



Lab Class Week 3.b Learning to use <u>socket.io</u>

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Exercise 2

- In this exercise we will see how to build a chat system using socket.io
- The exercise is divided into two parts
 - Inspecting an existing chat system to understand how socket.io works
 - Adding a namespace to the chat system
 - which will require to define a new chat system similar to the one provided

Provided:

- the code of an implemented chat system for you to inspect and understand
- a new version of the code above modified to support namespaces
 - to use as a starting point to add the new namespace





The base chat system

- It implements a basic chat
- The interface has just one page
- Initially the user is asked for their name and the name of the room they want to join
 - if they do not have a room yet, they can generate a new name

My Chat

Connect

Please insert the id of the Room you want to Join, if you do not have a room id, click Generate Room	
Your name	
Your room	Generate Room



Installing socket.io

- open package.json
 - go to the bottom and start typing "socket.io", "^ (then select the top version)
 - do not forget to add the comma to the previous line!!!
 - the part "^X.X.X" will be highlighted. Right click and select "run rpm install"
- Then add folder called <u>socket.io</u>
 - and create a JS file called socket.io.js
 - where you will add the socket commands

```
    Week 3.c1 Socket.io chat - Startin
    bin
    is www

    node_modules library root

    public
    images
    images
    igs stylesheets
    is stylesheets
    is style.css

    routes
    socket.io
```

```
"start": "node ./bin/www"
"dependencies": {
  "cookie-parser": "~1.4.4",
  "debug": "~2.6.9",
  "express": "~4.16.1",
  "http-errors": "~1.6.3",
  "morgan": "~1.9.1",
  "pug": "2.0.0-beta11",
  "socket.io": "^4.4.1"
```



Server side

• Declare socket.io at the end of bin/www

```
const io = require('socket.io')(server, {
   pingTimeout: 60000,
});
var socket_module = require('../socket.io/socket-io');
socket_module.init(io, app);
```



socket.io operations

- In socket.io/socket-io.js We define two operations:
 - 'create or join' called when a room is joined
 - 'joined' called when someone joins the room
 - 'chat' called when someone sends a message
- Each of them receive at least a room and a user name
 - and will write to all participants in the room (including the sender)
 - using io-sockets.to (room).emit()



Declare operations in socket-io.js

operations server side

```
exports.init = function(io) {
  io.sockets.on('connection', function (socket) {
    try
      /** it creates or joins a room
      socket.on('create or join', function (room, userId)
        socket.join(room);
        io.sockets.to(room).emit('joined', room, userId);
     socket.on('chat', function (room, userId, chatText)
        io.sockets.to(room).emit('chat', room, userId, chatText);
     socket.on('disconnect', function(){
        console.log('someone disconnected');
      catch (e) { }});}
```



Client side socket.io

```
Week 3.c Socket.io chat \rangle public \rangle javascripts \rangle \frac{4}{15} index.js \rangle \bigcirc writeOnHistory()
   ■ Project ▼
                                     🗱 — 🔒 www × 🚯 package.json × 竭 socket-io.js × 💋 error.ejs × 💋 index.ejs × 🚉 style.css × 🚜 ro
    Week 3.c Socket.io chat ~/Documents/Teachir
                                                    let name = null;
      idea.
                                                    let roomNo = null;
     > bin
Structure
                                                    let socket = io();
                                             3
                                                                            declare socket.io and connect
     > node_modules library root
     public
         images
       javascripts
                                                   白/**
                       declare a js file
           index.js
                                                      * called by <body onload>
       > stylesheets
      routes
                                                      * it initialises the interface and the expected socket
       socket.io
                                                      * plus the associated actions
                                             9
         socket-io.js
                                            10
                                                     */
      views
                                                                                create an init function
       app.js

function init() {

                                            11
       n package.json
                                                         // it sets up the interface so that userId and room
                                            12
       package-lock.json
                                                         document.getElementById( elementId: 'initial_form').st
                                            13
       Week 3.c Socket.io chat.iml
                                                         document.getElementById( elementId: 'chat_interface').
     III External Libraries
                                            14
     Scratches and Consoles
                                            15
                                            16
                                                          // called when someone joins the room. If it is som
```



Joining a room

```
<form onsubmit="return false;">
   <label for="name"> Your name </label>
        <input type="text" id="name" name="name">
   view/index.ejs
        <label for="roomNo"> Your room </label>
        <input type="text" id="roomNo" name="roomNo">
        <button id="roomNoGenerator" onclick="generateRoom()">Generate Room</but</pre>
   <button id="connect" onclick="connectToRoom()">Connect</button>
</form>
                                                 javascripts/index.js
                     function connectToRoom()
                         roomNo = document.getElementById('roomNo').value;
```

name = document.getElementById('name').value;

if (!name) name = 'Unknown-' + Math.random();

socket.emit('create or join', roomNo, name);

```
let name = null;
                       client side: javascripts/index.js
let roomNo = null;
let socket = io();
function init()
    // it sets up the interface so that userId and room are selected
    document.getElementById('initial form').style.display = 'block';
    document.getElementById('chat interface').style.display = 'none';
    // called when someone joins the room. If it is someone else it notifies
    // the joining of the room in the chat
                                                      receiving a joined message
    socket.on('joined', function (room, userId) {
        if (userId === name) {|
            // if we have joined, we show the chat interface
            hideLoginInterface(room, userId);
        } else {
            // notifies that someone has joined the room
            writeOnHistory('<b>'+userId+'</b>' + ' joined room ' + room);
        } } ) ;
                                                      receiving a chat message
      called when a message is received
    socket.on('chat', function (room, userId, chatText) {
        let who = userId
        if (userId === name) who = 'Me';
        writeOnHistory('<b>' + who + ':</b> ' + chatText);});
```



