

A) MTENOGO BERDOULLI BINOMIAGE

VA. PO1250 N.

$$\times \sim Po(\lambda)$$

$$\lambda \in \mathbb{R}_{+}(\lambda > 0)$$

$$\frac{P\Pi F:}{\mathbb{R}(x) = \mathbb{R}(x = x) = \frac{\lambda^{\kappa}}{\kappa!} e^{-\lambda}} = \frac{\lambda^{\kappa}}{\kappa!} e^{-\lambda}$$

$$1 = e^{-\lambda}e^{\lambda} = e^{-\lambda}\sum_{k=0}^{+\infty}\frac{\lambda^{k}}{k!} = \sum_{k=0}^{+\infty}\frac{\lambda^{k}}{k!}e^{-\lambda}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathbb{P}(X=n) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

$$|P(x=n)|$$

$$|R \in I_n(x)|$$

$$\forall x \in I_n(x)$$

## V.A. IPERGEOMETRICA

METFERICIA COMPOSTA DA NOCOSTATI.

DA UNA SCAFOLA COMPOSTA DA NOCOSTATI.

DI QUESTI C. HANNO UNA SPECIFICA

CARATTERISTICA

ESTRAGOO M OGODATICES.

$$P(x) = P(x=x) = \frac{(x) \cdot (x-x)}{(x)}$$

$$\frac{C!}{(x)!}$$

$$\frac{C!}{(x-x)!}$$

$$\frac{C!}{(x)!}$$

$$N = 1000$$
  
 $C = 2$   
 $N = 500$ 

ESERCIZI

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4}, & x \in [-3, 0] \\ \frac{1}{6}, & x = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$x = 1$$

Im(x) DISCRETA

$$\begin{cases}
-3, 0, 1, 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x \in I_{m}(x)
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x \in [0, 1]
\end{cases}$$

$$1 = \mathbb{P}(\Omega) = \sum_{k \in \Gamma(x)} \mathbb{P}(X = k)$$

$$= \sum_{k \in \Gamma_{n}(x)} \beta(x) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \left( \frac{1}{2$$

2 
$$P(X < 1) = P(\{w \in SC / X(w) < 1\})$$

$$= P(X \in \{-\infty, t\})$$

$$= P(X^{-1}(\{-\infty, t\}))$$

$$= P(X^{-1}(\{-3, 0\}))$$

$$= P(X^{-1}(\{-3\}) \cup X^{-1}(0))$$

$$= P(X^{-1}(\{-3\}) + P(X^{-1}(0))$$

$$= P(X^{-1}(\{-3\}) + P(X^{-1}(0))$$

$$= P(X^{-1}(\{-3\}) + P(X^{-1}(0)))$$

$$= P(X^{-1}(\{-3\}) + P(X^{-1}(\{-3\})))$$

$$P(x>0) = P(x=0) + P(x=1) + P(x=2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$|P(x>0) = 1 - |P(x<0) = 1 - |P(x=3)$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$|P(-z \le x \le z) = |P(x=0) \cup x=1 \cup x=2)$$

$$= \frac{3}{4}$$

$$|D(x>0) = 1 - |P(x<0) = 1 - |P(x=3)$$

$$= \frac{3}{4}$$

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## Esercizio

UNA MACCHINA PRODUCT PEZZI (HE IN CONDIZIONI
NORMALI SONO DIFETTOSI CON PROB 2,04.

OGUI ORA L'ADDENSO AL CONTROLLO ESTRAJ LO PEZZI CON REIMBUSSOLAPENTO E SE NON CE NJ SON O DI DIFETTOSI NON FERMA LA MACCHINA.

CON CHE PROB. LA MARCHINA NON VIONE FERMANA
PUR AVENDU INIZIATO A PROBURRE PEZZI DIFETTOS/
(ON PROB. 0,1?

pros. N. Successo.

CONTA IL Nº DI

w = 10

X~ BIN (10 0.1)

 $\mathbb{P}\left(X=0\right) = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$ 

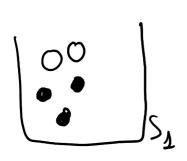
= 0.3487

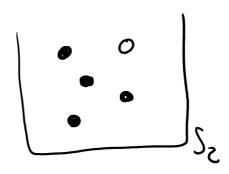
R

DBINOM (0, 10, 0.1)

ESERCIZIO

SI BONSIDEMNO 2 SCATORE, LA SCATORA SI CONFIENE 2 PALLING BIANCHE E 3 NERS. LA SCAFOZA SZ CONTIENE 1 PALLINA BIANCA E 9 NERS





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- 1. CAZCOZARE LA PTIF DI X CHE CONTA IL
  NUTIETO DI ESTRAZIONI DI PAZZINE FATTE.
- 2. SE HO FATTO DUE ESTRAZIONI, CON CHE PROS. HO ESTRATTO LE PALLINE DA S.?

$$V_{K} \in I_{m}(X)$$

$$V_{K}(M) = P(X = K)$$

$$= P(X = K | S_{1}) P(S_{1}) + P(X = K | S_{2}) P(S_{2})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ P(X = K | S_{1}) + P(X = K | S_{2}) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{2}{5} \left( \frac{3}{5} \right)^{K-1} + \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{4}{5} \right)^{K-1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ S_{2} | X = 2 \right] = \frac{P(X = 2 | S_{2}) P(S_{2})}{P(X = 2)}$$

$$SAYES$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{5}(\frac{4}{5})^{2-1}}{\frac{1}{2}[\frac{2}{5}(\frac{5}{5})^{2-1} + \frac{1}{5}(\frac{4}{5})^{2-1}]}$$

$$= 0.4$$

$$P(S_2 | X=z) = 0.4$$

$$P(S_2) = 0.5$$

$$Soup Evalution of the presention of the present of the$$