Lab: For Loop

Problems for exercise and homework for the "Programming Basics" course @ SoftUni Global.

Submit your solutions to the SoftUni Judge system at: https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/3693

1. Numbers from 1 to 100

Write a program that prints the numbers from 1 to 100, each on a new line.

Sample Input and Output

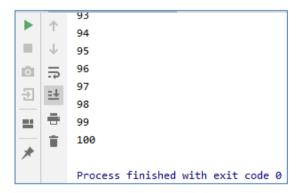
Input	Output
(no input)	1 2 3 98 99 100

Hints and Guidelines

1. Create a **for** loop with an initial value of the control variable **i** = **1**. Make the end value less than or equal to **100**. In the block of the cycle code, print i:

```
public class Numbers1To100 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        for (int i = 1; i \le 100; i++) {
             System.out.println(<u>i</u>);
        }
    }
```

2. Start the program with [Ctrl+Shift+F10] and test it:



Testing in the Judge System













2. Numbers N...1

Write a program that reads a positive integer **n** entered by the user and prints the numbers from **n** to **1** in reverse order. The number **n** entered will always be greater than 1.

Sample Input and Output

Input	Output
2	2
	1

Input	Output
3	3
	2
	1

Input	Output
5	5
	4
	3
	3 2
	1

Hints and Guidelines

1. Read an integer from the console:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
   int n = Integer.parseInt(scan.nextLine());
```

2. Create one for loop from n to 0, but instead of increasing the variable i by 1, decrease it by 1 for each iteration of the loop:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = Integer.parseInt(scan.nextLine());
   for (int i = n; i >= 1; i--) {
```

3. Print the variable i in the body of the loop:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = Integer.parseInt(scan.nextLine());
   for (int i = n; i >= 1; i --) {
        System.out.println(i);
```

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3. Numbers 1...N with Step 3

Write a program that reads the number **n** entered by the user and prints the **numbers from 1 to n through 3.**

Sample Input and Output

Input	Output
10	1 4
	7
	10

Input	Output
7	1
	1 4
	7

Input	Output
15	1
	4
	7
	10
	13

Hints and Guidelines

1. Read an integer **n** from the console:

```
Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
int n = Integer.parseInt(scan.nextLine());
```

2. Write a for loop from 1 to n (inclusive) and set the step to 3. This means that with each iteration of the loop, the variable i will increase its value by 3 instead of 1:

```
Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
int n = Integer.parseInt(scan.nextLine());
for (int i = 1; i <= n; i += 3) {
```

3. Print the variable i in the body of the loop:

```
Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
int n = Integer.parseInt(scan.nextLine());
for (int i = 1; i <= n; i += 3) {
    System.out.println(i);
```

Testing in the Judge System

Test the solution to this problem here: https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/Compete/Index/3693#2

4. Even Powers of 2

Write a program that reads the number n entered by the user and prints the even power of 2 ≤ 2ⁿ: 2⁰, 2², 2⁴, 2⁶, ..., 2ⁿ.













Sample Input and Output

Input	Output
3	1
	4

Input	Output
4	1
	1 4 16

Input	Output
5	1
	4 16
	16

Input	Output
6	1
	4
	16
	64

Input	Output
7	1
	4
	16
	64

Testing in the Judge System

Test the solution to this problem here: https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/Compete/Index/3693#3

5. Character Sequence

Write a program that reads text (string) entered by the user and prints each character of the text on a separate line.

Sample Input and Output

Input	Output	Input	Output
softuni	S	ice cream	i
	0		С
	f		e
	t		
	u		С
	n		r
	i		e
			a
			m

Hints and Guidelines

1. Read the input text:

```
Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
String input = scan.nextLine();
```

2. Write a for loop with an initial value of the control variable from 0 to input.length(). On each iteration, take the letter at the position in the entered word equal to the value of the control variable i, using the method

```
for (int i = 0; i < input.length(); i++) {</pre>
    char letter = input.charAt(i);
```

3. At each iteration, print the value of the variable **letter**:

```
for (int i = 0; i < input.length(); i++) {</pre>
    char letter = input.charAt(i);
    System.out.println(letter);
```

Testing in the Judge System















6. Vowels Sum

Write a program that reads text (string) entered by the user, calculates, and prints the sum of the values of the vowels according to the table below:

letter	а	е	i	0	u
value	1	2	3	4	5

Sample Input and Output

Input	Output	Comments
hello	6	e + o = 2 + 4 = 6
hi	3	i = 3
bamboo	9	a+o+o = 1+4+4 = 9
beer	4	e + e = 2 + 2 = 4

Testing in the Judge System

Test the solution to this problem here: https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/Compete/Index/3693#5

7. Sum Numbers

Write a program that reads **n-number integers** entered by the user and sums them.

- On the first line, print the number **n** that you will enter.
- On the next lines, enter the **n numbers** that you will sum.

The program must read the numbers, sum them, and print their sum.

Sample Input and Output

Output
30

Input	Output
3	-60
-10	
-20	
-30	

Input	Output
4	43
45	
-20	
7	
11	

Input	Output
1	999
999	

Input	Output
0	0

Testing in the Judge System

Test the solution to this problem here: https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/Compete/Index/3693#6

8. Number sequence

Write a program that reads **n integers**. Print the **largest** and **smallest** numbers from the entered numbers.

Sample Input and Output

















5	Max number: 304	6	Max number: 1000
10	Min number: 0	250	Min number: 0
20		5	
304		2	
0		0	
50		100	
		1000	

Testing in the Judge System

Test the solution to this problem here: https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/Compete/Index/3693#7

9. Left and Right Sum

Write a program that reads 2 * n numbers of integers submitted by the user and checks if the sum of the first n numbers (left sum) is equal to the sum of the second n numbers (right sum). In the case of equality, print "Yes, sum = " + the amount; otherwise print "No, diff = " + the difference. The difference is calculated as a positive number (use absolute value).

Sample Input and Output

Input		Output	Comments
2	Yes,	sum = 100	10+90 = 60+40 = 100
10			
90			
60			
40			

Input		Output	Comments
2	No,	diff = 1	90+9 ≠ 50+50 Difference =
90			
9			99-100 = 1
50			
50			

Testing in the Judge System

Test the solution to this problem here: https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/Compete/Index/3693#8

10. Odd Even Sum

Write a program that reads **n-number integers** submitted by the user and checks if the **sum of the numbers of even positions** is equal to the **sum of the numbers of odd positions**.

- If the amounts are equal, print two lines: "Yes" and a new line "Sum = " + the amount
- If the amounts are not equal, print two lines: "No" and a new line "Diff = " + the difference
 The difference is calculated as absolute value.

Sample Input and Output

Input	Output	Comments
4	Yes	10+60 =
10	Sum = 70	50+20 =
50		70
60		
20		

Input	Output	Comments
4	No	3+1 ≠ 5-2
3	Diff = 1	Diff =
5		4-3 = 1
1		
-2		

Input	Output	Comments
3	No	5+1 ≠ 8
5	Diff = 2	Diff =
8		6-8 = 2
1		

Testing in the Judge System











