Recurrent Neural Network

mursalimov.emil

August 27, 2019

Recurrent Neural Network 1

Elman RNN model with tanh:

$$\begin{split} h^{[t]} &= \tanh(W_x x^{[t]} + b_x + W_h h^{[t-1]} + b_h) \\ y^{[t]} &= W_y h^{[t]} + b_y \\ p^{[t]} &= softmax(y^{[t]}) \\ E^{[t]} &= -\log p_{\lambda}^{[t]} \\ E &= \sum_{t=1}^T E^{[t]} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^{[t]} &\in \mathbb{R}^{N \times 1}, \ h^{[t]} \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times 1}, \ y^{[t]} \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times 1}, \ p^{[t]} \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times 1}, \ E^{[t]} \in \mathbb{R}, \ E \in \mathbb{R} \\ W_x &\in \mathbb{R}^{H \times N}, \ b_x \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times 1}, \ W_h \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times H}, \ b_h \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times 1}, \ W_y \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times H}, \ b_y \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times 1} \end{aligned}$$

Notes:

1. $\lambda \colon \mathbb{R}^{N \times 1} \to \mathbb{R}$ - feature vector to class label: $\lambda = \lambda(x^{[t]})$

$$2. \ l^{[t]} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times 1} \text{ - one-hot target vector, where } l_i^{[t]} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } i = \lambda \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

3.
$$\sigma_{ij}$$
 - the Kronecker delta, where $\sigma_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } i = j \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
4. $\text{vec: } \mathbb{R}^{m \times n} \to \mathbb{R}^{mn \times 1}, \text{ if } A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n} \text{ then } \text{vec } A = \begin{bmatrix} A^{(1)} \\ A^{(2)} \\ \vdots \\ A^{(n)} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{mn \times 1}, \text{ where } A^{(j)} \text{ is } j\text{-th column}$

5.
$$\operatorname{mat}_{m \times n} : \mathbb{R}^{1 \times mn} \to \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$$
, if $a \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times mn}$ then $\operatorname{mat} \quad a = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_{m+1} & \dots & a_{(n-1)m+1} \\ a_2 & a_{m+2} & \dots & a_{(n-1)m+2} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_m & a_{2m} & \dots & a_{nm} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$

6. $I \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times H}$ - identity matrix

Update weights equation:

$$\begin{split} \Theta &= \{W_x, b_x, W_h, b_h, W_y, b_y\} \\ \theta_j &= \theta_j - \gamma DE(\theta_j), \text{ where } \theta_j \in \Theta \text{ is a matrix, } DE(\theta_j) = \frac{\partial E}{\partial \theta_j} \text{ - Jacobian matrix} \\ \theta_j &= \theta_j - \gamma \nabla E(\theta_j), \text{ where } \theta_j \in \Theta \text{ is a vector, } \nabla E(\theta_j) = (\frac{\partial E}{\partial \theta_j})^T \text{ - Gradient vector.} \end{split}$$

2 Differentials and Jacobian matrices

$$2.1 \quad heta_j = W_x$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial W_x} = \sum_{t=1}^T \frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial W_x} \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times N}$$

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial W_x} = \mathrm{mat}_{H \times N}(\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial (\mathrm{vec}\ W_x)}) \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times N}$$

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial (\text{vec } W_x)} = \frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial p^{[t]}} \frac{\partial p^{[t]}}{\partial y^{[t]}} \frac{\partial y^{[t]}}{\partial h^{[t]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial (\text{vec } W_x)} \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times HN}$$

Recursive ratio:

$$\begin{split} z^{[t]} &= z_x^{[t]} + z_h^{[t-1]} \\ z_x^{[t]} &= W_x x^{[t]} + b_x \\ z_h^{[t-1]} &= W_h h^{[t-1]} + b_h \end{split}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} & = \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} = \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial (z_x^{[t]} + z_h^{[t-1]})}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} \\ & = \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \Big(\frac{\partial z_x^{[t]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} + \frac{\partial z_h^{[t-1]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} \Big) \\ & = \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \Big(\frac{\partial z_x^{[t]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} + \frac{\partial z_h^{[t-1]}}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t-1]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} \Big) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} = \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \big(\frac{\partial z_x^{[t]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} + \frac{\partial z_h^{[t-1]}}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t-1]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} \big)$$

