

## Data Science

### Lesson 4: Introduction to Machine Learning, Classification with K-Nearest Neighbors

#### Unit: Machine Learning

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#### OBJECTIVE -

By the end of this class the students will be able to:

- Explain what machine learning is
- Determine if a question is a supervised or unsupervised learning problem
- Determine the appropriate approach for the type of problem (regression, classification, clustering, dimension reduction)
- Create their own KNN algorithm using Python

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#### QUICK RUNDOWN

(Note: Timing/Topics breakdown are up to the instructor - these are general guidelines for a three hour lesson)

Timing	Topic	Activity
10 min	Opening framing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Review previous lecture's content (cleaning and exploring data). What was the most interesting thing you learned last time? What was the hardest?</li><li>● Introduce today's learning objectives</li><li>● Connect to a greater learning goal/describe how this fits into the overall data science purview</li></ul>
60 min	Introduction to new material (lecture/theory)	<p>Present lecture on ML/KNN</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● What is Machine Learning?</li><li>● Supervised vs Unsupervised Learning</li><li>● Categorical vs Continuous data</li><li>● Show examples of regression, classification, clustering, dimension reduction</li><li>● Introduce clustering with KNN</li></ul>
10 min	Break	Break

90 min	LAB (We Do)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Explore the data (iris dataset) using pandas</li> <li>● Introduce scikit-learn using the iris dataset</li> <li>● Split the data into test and training dataset</li> <li>• Train KNN classifier defined function on the train data and test on the test dataset</li> <li>• Check accuracy of the model and predictions with different numbers of neighbors</li> </ul>
10 min	Closure / Q & A	Review, assign homework



## MATERIALS

- Students bring laptops with Anaconda Python and scikit-learn installed

## HOMEWORK

- Read “[Understanding the Bias/Variance trade-off](#)”
- Classification and KNN homework
  - Download the Pima Indians dataset from UCI here:  
<https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Pima+Indians+Diabetes>
  - Describe the content of the dataset in your own words
  - Describe the features and formulate hypothesis on which may be relevant in predicting diabetes
  - Import the dataset to a Pandas dataframe and explore the data:
    - a. Are there any missing data or NULL values? How could they be imputed? Make a choice and impute them or drop them. Justify the choice.
    - b. How many features are there? Are they normalized?
  - Use the KNN classifier from Scikit-learn to predict diabetes occurrence
  - Use Scikit-learn cross-validation routine to evaluate the accuracy of your model with a 5-fold CV.
  - Plot the 5-fold CV accuracy score as a function of K for k up to 50 neighbors
  - Use the Naïve Bayes classifier from Scikit-learn to predict diabetes occurrence
  - Compare the 5-fold CV score for Naïve Bayes and for KNN to find which model is more accurate

