Wireless MAC

1 Elements of a wireless network

Wireless hosts:

- Laptop, smartphone
- Run applications
- May be stationary or mobile

Base station:

- Typically connected to wired network
- Relay responsible for sending packets between wired network and wireless host(s) in its "area"

Wireless link:

- Typically used to connect mobile(s) to base station
- Also used as backbone link
- Multiple access protocol coordinates link access
- Various data rates, transmission distances

Infrastructure mode:

- Base station connects mobiles into wired network
- Handoff: mobile changes base station providing connection into wired network

Ad hoc mode:

- No base stations
- Nodes can only transmit to other nodes within link coverage
- Nodes organize themselves into a network: route among themselves

	Standard	Frequency Range	Data Rate
	802.11b	2.4 GHz	Up to 11 Mbps
Ī	802.11a	5 GHz	Up to 54 Mbps
	802.11g	2.4 GHz	Up to 54 Mbps
	802.11n	2.4 GHz and 5 GHz	Up to 450 Mbps
	802.11ac	5GHz	Up to 1300 Mbps

2 Wireless Link Characteristics

Important differences from wired link

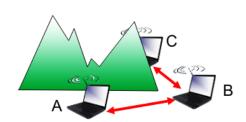
- Decreased signal strength: radio signal attenuates as it propagates through matter
- Interference from other sources: standardized wireless network frequencies shared by other devices interfere as well
- Multipath propagation: radio signal reflects off object ground, arriving at destination at slightly different times

Make communication across a wireless link much more difficult

Definition: Hidden terminals

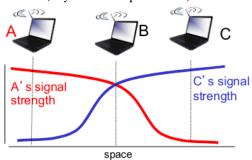
Senders that cannot sense each other but nonetheless collide at intended receiver

Multiple wireless senders and receivers create additional problems (beyond multiple access)



Hidden terminal problem

- B,A hear each other
- B,C hear each other
- A,C can't hear each other, means A,C unaware of their interference at B



Signal attenuation:

- B,A hear each other
- B,C hear each other
- A,C can't hear each other interfering at B

Definition: Exposed terminals

Senders who can sense each other but still transmit safely (to different receivers)