Recursive formula:

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} = \frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial p^{[t]}} \frac{\partial p^{[t]}}{\partial y^{[t]}} \frac{\partial y^{[t]}}{\partial h^{[t]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} (\frac{\partial z_x^{[t]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} + \frac{\partial z_h^{[t-1]}}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t-1]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)}) \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times HN}$$

Jacobians:

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial p^{[t]}} = \frac{\partial (-\log p_{\lambda}^{[t]})}{\partial p^{[t]}} = \left[0 \cdot \cdot \cdot (-\frac{1}{p_{\lambda}^{[t]}}) \cdot \cdot \cdot 0\right] \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times K}$$

$$\frac{\partial p^{[t]}}{\partial y^{[t]}} = \frac{\partial (softmax(y^{[t]}))}{\partial y^{[t]}} = \begin{bmatrix} p_1^{[t]}(\sigma_{11} - p_1^{[t]}) & p_1^{[t]}(\sigma_{12} - p_2^{[t]}) & \dots & p_1^{[t]}(\sigma_{1K} - p_K^{[t]}) \\ p_2^{[t]}(\sigma_{21} - p_1^{[t]}) & p_2^{[t]}(\sigma_{22} - p_2^{[t]}) & \dots & p_2^{[t]}(\sigma_{2K} - p_K^{[t]}) \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ p_K^{[t]}(\sigma_{K1} - p_1^{[t]}) & p_K^{[t]}(\sigma_{K2} - p_2^{[t]}) & \dots & p_K^{[t]}(\sigma_{KK} - p_K^{[t]}) \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times K}$$

$$\frac{\partial y^{[t]}}{\partial h^{[t]}} = \frac{\partial (W_y h^{[t]} + b_y)}{\partial h^{[t]}} = \begin{bmatrix} w_{y_{11}} & w_{y_{12}} & \dots & w_{y_{1H}} \\ w_{y_{21}} & w_{y_{22}} & \dots & w_{y_{2H}} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ w_{y_{K1}} & w_{y_{K2}} & \dots & w_{y_{KH}} \end{bmatrix} = W_y \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times H}$$

$$\frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} = \frac{\partial \tanh(z^{[t]})}{\partial z^{[t]}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 - (h_1^{[t]})^2 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 1 - (h_2^{[t]})^2 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 - (h_H^{[t]})^2 \end{bmatrix} = \operatorname{diag}(\mathbf{1} - (h^{[t]})^2) = \Lambda^{[t]} \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times H}$$

$$\frac{\partial z_x^{[t]}}{\partial (\text{vec } W_x)} = \frac{\partial (W_x x^{[t]} + b_x)}{\partial (\text{vec } W_x)} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1^{[t]} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots & x_N^{[t]} & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & x_1^{[t]} & \dots & 0 & \dots & 0 & x_N^{[t]} & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & x_1^{[t]} & \dots & 0 & 0 & \dots & x_N^{[t]} \end{bmatrix} = (x^{[t]})^T \otimes I \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times HN}$$

$$\frac{\partial z_h^{[t]}}{\partial h^{[t]}} = \frac{\partial (W_h h^{[t]} + b_h)}{\partial h^{[t]}} = \begin{bmatrix} w_{h_{11}} & w_{h_{12}} & \dots & w_{h_{1H}} \\ w_{h_{21}} & w_{h_{22}} & \dots & w_{h_{2H}} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ w_{h_{H1}} & w_{h_{H2}} & \dots & w_{h_{HH}} \end{bmatrix} = W_h \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times H}$$

