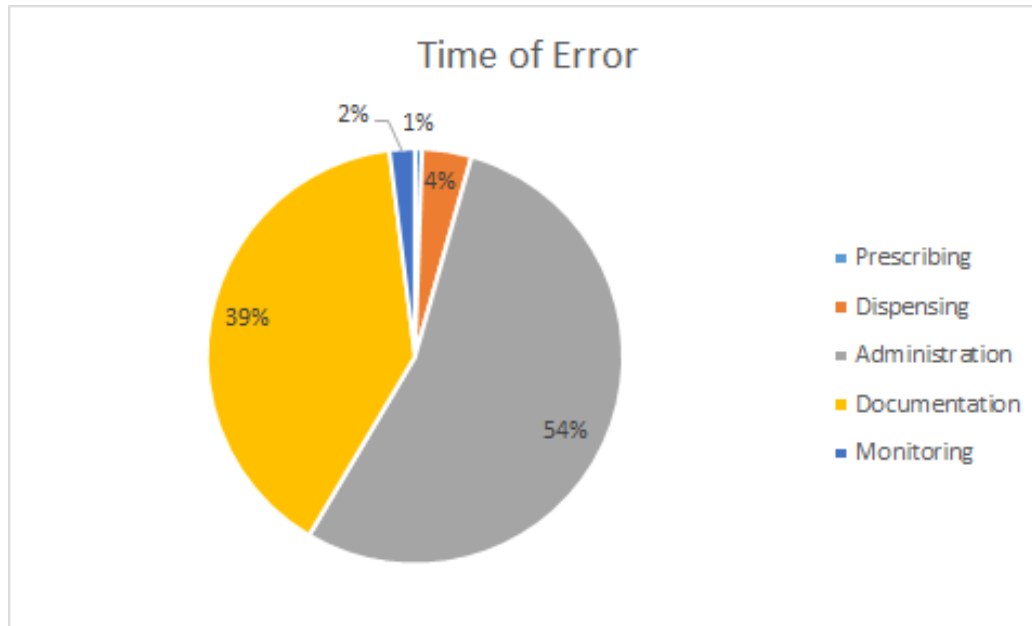


# Ion Medication System

Independent Study Mid-Review  
Team Ion: Duke University

# Challenge Definition

A large percentage of medication errors in nursing homes is due to inconsistent or incorrect administration and documentation of medication distribution. We believe that an embedded system that dispenses and keeps track of medication distribution/adherence can significantly reduce the amount of these errors and lighten the load of caretakers.

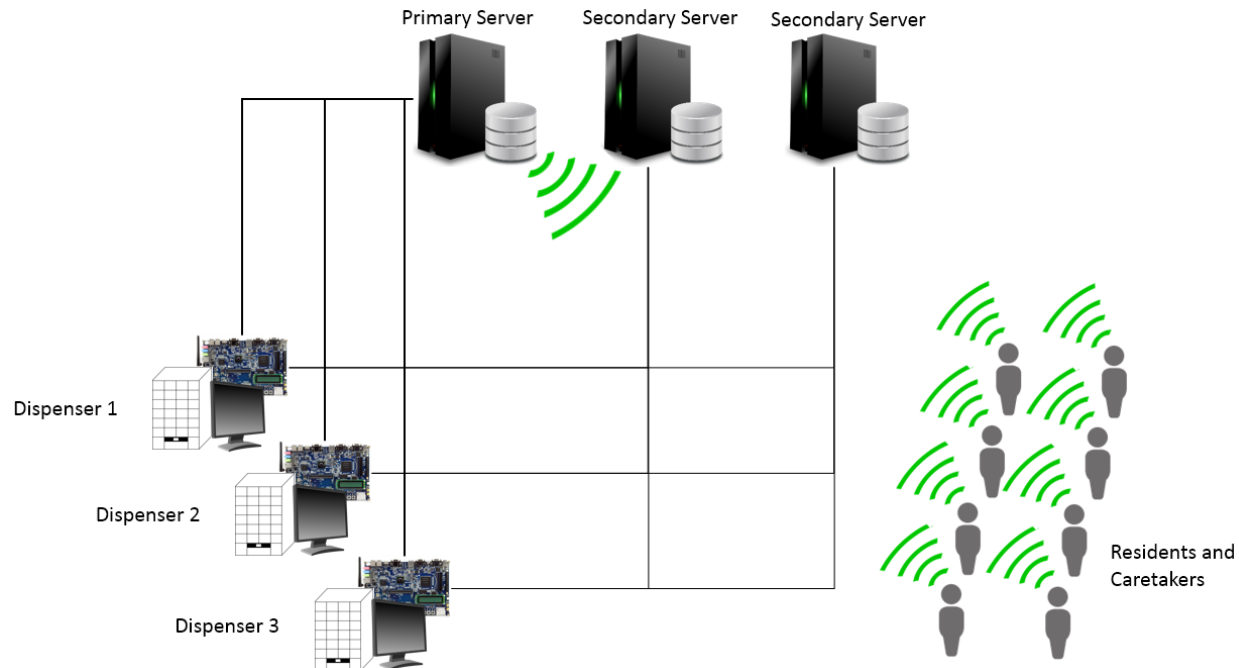


*Medication Error Breakdown in North Carolina Living Homes*

R Desai et al. "Exploratory Evaluation of Medication Classes Most Commonly Involved in Nursing Home Errors". Journal of the American Medical Directors Association, 2013-06-01, Volume 14, Issue 6, Pages 403-408

