National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences



Laboratory Manual *for*Data Structures Lab

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Objectives:

In this lab, students will practice:

- 1. Pointers
- 2. Templates
- 3. Time Complexity

Question 1

a. Create a template class "Matrix" with the following members: T** matrix; int rows, columns

You need to define the following member functions:

- 1. An overloaded constructor which takes the values of rows and columns, and declares the required memory for the matrix. **Matrix(int rows, int columns)**
- 2. Copy Constructor to deep copy another matrix Matrix (Matrix const &obj)

· void

- 3. Insert function to insert an element in the given row number and column number insertElement(T const& element, int rowNo, int colNo)
- 4. An overloaded + operator to add corresponding elements of two matrices. If there is a mismatch of number of rows or columns for the matrices, the operator will print an error. Matrix<T> operator+(Matrix const& obj)
- 5. A function named "print" to print the matrix in a neat and readable way. void print();
- Transpose function to take transpose of the matrix. (Convert rows into columns and vice versa).
 void transpose()
- 7. A destructor to delete the memory. ~Matrix()
- b. Now test your code for the following objects in your main function:

```
Matrix<int> m1(2, 3);
m1.insertElement(1, 0,
m1.insertElement(1, 0,
                           1);
m1.insertElement(1, 0,
                           2);
m1.insertElement(0, 1,
m1.insertElement(0, 1,
                           0);
m1.insertElement(0, 1, 2);
m1.transpose();
Matrix<int> m2(2, 3);
m2.insertElement(-1,
0, 0);
               m2.insertElement(-1,
0, 1);
                m2.insertElement(-1,
0, 2);
               m2.insertElement(10,
               m2.insertElement(5,
1, 0);
                m2.insertElement(1,
1, 1);
```

```
1, 2);
m2.transpose();
Matrix<int> m3(m2);
Matrix<int> m4(m1 + m3);
m4.transpose();
```

Question 2

m4.print();

- a) You have to design a C++ template function sort, which takes a dynamic one-dimensional array, its size n and an integer type which specifies which sorting algorithm to use. You need to implement functions for following sorting algorithms and also write their time complexity of each sorting algorithm.
 - a. Bubble sort,
 - **b.** Insertion sort
 - c. Selection sort.
- b) Function prototype

```
template <typename T>
void sort (T *array, int size, int type)
```

- c) Test your function against inputs of different types
 - a. int
 - **b.** char
 - c. float