Deployment:

$$\frac{\partial h^{[1]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} = \frac{\partial h^{[1]}}{\partial z^{[1]}} \left(\frac{\partial z_x^{[1]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} + \frac{\partial z_h^{[0]}}{\partial h^{[0]}} \frac{\partial h^{[0]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\partial h^{[1]}}{\partial z^{[1]}} \frac{\partial z_x^{[1]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)}$$

$$\frac{\partial h^{[2]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} = \frac{\partial h^{[2]}}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z_x^{[2]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} + \frac{\partial h^{[2]}}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z_h^{[1]}}{\partial h^{[1]}} \frac{\partial z_h^{[1]}}{\partial z^{[1]}} \frac{\partial z_h^{[1]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)}$$

$$\frac{\partial h^{[3]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} = \frac{\partial h^{[3]}}{\partial z^{[3]}} \frac{\partial z_x^{[3]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} + \frac{\partial h^{[3]}}{\partial z^{[3]}} \frac{\partial z_h^{[2]}}{\partial h^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z_x^{[2]}}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial h^{[3]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} + \frac{\partial h^{[3]}}{\partial z^{[3]}} \frac{\partial z_h^{[2]}}{\partial h^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z_x^{[1]}}{\partial z^{[1]}} \frac{\partial h^{[1]}}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z_h^{[1]}}{\partial z^{[1]}} \frac{\partial z_h^{[1]}}{\partial$$

Intermediate formula:

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial (\text{vec }W_x)} = \frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial p^{[t]}} \frac{\partial p^{[t]}}{\partial y^{[t]}} \frac{\partial y^{[t]}}{\partial h^{[t]}} \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} \big(\prod_{s=0}^{k-1} \frac{\partial h^{[t-s]}}{\partial z^{[t-s]}} \frac{\partial z_h^{[t-s-1]}}{\partial h^{[t-s-1]}} \big) \, \frac{\partial h^{[t-k]}}{\partial z^{[t-k]}} \frac{\partial z_x^{[t-k]}}{\partial (\text{vec }W_x)}$$

Matrix formula:

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial (\text{vec } W_x)} = (p^{[t]} - l^{[t]})^T W_y \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} (\prod_{s=0}^{k-1} \Lambda^{[t-s]} W_h) \Lambda^{[t-k]} ((x^{[t-k]})^T \otimes I)$$
(1)

Examples:

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial E^{[1]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} = (p^{[1]} - l^{[1]})^T W_y \big(\Lambda^{[1]} ((x^{[1]})^T \otimes I) \big) \\ \frac{\partial E^{[2]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} = (p^{[2]} - l^{[2]})^T W_y \big(\Lambda^{[2]} ((x^{[2]})^T \otimes I) + \Lambda^{[2]} W_h \Lambda^{[1]} ((x^{[1]})^T \otimes I) \big) \\ \frac{\partial E^{[3]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_x)} = (p^{[3]} - l^{[3]})^T W_y \big(\Lambda^{[3]} ((x^{[3]})^T \otimes I) + \Lambda^{[3]} W_h \Lambda^{[2]} ((x^{[2]})^T \otimes I) + \Lambda^{[3]} W_h \Lambda^{[2]} W_h \Lambda^{[1]} ((x^{[1]})^T \otimes I) \big) \end{array}$$

Matrix from Vec:

Let $x \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times 1}$, $y \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times 1}$, $I \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times m}$

$$y^{T}(x^{T} \otimes I) = \begin{bmatrix} y_{1} & y_{2} & \dots & y_{m} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{1} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots & x_{N} & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & x_{1} & \dots & 0 & \dots & 0 & x_{N} & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & x_{1} & \dots & 0 & 0 & \dots & x_{N} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x_{1}y_{1} & x_{1}y_{2} & \dots & x_{1}y_{m} & x_{2}y_{1} & x_{2}y_{2} & \dots & x_{2}y_{m} & \dots & x_{n}y_{1} & x_{n}y_{2} & \dots & x_{n}y_{m} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times mn}$$

$$\operatorname{mat}_{m \times n}(y^{T}(x^{T} \otimes I)) = \begin{bmatrix} x_{1}y_{1} & x_{2}y_{1} & \dots & x_{n}y_{1} \\ x_{1}y_{2} & x_{2}y_{2} & \dots & x_{n}y_{2} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_{1}y_{m} & x_{2}y_{m} & \dots & x_{n}y_{m} \end{bmatrix} = yx^{T} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$$

