

educative

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Grokking the Coding Interview: Patterns for Coding Questions

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We'll cover the following

- Problem Statement
- Try it yourself
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- Code
- Time complexity
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Problem Statement

Given a set with distinct elements, find all of its distinct subsets.

Example 1:

```
Input: [1, 3]
Output: [], [1], [3], [1,3]
```

Example 2:

```
Input: [1, 5, 3]
Output: [], [1], [5], [3], [1,5], [1,3], [5,3], [1,5,3]
```

Try it yourself

Try solving this question here:

Java

Python3

JS

C++

```
1 def find_subsets(nums):
2     subsets = []
3     # TODO: Write your code here
4     return subsets
5
6
7 def main():
8
9     print("Here is the list of subsets: " + str(find_subsets([1, 3])))
10    print("Here is the list of subsets: " + str(find_subsets([1, 5, 3])))
11
12
13    main()
14
```

Run

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Reset

Solution

To generate all subsets of the given set, we can use the **Breadth First Search (BFS)** approach. We can start with an empty set, iterate through all numbers one-by-one, and add them to existing sets to create new subsets.

Let's take the example-2 mentioned above to go through each step of our algorithm:

Given set: [1, 5, 3]

1

5

3

[]

[]

[5]

[1, 5]

[]

[1]

[5]

[1, 5]

[3]

[1, 3]

[5, 3]

[1, 5, 3]

Since the input set has distinct elements, the above steps will ensure that we will not have any duplicate subsets.

Code

Here is what our algorithm will look like:

Java

Python3

C++

JS

```
1 def find_subsets(nums):
2     subsets = []
3     # start by adding the empty subset
4     subsets.append([])
5     for currentNumber in nums:
6         # we will take all existing subsets and insert the current number in them to create new subsets
7         n = len(subsets)
8         for i in range(n):
9             # create a new subset from the existing subset and insert the current element to it
10            set1 = list(subsets[i])
11            set1.append(currentNumber)
12            subsets.append(set1)
13
14    return subsets
15
16
17 def main():
18
19     print("Here is the list of subsets: " + str(find_subsets([1, 3])))
20     print("Here is the list of subsets: " + str(find_subsets([1, 5, 3])))
21
22
23    main()
24
```

Run

Save

Reset

Time complexity

Since, in each step, the number of subsets doubles as we add each element to all the existing subsets, therefore, we will have a total of $O(2^N)$ subsets, where 'N' is the total number of elements in the input set. And since we construct a new subset from an existing set, therefore, the time complexity of the above algorithm will be $O(N * 2^N)$.

Space complexity

All the additional space used by our algorithm is for the output list. Since we will have a total of $O(2^N)$ subsets, and each subset can take up to $O(N)$ space, therefore, the space complexity of our algorithm will be $O(N * 2^N)$.

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Introduction

Subsets With Duplicates (easy)

Completed

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