

A SIMPLE WAY TO LEARN AS A DEVOPS ENGINEER BY READING (TWO)

This document is share with you by s5willy.

January 20th, 2023

VIM COMMAND

Maurice and You

You are an expert working for Mytech Solution Training Center – MSTC inc. Maurice is sent to you in order that you help him to learn basic Vim command.

- 1- Create a main directory named mother and a subdirectory named child
- 2- In the subdirectory named child, create two files called child1.txt and child2.txt
- 3- In the file child1 copy the following message inside, write and quite (save):

I love Linux.

I need time to learn it.

It not difficult, but I missed time to learn it.

I have another job and it is not easy.

I have kids and I'm busy with my mother tasks.

The time is a good tool to learn Linux Command.

- 4- In the file child2 copy the following message inside, write and quite (save):

Vim command is easy.

I still need time to master vim command

I would like to learn how to delete stuff in vim

Also, I would like to know how to recall what you just deleted on vim

This devOps engineer job is demanding but doable

I have a couple of friends who make good money as DevOps engineer

Vim is the best text editor used by DevOps engineer

What are basics Vim command?

Help me to learn about all vim basic command

5- From where you are right now, go back to the following absolute path:
~/mother\$ Write the Linux Command that you have use to do it:

- a. List the content of the directory mother
- b. Get inside the directory child
- c. List the content of the directory child
- d. Use one Linux command to see the content of the file child1.txt

6- From where you are right now, go back to the following absolute path:
~/mother\$ Write the Linux Command that you have use to do it:

- a. List the content of the directory mother
- b. Get inside the directory child
- c. List the content of the directory child
- d. Use one Linux command to see the content of the file child2.txt

Tom and Jerry

In this part, you will master other vim command with Tom and Jerry.

- 1- Open the file child1.txt with the Linux command vim. Write the Linus command to do it here: _____
- 2- Use one vim command to set numbers on the lines in the content of the file child1.txt. What is that vim command? _____
- 3- How many lines do you have in vim child1.txt? Write your answer here: _____

- 4- Save and quit the vim child1.txt file.
- 5- Use one Linux command to see the content of the file child1.txt
- 6- Do you still have numbers before each line? Why?
- 7- Open the file child1.txt with the Linux command vim.
- 8- Do you still have numbers before each line? Why?
- 9- Add after the last line the phrase: I love the file vim child1.txt.
- 10- Use one vim command to set numbers on the lines in the content of the file child1.txt. What are the two vim commands to set line? _____ and _____
- 11- Delete the last line with one vim command. What is that command? _____
- 12- With one vim command recall the last line that you just deleted. What is that vim command you have used? _____
- 13- With one vim command, move to the beginning of the line. What is that vim command? _____
- 14- With one vim command, move to the end of the line. What is that vim command? _____

Royal and McGuire

In this part, you will master other vim command with Royal and McGuire.

- 1- Open the file child2.txt with the Linux command vim. Write the Linux command to do it here: _____
- 2- Use one vim command to set numbers on the lines in the content of the file child2.txt. What is that vim command? _____
- 3- How many lines do you have in vim child1.txt? Write your answer here: _____
- 4- Save and quit the vim child2.txt file.
- 5- Use one Linux command to see the content of the file child2.txt
- 6- Do you still have numbers before each line? Why?

- 7- Open the file child2.txt with the Linux command vim.
- 8- Do you still have numbers before each line? Why?
- 9- Add after the last line the phrase: I love the file vim child2.txt.
- 10- Use one vim command to set numbers on the lines in the content of the file child2.txt. What are the two vim commands to set line? _____ and _____
- 11- Delete the last line with one vim command. What is that command? _____
- 12- With one vim command recall the last line that you just deleted. What is that vim command you have used? _____
- 13- With one vim command, move to the beginning of the line. What is that vim command? _____
- 14- With one vim command, move to the end of the line. What is that vim command? _____

Blue and Marine

With Blue and Marine, you will enjoy vim command that help you to change some specific word in a file.

- 1- Open the file child1.txt with a vim command.
- 2- Change all the word << love >> by the French word << aime >>. What vim command did you use? _____
- 3- Change only the first word << love >> by the French word << aime >>. What vim command did you use? _____

Yellow and Grey

With Yellow and Grey, you will enjoy vim command that help you to change some specific word in a file.

- 1- Open the file child2.txt with a vim command.
- 2- Change all the word << I >> by the French word << moi >>. What vim command did you use? _____
- 3- Change only the first two word << I >> by the French word << moi >>. What vim command did you use? _____

A SIMPLE WAY TO LEARN AS A DEVOPS ENGINEER BY READING (TWO)

This document is share with you by s5willy.

January 20th, 2023

VIM COMMAND

Maurice and You
Linux or Vim command
mkdir / touch / command + c (for mac) / wq! / command + v (for Mac) / cd .. / ls / cd / cat /

Tom and Jerry
Linux or Vim command
cd .. / cd / vim [file] / set nu or set number / wq! / cat [file] / command + c (Mac) / Command + v (Mac) / set nu or set number / dd / u or command + r / 0 / \$

Royal and McGuire
Linux or Vim command
cd .. / cd / vim [file] / set nu or set number / wq! / cat [file] / command + c (Mac) / Command + v (Mac) / set nu or set number / dd / u or command + r / 0 / \$

Blue and Marine
Linux or Vim command
vim [file] / [%s/love/aime/g] / [%s/love/aime/gc] Y for the first word love [and] N for the last word love /

Yellow and Grey
Linux or Vim command
vim [file] / [%s/love/aime/g] / [%s/love/aime/gc] Y for the first word love [and] N for the last word love /