

CS244B Mazewar Protocol Questions and Answers

Prakash Surya <surya1@stanford.edu>

April 23, 2012

1. Evaluate the portion of your design that deals with starting, maintaining, and exiting a game - what are its strengths and weaknesses?

The design that my group and I came up with has a number of strengths including resiliency despite packet loss and reordering. Since all of the information a client needs from a remote client is sent with each state packet, consistency remains even with a high amount of packet loss.

The acknowledgement of "tagged" packets also keep scores consistent even if a number of these packets are lost. The client will keep retransmitting, trying to let the other client know he should be awarded the tag.

If a leaving packet is lost, the timeout mechanism will correct this.

Nickname packets are continuously sent out at regular intervals. This is unnecessary once a client receives a single nickname packet from a given client, but it keeps it simple as these packets need not be acknowledged.

One issue with the design is the amount of communication sent over the network, even if there is no changes in state. If this design was to scale to millions of players, the number of packets sent over the network would need to be reduced to avoid congesting the network (which could potentially cause increased packet loss, latency, and reordering).

Another big drawback of the protocol is the fact that it doesn't deal with GUID collisions. Thus if two clients had the same GUID, these packets would get interpreted as a single player. This is very unlikely given a decent 64-bit PRNG, but theoretically it is still possible.

2. Evaluate your design with respect to its performance on its current platform (i.e. a small LAN linked by ethernet). How does it scale for an increased number of players? What if it is played across a WAN? Or if played on a network with different capacities?
3. Evaluate your design for consistency. What local or global inconsistencies can occur? How are they dealt with?

4. Evaluate your design for security. What happens if there are malicious users?

A malicious user could wreak havoc on the game as there are not any anti-cheating mechanisms built into the protocol. For example, a user could set hit score to any arbitrary value, and the remote clients would accept and trust this value blindly.

One could also send out malicious "tagged" packets, causing non malicious clients to award themselves tags even when this never happened. Thus, not only can a malicious user control it's score arbitrarily, it can manipulate the other clients scores.

Malicious CRT values can be used to win all state change collisions, or always lose these collisions. This could potentially be used to manipulate the movements of the other players.

Another big vulnerability in the protocol is GUID spoofing. A malicious user could send packets with a spoofed GUID value. This could cause clients to think a new player has joined when this isn't the case, or worse, cause clients to think an existing player has sent packets which it hasn't.