The base system

When a room is joined the chat system will appear as

follows

Chat

fabcira, you are chatting in room: R5271

```
socket.on('joined', function (room, userId) {
    if (userId === name) {
        // it enters the chat
        hideLoginInterface(room, userId);
...
});
```

chat: Send



 When someone else joins the room, the participants in the room are notified (function writeOnHistory)

Chat

fabcira , you are chatting in roc

Toby joined room R5271

```
called when someone joins the room.
 If it is someone else it notifies the joining of the
  room
socket.on('joined', function (room, userId)
   if (userId === name) {
        // it enters the chat
       hideLoginInterface(room, userId);
    } else {
        // notifies that someone has joined the room
       writeOnHistory('<b>'+userId+'</b>' + '
```



- When posting a sentence, this is shown in the history. The name of the sender is shown
 - e.g. Toby: hello!
- If it was sent by us, our name will be replaced by "Me:"
 - e.g. Me: hello!

```
// called when a message is received
socket.on('chat', function (room, userId, chatText) {
    let who = userId
    if (userId === name) who = 'Me';
    writeOnHistory('<b>' + who + ':</b>' + chatText);
});
```



Moving to the next stage

- Make sure to understand the code
- Stop the server (red square close to the start server triangle)
- We are now going to define different name spaces where we will post on different channels
- Open the project
 - Week 3.c1 Socket.io chat Starting point for Solution
 - Run the server
 - if you get a message saying that the port is already in use, you have not stopped the previous server (see above)

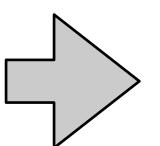


- the new chat has split screen with two channels corresponding to two namespaces
 - /chat and /news



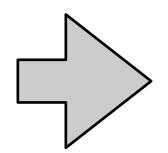
- The system works as before but now the chat is executed in a new name space called /chat
 - The client side changes slightly by defining the /chat name space and use it instead of the variable socket:

```
let socket = io();
```



```
let chat= io.connect('/chat');
```

```
socket.on('joined', function (room, userId) {
socket.on('chat', function (room, userId, chatText) {
```



```
chat.on('joined', function (room, userId) {
   chat.on('chat', function (room, userId, chatText)
```





Server side

 The server side changes by declaring the same operations now defined in a name space



in socket.io/socket.io.js

```
io.sockets.on('connection', function (socket)
 trv {
     * it creates or joins a room
   socket.on('create or join', function (room, userId) {
     socket.join(room);
      io.sockets.to(room).emit('joined', room, userId);
   socket.on('chat', function (room, userId, chatText) {
      io.sockets.to(room).emit('chat', room, userId, chatText);
   socket.on('disconnect', function(){
      console.log('someone disconnected');
```

```
the chat namespace
const chat= io
    .of('/chat')
    .on('connection', function (socket)
      it creates or joins a room
    socket.on('create or join', function
      socket.join(room);
      chat.to(room).emit('joined', room,
    socket.on('chat', function (room, us
      chat.to(room).emit('chat', room, u
   socket.on('disconnect', function(){
      console.log('someone disconnected
```



The Exercise

- Create the routes for the /news name space
- It will have the same operations as /chat both on client and on the server
 - I have left a few @todos in the code to guide you
- Hints:
 - declare namespaces and operations in socket.io.js
 - see @todo
 - declare namespaces and operations in javascripts/index.js
 - start from the function initChatSocket() (see @todo)
 - I have already defined a stub function called sendNewsText()
 - which will receive the text typed in the news form





Useful Editor tips

- To inspect where a function or variable is used or defined:
 - click on its name in the editor and hit Command-b on a Mac or Control-b on Windows
 - try it on sendNewsText now
 - if you keep hitting the key you will move between definition and uses
- To search across the entire project use Control-SHIFT-F on a Mac
 - not sure about Windows: check under Edit > Find > Find in Files
 - Try it now to search for all the occurrences of @todo



In the solution

- I have added one feature to the /news channel in the solution:
 - The news are are not copied to the author's history
 - This is to showcase the use of

```
socket.broadcast.to(room).emit(...);
```

- which sends a message to all the participants except the originating one
- as opposed to using

```
chat.to(room).emit(...);
```

- which sends the message to everybody including the author
- Note the difference: the latter
- uses the namespace (chat.), while broadcast uses the socket received as parameter (socket.)



You should be able to do this exercise in about 40 minutes