \frac{e^{-x}}{(1+e^{-x})^2} \cdot \frac{1}{(1+e^{-x})}$$

$$= \frac{1}{e^{-(-x)}+1} \cdot \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$$

$$= \sigma(-x) \cdot \sigma(x) \quad \text{lemma (a)}$$

$$= \sigma(x)(1-\sigma(x))$$

$$\therefore \sigma(x) = \sigma(x)(1-\sigma(x))$$

[Lemma (a)]

$$\sigma(-x) = 1-\sigma(x)$$

$$(pt) \sigma(-x) = \frac{1}{1+e^x}$$

$$1-\sigma(x) = 1 - \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$$

$$= \frac{1+e^{-x}-1}{1+e^{-x}}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-x}}{1+e^{-x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{e^x+1}$$

$$\therefore \sigma(-x) = 1-\sigma(x)$$

$$2. CE(y, \hat{y}) = -\sum_i y_i \log(\hat{y}_i)$$

$$= -\sum_i y_i \log(\text{softmax}(\theta)_i)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial CE(y, \hat{y})}{\partial \theta_i} = \frac{\partial -\sum_j y_j \log(\hat{y}_j)}{\partial \theta_i}$$

$$= \frac{\partial -\sum_j y_j \log(S(\theta)_j)}{\partial \theta_i}$$

$$= \frac{\partial -y_k \log(S(\theta)_k)}{\partial \theta_i} \quad (\because y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow k\text{th element})$$

$$= \frac{\partial -\log(S(\theta)_k)}{\partial \theta_i}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{S(\theta)_k} \cdot \frac{\partial S(\theta)_k}{\partial \theta_i}$$

(i) $\hat{i} = k$ case

$$= -\frac{1}{S(\theta)_k} \cdot S(\theta)_k (1-S(\theta)_k) \quad (\because \text{lemma (b)})$$

$$= -(1-S(\theta)_i)$$

$$= \hat{y}_i - 1$$

(ii) $\hat{i} \neq k$ case

$$= -\frac{1}{S(\theta)_k} \cdot -S(\theta)_i S(\theta)_k \quad (\because \text{lemma (b)})$$

$$= S(\theta)_i$$

$$= \hat{y}_i$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial CE(y, \hat{y})}{\partial \theta_i} = \begin{cases} \hat{y}_i - 1 & \text{if } \hat{i} = k \\ \hat{y}_i & \text{o.w} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial CE(y, \hat{y})}{\partial \theta} = \frac{1}{y} - y$$

[Lemma (b)]

$$\frac{\partial \text{softmax}(\theta)_j}{\partial \theta_i} ? \quad \text{let's say } \text{softmax}(\theta)_i = S(\theta)_i$$

(i) $\hat{i} = j$ case

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_i} \frac{e^{\theta_j}}{\sum_k e^{\theta_k}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_i} \frac{e^{\theta_i}}{\sum_k e^{\theta_k}}$$

$$= \frac{e^{\theta_i} \cdot \sum_k e^{\theta_k} - e^{\theta_i} \cdot e^{\theta_i}}{(\sum_k e^{\theta_k})^2}$$

$$= \frac{e^{\theta_i}}{\sum_k e^{\theta_k}} \cdot \frac{\sum_k e^{\theta_k} - e^{\theta_i}}{\sum_k e^{\theta_k}}$$

$$= S(\theta)_i (1-S(\theta)_i)$$

(ii) $\hat{i} \neq j$ case

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_i} \frac{e^{\theta_j}}{\sum_k e^{\theta_k}} = \frac{-e^{\theta_j} e^{\theta_i}}{(\sum_k e^{\theta_k})^2}$$

$$= \frac{-e^{\theta_j}}{\sum_k e^{\theta_k}} \cdot \frac{e^{\theta_i}}{\sum_k e^{\theta_k}}$$

$$= -S(\theta)_i S(\theta)_j$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial S(\theta)_j}{\partial \theta_i} = \begin{cases} S(\theta)_i (1-S(\theta)_j) & \text{if } \hat{i} = j \\ -S(\theta)_i S(\theta)_j & \text{o.w} \end{cases}$$