Simplified formula:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{W_x} &= \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} ((p^{[t]} - l^{[t]})^T W_y \; (\prod_{s=0}^{k-1} \Lambda^{[t-s]} W_h) \; \Lambda^{[t-k]})^T (x^{[t-k]})^T \\ &= \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} \Lambda^{[t-k]} \; (\prod_{s=0}^{k-1} \Lambda^{[t-s]} W_h)^T \; W_y^T (p^{[t]} - l^{[t]}) (x^{[t-k]})^T \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^{t} \Lambda^{[k]} \; (\prod_{s=k+1}^{t} W_h^T \Lambda^{[s]}) \; W_y^T (p^{[t]} - l^{[t]}) (x^{[k]})^T \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial W_x} = \sum_{k=1}^t \Lambda^{[k]} \; (\prod_{s=k+1}^t W_h^T \Lambda^{[s]} \; \;) \; W_y^T (p^{[t]} - l^{[t]}) (x^{[k]})^T$$

Examples:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial E^{[1]}}{\partial W_{x}} = \Lambda^{[1]}W_{y}^{T}(p^{[1]} - l^{[1]})(x^{[1]})^{T} \\ &\frac{\partial E^{[2]}}{\partial W_{x}} = \Lambda^{[1]}W_{h}^{T}\Lambda^{[2]}W_{y}^{T}(p^{[2]} - l^{[2]})(x^{[1]})^{T} + \Lambda^{[2]}W_{y}^{T}(p^{[2]} - l^{[2]})(x^{[2]})^{T} \\ &\frac{\partial E^{[3]}}{\partial W_{x}} = \Lambda^{[1]}W_{h}^{T}\Lambda^{[2]}W_{h}^{T}\Lambda^{[3]}W_{y}^{T}(p^{[3]} - l^{[3]})(x^{[1]})^{T} + \Lambda^{[2]}W_{h}^{T}\Lambda^{[3]}W_{y}^{T}(p^{[3]} - l^{[3]})(x^{[2]})^{T} + \Lambda^{[3]}W_{y}^{T}(p^{[3]} - l^{[3]})(x^{[3]})^{T} \end{split}$$

Final formula:

$$DE(W_x) = \frac{\partial E}{\partial W_x} = \sum_{t=1}^T \sum_{k=1}^t \Lambda^{[k]} \left(\prod_{s=k+1}^t W_h^T \Lambda^{[s]} \right) W_y^T (p^{[t]} - l^{[t]}) (x^{[k]})^T$$

Calculation algorithm:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{1: For t from T downto 1 do} \\ \text{2:} & e = \Lambda^{[t]}(W_y^T(p^{[t]} - l^{[t]}) + W_h^T e) \\ \text{3:} & dW_x = dW_x + e(x^{[t]})^T \end{array}$$

3:
$$dW_x = dW_x + e(x^{[t]})^T$$

4:
$$W_x = W_x - \gamma dW_x$$

$heta_j = b_x$ 2.2

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial b_x} = \sum_{t=1}^T \frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times H}$$

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} = \frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial p^{[t]}} \frac{\partial p^{[t]}}{\partial y^{[t]}} \frac{\partial y^{[t]}}{\partial h^{[t]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times H}$$

Recursive ratio:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} &= \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} = \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial (z_x^{[t]} + z_h^{[t-1]})}{\partial b_x} \\ &= \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \big(\frac{\partial z_x^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial z_h^{[t-1]}}{\partial b_x} \big) \\ &= \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \big(\frac{\partial z_x^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial z_h^{[t-1]}}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t-1]}}{\partial b_x} \big) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} = \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} (\frac{\partial z_x^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial z_h^{[t-1]}}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t-1]}}{\partial b_x})$$