# Entry Solution

Our solution consists of three parts. Bodepacks for receiving medication notifications/reminders, central dispensers for efficiently and accurately distributing medication to the proper individuals, and a web application that facilitates medication adherence monitoring, efficient management operations, and system maintenance. Physical communication between these three components will be achieved through RFID and wireless communication through WiFi.



# Comparison to Precedent

## OTHER SYSTEMS

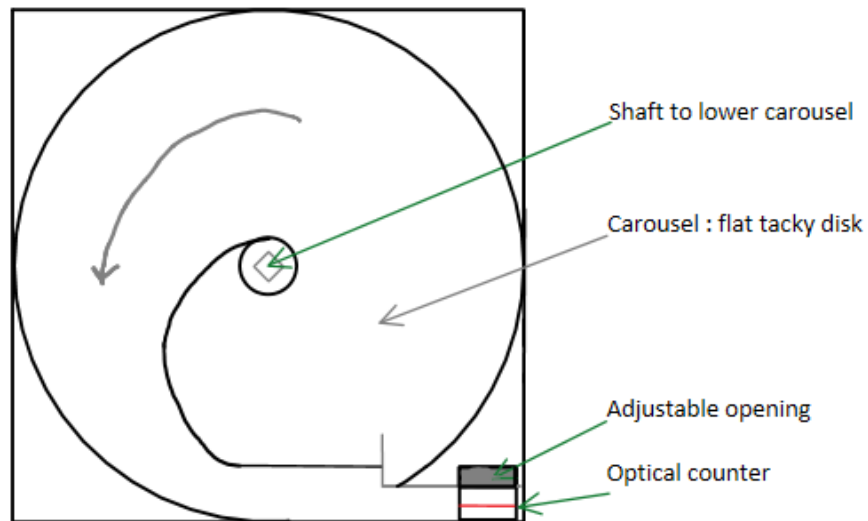
- Mostly designed for pharmaceutical/hospital use
- Created to reduce dispensing errors

## ION MEDICATION SYSTEM

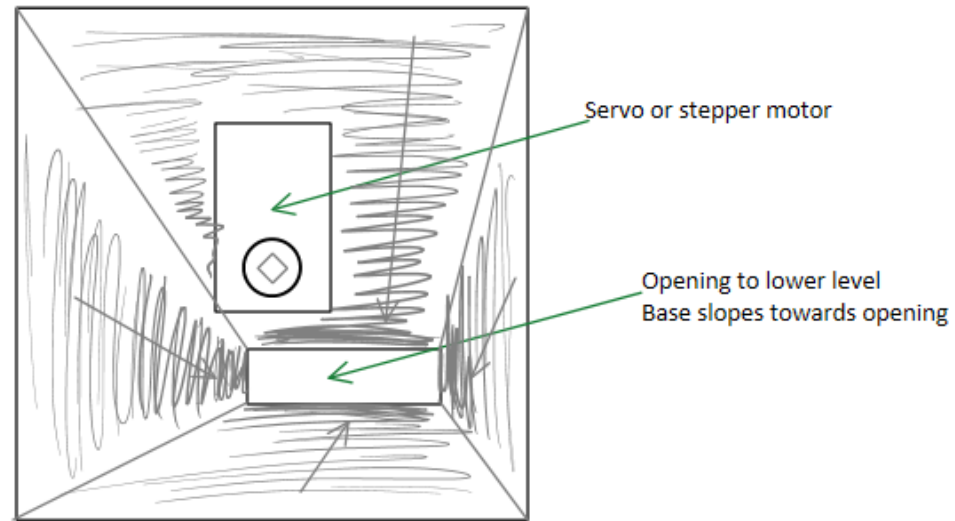
- Designed for general usage (not just trained pharmacists)
- Provides tools for monitoring and responding to medication distribution and administration over time
- Also provides enhanced documentation ability
- Aims to improve medical **adherence** through automated reminders and ease of use
- Intended to integrate into everyday life, targets living home-like communities

