13. Cellular automata Generative Music Al



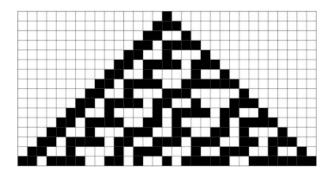




Overview

- 1. Intuition
- 2. Formalisation
- 3. Music generation with CA
- 4. Strengths and limitations

Cellular automata are models used to simulate complex systems using rules on a grid of cells

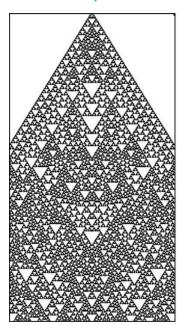


• CA evolve in discrete time steps

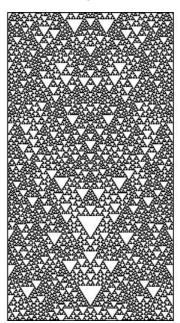
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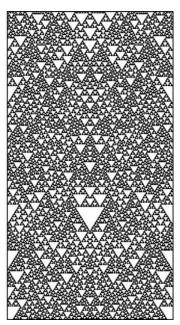
step 1

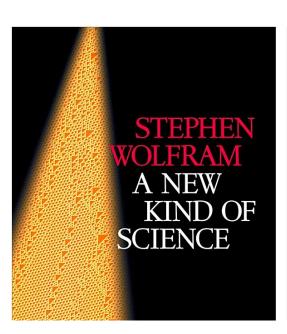


step 2



step 3





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CELEBRATING 15 YEARS

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4 | Systems Based on Numbers >

5 | Two Dimensions and Beyond > 6 | Starting from Randomness >

7 | Mechanisms in Programs and Nature >

8 | Implications for Everyday Systems >

9 | Fundamental Physics >

10 | Processes of Perception and Analysis >

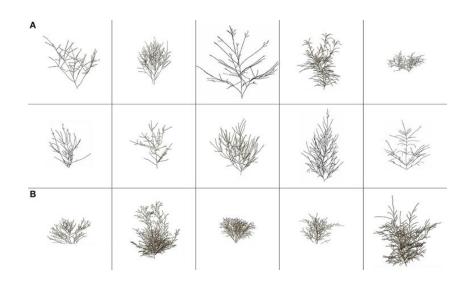
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• Patterns on seashells



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- Branching patterns in plants



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- Crystal growth



• Grid: line of cells (1D), plane of cells (2D)

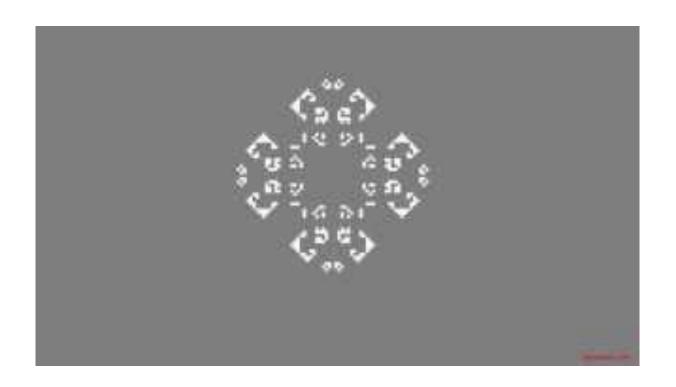
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- Initial conditions: initial states of the grid (e.g., random, uniform, criteria)



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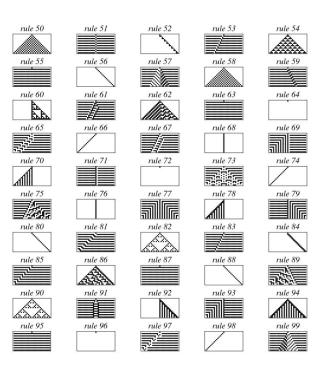
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 - b. Survival: A living cell (1) stays alive at t+1 if two or three of its neighbors are alive
 - c. Death: In all other cases, a cell is dead at t+1

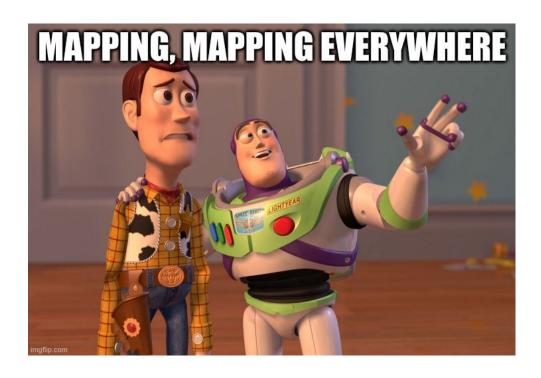
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- Initial conditions: random or by design

Want more CA?



Elementary cellular automaton

- 256 rules (Wolfram)



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- 3. Design rules for musical evolution may or may not be music-based rules

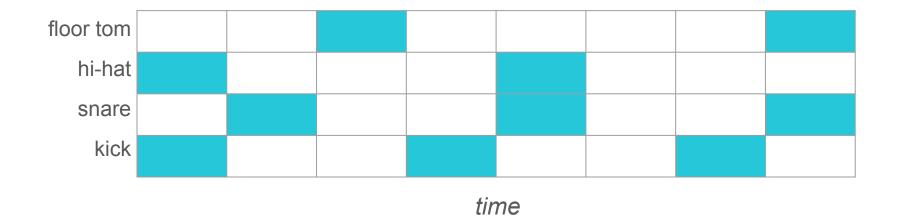
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- 4. Map time (e.g., 1 beat = 1 step)

CA for drum generation

floor tom				
hi-hat				
snare				
kick				

time

CA for drum generation



CA for melody generation

$$States = \{C, D, E, F, G, A, None\}$$

time

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time

CA for expressive chord generation

$$States = \{pp, p, mf, f, ff, None\}$$

synth					
piano					
organ					
	С	D	E	G	Α

CA for expressive chord generation

$$States = \{pp, p, mf, f, ff, None\}$$

step 1 = beat 1

synth	рр				p
piano		f		p	
organ			ff		mf
	С	D	E	G	A

CA for expressive chord generation

$$States = \{pp, p, mf, f, ff, None\}$$

step 2 = beat 2

synth			рр		
piano		mf		p	p
organ	ff			f	
	С	D	E	G	Α

Music strategies for CA

Generate entire score

Music strategies for CA

- Generate entire score
- Guideline for improvisation

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- Generate entire score
- Guideline for improvisation
- Integrate CA-generated instrumentation into a composition

Pros and cons of CA



- Flexible
- Experimentation
- OK for raw material

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• No music knowledge

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- States and grid mapped to different musical params
- CA can be used for many generation tasks
- Music output is OK as raw material

What's up next?

Drum generation with cellular automata