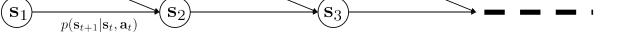
bpio. Informatica e ingeniena de sistemas.





 $\smile p(\mathbf{s}_{t+1}|\mathbf{s}_t,\mathbf{a}_t) \quad \smile$

transition model



some applications (o.g., involse RE)

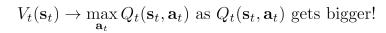
 $\pi(x) \leftarrow \arg\max_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sum_{x' \in \mathcal{X}} p(x'|x,a) (R(x,a,x') + \gamma V_k(x'))$

which actions are likely *a priori* (assume uniform*)



*passive dynamics: non-uniform a priori actions can be incorporated in the "observation"







$$= \frac{p(\mathcal{O}_{t:T}|\mathbf{a}_t, \mathbf{s}_t)}{p(\mathcal{O}_{t:T}|\mathbf{s}_t)} \frac{p(\mathbf{a}_t, \mathbf{s}_t)}{p(\mathbf{s}_t)} = \frac{\beta_t(\mathbf{s}_t, \mathbf{a}_t)}{\beta_t(\mathbf{s}_t)} p(\mathbf{a}_t|\mathbf{s}_t)$$



 $\pi(\mathbf{a}_t|\mathbf{s}_t) = \frac{\beta_t(\mathbf{s}_t, \mathbf{a}_t)}{\beta_t(\mathbf{s}_t)}$

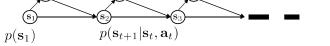






"given that you obtained high reward, what was your transition probability?"







$$KL(q||p) = \int_{x} q(x) \log \frac{r(y)}{p(x)} dx$$



Minimizing KL-divergence maximizes expected log p and q entropy



$$p(y) = \int_{x} p(y|x)p(x)dx = \int_{x} p(y,x)dx$$



When we maximize the ELBO, we minimize the KL divergence!



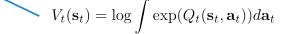
 $\log E[y] \ge E[\log y]$





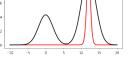
$$V(\mathbf{s}_T) = \log \int \exp(Q(\mathbf{s}_T, \mathbf{a}_T)) d\mathbf{a}_T$$







 Γ







■ Published multiple times between 2017-2018!









3. Interact with the world, collect more data

Universidad
Zaragoza

Haarnoja, Zhou, Hartikainen, Tucker, Ha, Tan, Kumar, Zhu, Gupta, Abbeel, L. Soft Actor-Critic Algorithms and Applications. '18

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 - https://sites.ualberta.ca/~szepesva/rlbook.html