Recursive formula:

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} = \frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial p^{[t]}} \frac{\partial p^{[t]}}{\partial y^{[t]}} \frac{\partial y^{[t]}}{\partial h^{[t]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} (\frac{\partial z_x^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial z_h^{[t-1]}}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t-1]}}{\partial b_x}) \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times H}$$

Jacobians:

$$\frac{\partial z_x^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} = \frac{\partial (W_x x^{[t]} + b_x)}{\partial b_x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times H}$$

Deployment:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{\partial h^{[1]}}{\partial b_x} &= \frac{\partial h^{[1]}}{\partial z^{[1]}} \Big(\frac{\partial z^{[1]}_x}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial z^{[0]}_h}{\partial h^{[0]}} \frac{\partial h^{[0]}}{\partial b_x} \Big) \\ &= \frac{\partial h^{[1]}}{\partial z^{[1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[1]}_x}{\partial b_x} \\ &= \frac{\partial h^{[2]}}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z^{[2]}_x}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial h^{[2]}}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z^{[1]}_h}{\partial h^{[1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[1]}}{\partial b_x} \\ \frac{\partial h^{[2]}}{\partial b_x} &= \frac{\partial h^{[2]}}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z^{[2]}_x}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial h^{[2]}}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z^{[1]}_h}{\partial h^{[1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[1]}_x}{\partial b_x} \\ \frac{\partial h^{[3]}}{\partial b_x} &= \frac{\partial h^{[3]}}{\partial z^{[3]}} \frac{\partial z^{[3]}_x}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial h^{[3]}}{\partial z^{[3]}} \frac{\partial z^{[2]}_h}{\partial b_x} \frac{\partial z^{[2]}_h}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial h^{[3]}}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z^{[2]}_h}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial h^{[3]}}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z^{[2]}_h}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial h^{[2]}}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z^{[1]}_h}{\partial b_x} + \cdots + \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t-1]}_h}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t-2]}_h}{\partial z^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t-1]}_h}{\partial b_x} + \cdots + \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t-1]}_h}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t-2]}_h}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}_h}{\partial z^{[2]}} \frac{\partial z^{[1]}_h}{\partial b_x} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} &= \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}_h}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t-1]}_h}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t-1]}}{\partial z^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t-1]}_h}{\partial b_x} + \cdots + \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t-1]}_h}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}_h}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}_h}{\partial b_x} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}_h}{\partial b_x} + \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}_h}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t-1]}_h}{\partial z^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t-1]}_h}{\partial b_x} + \cdots + \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t-1]}_h}{\partial h^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}_h}{\partial z^{[t-1]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}_h}{\partial b_x} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}_h}{\partial z^{[t]}$$

Intermediate formula:

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} = \frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial p^{[t]}} \frac{\partial p^{[t]}}{\partial y^{[t]}} \frac{\partial y^{[t]}}{\partial h^{[t]}} \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} \big(\prod_{s=0}^{k-1} \frac{\partial h^{[t-s]}}{\partial z^{[t-s]}} \frac{\partial z_h^{[t-s-1]}}{\partial h^{[t-s-1]}} \big) \, \frac{\partial h^{[t-k]}}{\partial z^{[t-k]}} \frac{\partial z_x^{[t-k]}}{\partial b_x}$$

Matrix formula:

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial b_x} = (p^{[t]} - l^{[t]})^T W_y \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} (\prod_{s=0}^{k-1} \Lambda^{[t-s]} W_k) \Lambda^{[t-k]}$$
(2)

Examples:

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial E^{[1]}}{\partial b_x} = (p^{[1]} - l^{[1]})^T W_y (\Lambda^{[1]}) \\ \frac{\partial E^{[2]}}{\partial b_x} = (p^{[2]} - l^{[2]})^T W_y (\Lambda^{[2]} + \Lambda^{[2]} W_h \Lambda^{[1]}) \\ \frac{\partial E^{[3]}}{\partial b_x} = (p^{[3]} - l^{[3]})^T W_y (\Lambda^{[3]} + \Lambda^{[3]} W_h \Lambda^{[2]} + \Lambda^{[3]} W_h \Lambda^{[2]} W_h \Lambda^{[1]}) \end{array}$$