# Dispenser Compartment Outline

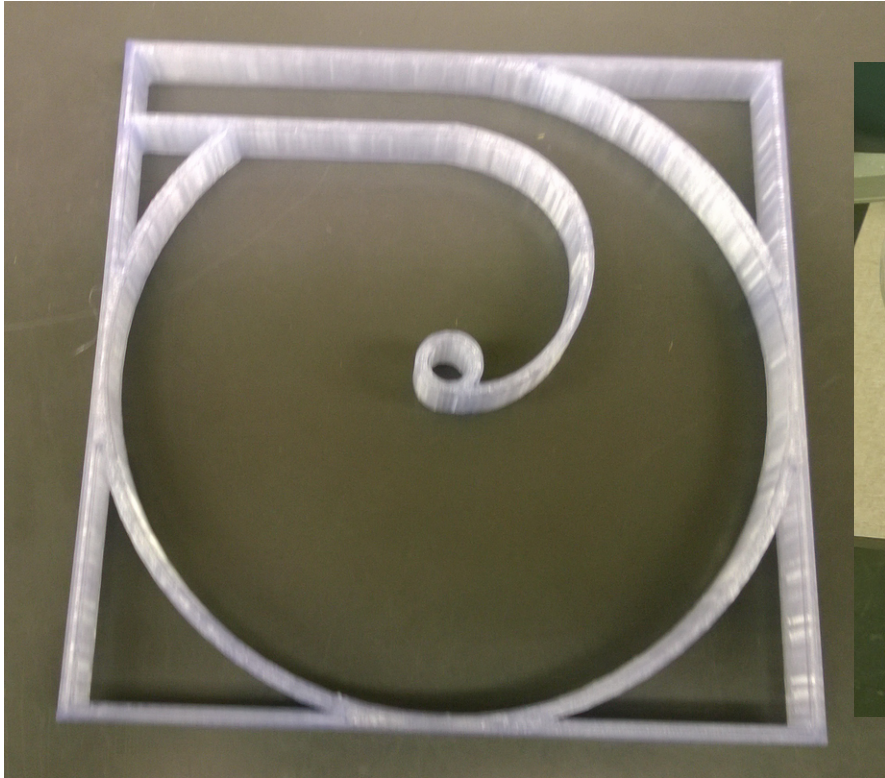
Lower level



Upper level



# Dispenser 3D Print and Testing



# Work to date

## Stages Completed

Stage one - laying the foundation, outlining structures, logistics

Stage two - basic web functionalities

Stage three - acquiring physical parts/demoing various technologies

## Functionalities implemented

- Intel processor running centralized server
- Database structure and design implemented
- Ability to add medication/schedules to patients through web interface
- Dispenser compartment conception
- Dispenser/Compartment administration through web interface
- Few measurable performance metrics at this point in time

[\(add medication\)](#)

The screenshot shows a web form for adding medication. It includes a text input for 'RXUID' with a search icon and a link to 'RXUID Lookup'. Below this is a 'Number of pills' spinner and a checked checkbox for 'Dispensable?'. The 'Start:' section features a time selection dropdown (6:00am to 9:00am) and a date input (mm/dd/yyyy). The 'Schedule' section has a checked 'Repeat?' checkbox and an 'Every' spinner followed by the word 'days'. At the bottom is an 'Add Medication' button.

RXUID:  [RXUID Lookup](#)

Number of pills

☒ Dispensable?

Start:

6:00am  
7:00am  
8:00am  
9:00am

Schedule

Repeat? ☒

Every  days

# Web Portal Design

Users Dispensers Medication Account Logout



## Admin Portal

### Common Tasks

Add new user

Edit user

Add dispenser

Edit dispenser

### Tools

User has logged on.

Medication was added into Dispenser.

### Notifications

No notifications



# Project Execution Decisions

## WEB APPLICATION BACKING

**Decision:** Python, Mongo, Django

**Motivators:** Flexibility, quick development time, and plentiful documentation

## BODYPACK BOARD

**Decision:** Galileo, **Yun**, Edison

**Decision:** Xbee vs **WiFi**

**Motivators:** Size, implementation complexity, existing infrastructure

## ATOM PROCESSOR OS

**Decision:** Linux, **Windows** XP/7/64-bit/**32-bit**

**Motivators:** Component/software compatibility, drivers and familiarity

## INFORMATION STORAGE

**Decision:** **RFID** vs. Barcode

**Motivators:** Information density and system simplicity

# Timeline Update Summary

**Stage one - laying the foundation, outlining structures**

**Stage two - basic web functionalities**

**Stage three - acquiring physical parts/demoing various technologies**

**Stage four - Physical system design**

*Target completion date: April 1*

**Stage five - Integration**

*Target completion date: April 13*

**Stage six - Testing**

*Target completion date: April 16*

**Stage seven - Polishing/Competition prep**

*Target completion date: April 21*

# Budget Summary

## **YTD spendings: \$350**

Major cost points:

Yun

RFID tags/reader

Touch screen

## **Estimated future expenses: \$750**

Major cost points:

Motors

**Scale**

Metal supports/acrylic

Plugs/ports

# Upcoming

## **Stage four - Physical system design**

- improving SolidWorks proficiency (*completed*)
- learning how to use the 3D printing resources at Duke (*completed*)
- printing necessary components parts
- acquiring necessary non-system physical design components
- testing performance and refining dispenser design until dispenser functions smoothly and accurately
- physically assembling the dispenser