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IT ELEC 1

W E B D E V E L O P M E N T

Submitted to Prof.John Paul Azore

- Part 1: Create and Register Controllers
 - <u>Create HomeController (loads home page) and DashboardController (loads dashboard, feed, or equivalent pages).</u>
 - Register controllers in routes to link methods to URLs.
 - You may create and register more controllers if needed.
- Part 2: Assign Controllers to Routes
 - Use middleware (e.g., authentication) to protect specific routes and controllers.
 - <u>Test routes (e.g. /, /dashboard) to ensure proper page loading.</u>
- Part 3: Controllers with Parameters
 - Modify DashboardController to accept dynamic parameters (e.g., user ID).
 - Test parameterized routes to load user-specific data.
- Part 4: Documentation (Individual)
 - o Take screenshots of controllers, routes, and rendered pages.
 - Write brief explanations of controller logic, parameter handling, and route assignments.

DOCUMENTATION

I have created new middleware named DashboardController & Home Controller

```
    (base) elainemaebertiz@Elaines-Air FinalsActivities % php artisan make:controller DashboardController INFO Controller [app/Http/Controllers/DashboardController.php] created successfully.
    (base) elainemaebertiz@Elaines-Air FinalsActivities % php artisan make:controller HomeController INFO Controller [app/Http/Controllers/HomeController.php] created successfully.
```

app/Http/Controllers/HomeController

```
CheckAge.php
                     ♣ HomeController.php ×
                                                m web.php
                                                                  M DashboardController.php
app > Http > Controllers > * HomeController.php > PHP > 4 HomeController
       <?php
       namespace App\Http\Controllers;
       use Illuminate\Http\Request;
       2 references | 0 implementations
       class HomeController extends Controller
           // Show the home page
           1 reference | 0 overrides
 10
           public function index(): View
 11
               return view(view: 'welcome');
 12
 13
 14
```

It is responsible for rendering the home page. When users visit the home route, the controller's index method is invoked to display the age validation form.

app/Http/Controllers/DashboardController

It manages the dashboard interface, which is tailored to individual users. It requires a user ID to present personalized content, enhancing user engagement.

app/Http/Controllers/CheckAge

It validate user age.
It checks the age
parameter from the
URL and
determines access
rights. Users aged
18 and above are
granted access to
the dashboard,
while those under
18 are redirected
to an access denied
page, ensuring
compliance with
age restrictions.

```
M HomeController.php
CheckAge.php
                                               TashboardController.php
                                                                             💏 dashboa
resources > views > * dashboard.blade.php
       <!DOCTYPE html>
       <html lang="en">
       <head>
           <meta charset="UTF-8">
           <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
          <title>Dashboard /title>
  6
       <body>
           <h1>Welcome, {{ $username }}.</h1>
       </body>
       </html>
 11
 12
```

Display the
Dashboard
with the
username

Display the Homepage

Route

```
CheckAge.php

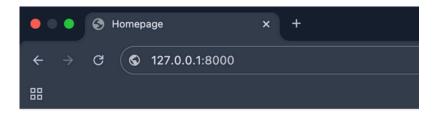
    web.php 

    ×

routes > 🤲 web.php
      <?php
      use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Route;
      use App\Http\Controllers\HomeController;
      use App\Http\Controllers\DashboardController;
      use App\Http\Middleware\CheckAge;
      // Home page route with CheckAge middleware
      Route::get(uri: '/', action: [HomeController::class, 'index'])
           ->middleware(middleware: CheckAge::class)
           ->name(name: 'home');
       Route::prefix(prefix: 'dashboard')->group(callback: function (): void {
           Route::get(uri: '/', action: [DashboardController::class, 'index'])
               ->name(name: 'dashboard.index');
           // User-specific dashboard
           Route::get(uri: '/user/{userId}', action: [DashboardController::class, 'show'])
               ->name(name: 'dashboard.user');
       // Access Denied route
      Route::get(uri: '/access-denied', action: function (): View {
           return view(view: 'access-denied');
       })->name(name: 'access.denied');
 28
```

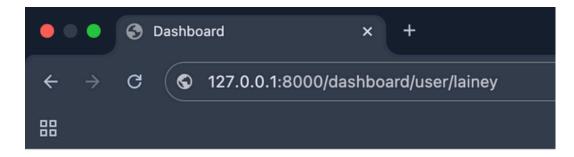
The routing structure defined in routes/web.php outlines the application's URL endpoints. The home page (/) is protected by the CheckAge middleware, and dashboard routes are organized under a common prefix for clarity. Additionally, an access denied route is available for users who do not meet the age criteria.

RESULT



Welcome in the Homepage

The home page of our website allows users to validate their age through a query parameter. If a user accesses localhost:8000/?age=21, they are redirected to their dashboard, while localhost:8000/?age=17 leads to an access denied page.

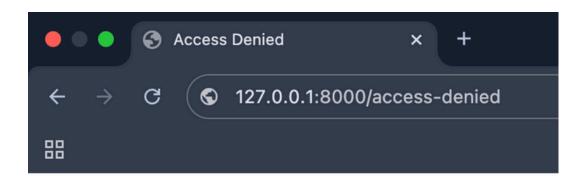


User Dashboard

Welcome, lainey

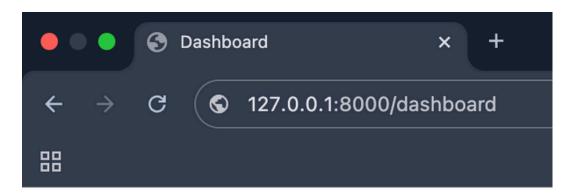
Users aged 18 or older are redirected to the dashboard with the necessary user ID parameter, which dynamically displays a personalized greeting, such as "Welcome, lainey."

Conversely, users under 18 or without a valid age parameter are redirected to an access denied page, ensuring restricted content is protected.



Access Denied

The CheckAge
middleware validates
the age in incoming
requests, redirecting
users under 18 to the
access denied page and
allowing eligible users
to access the
dashboard.



User Dashboard

Welcome, Elaine

The dashboard page
requires a user ID
parameter (\$userId) to be
passed. Once provided, it
dynamically displays a
personalized greeting,
such as "Welcome,
Elaine," creating a tailored
experience for each user.
This page serves as a
central hub where users
can access their details
and interact with the
application based on their
unique user ID.