Simplified formula:

$$\begin{split} (\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial b_x})^T &&= \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} ((p^{[t]} - l^{[t]})^T W_y \; (\prod_{s=0}^{k-1} \Lambda^{[t-s]} W_h) \; \Lambda^{[t-k]})^T \\ &= \sum_{k=0}^{t-1} \Lambda^{[t-k]} \; (\prod_{s=0}^{k-1} \Lambda^{[t-s]} W_h)^T \; W_y^T (p^{[t]} - l^{[t]}) \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^{t} \Lambda^{[k]} \; (\prod_{s=k+1}^{t} W_h^T \Lambda^{[s]}) \; W_y^T (p^{[t]} - l^{[t]}) \end{split}$$

$$(\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial b_x})^T = \sum_{k=1}^t \Lambda^{[k]} \; (\prod_{s=k+1}^t W_h^T \Lambda^{[s]} \; \;) \; W_y^T (p^{[t]} - l^{[t]})$$

Examples:

$$\begin{split} &(\frac{\partial E^{[1]}}{\partial b_x})^T = \Lambda^{[1]} W_y^T(p^{[1]} - l^{[1]}) \\ &(\frac{\partial E^{[2]}}{\partial b_x})^T = \Lambda^{[1]} W_h^T \Lambda^{[2]} W_y^T(p^{[2]} - l^{[2]}) + \Lambda^{[2]} W_y^T(p^{[2]} - l^{[2]}) \\ &(\frac{\partial E^{[3]}}{\partial b_x})^T = \Lambda^{[1]} W_h^T \Lambda^{[2]} W_h^T \Lambda^{[3]} W_y^T(p^{[3]} - l^{[3]}) + \Lambda^{[2]} W_h^T \Lambda^{[3]} W_y^T(p^{[3]} - l^{[3]}) + \Lambda^{[3]} W_y^T(p^{[3]} - l^{[3]}) \end{split}$$

Final formula:

$$\nabla E(b_x) = (\frac{\partial E}{\partial b_x})^T = \sum_{t=1}^T \sum_{k=1}^t \Lambda^{[k]} \left(\prod_{s=k+1}^t W_h^T \Lambda^{[s]} \right) W_y^T (p^{[t]} - l^{[t]})$$

Calculation algorithm:

2:
$$e = \Lambda^{[t]}(W_y^T(p^{[t]} - l^{[t]}) + W_h^T e)$$

3: $db_x = db_x + e$

3:
$$db_x = db_x + \epsilon$$

4:
$$b_x = b_x - \gamma db_x$$

2.3
$$\theta_j = W_h$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial W_h} = \sum_{t=1}^T \frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial W_h} \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times H}$$

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial W_h} = \mathrm{mat}_{H \times H}(\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial (\mathrm{vec} \ W_h)}) \in \mathbb{R}^{H \times H}$$

$$\frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial (\text{vec } W_h)} = \frac{\partial E^{[t]}}{\partial p^{[t]}} \frac{\partial p^{[t]}}{\partial y^{[t]}} \frac{\partial y^{[t]}}{\partial h^{[t]}} \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial (\text{vec } W_h)} \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times HH}$$

Recursive ratio:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_h)} &= \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial z^{[t]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_h)} = \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \frac{\partial (z_x^{[t]} + z_h^{[t-1]})}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_h)} \\ &= \frac{\partial h^{[t]}}{\partial z^{[t]}} \big(\frac{\partial z_x^{[t]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_h)} + \frac{\partial z_h^{[t-1]}}{\partial (\operatorname{vec} W_h)} \big) \end{array}$$

2.4
$$\theta_j = b_h$$

$$2.5 \quad heta_j = W_y$$

$$2.6 \quad heta_j = b_y$$