Inflation

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Please Read Me

- Check the message **Welcome greeting** published in the News Bulletin Board.
- Dear student please edit your profile uploading a photo where your face is clearly visible.
- The purpose of the virtual meetings is to answer questions and not to make a summary of the study material.
- \bullet This presentation is based on (Blanchard and Johnson 2017, Chapters 1 & 2)

Purpose

Introduce the students to the three (3) main variables in macroeconomics (production, inflation and unemployment) with an emphasis on how the two (2) first variables are measured (production and inflation).

What is inflation?

- **Inflation** is a persistent increase in the price level:
 - Inflation refers to a general increase in the price level.
 - This increase must be persistent.
 - A measure that represents the behavior of the price level is required.
- Review the videos found in:
 - Primer corte 30% > Learning Resources > Links of interest

Price level

- The **price level** is an **index number** (Ralph, O'Neill, and Winton 2015)
 - An index number is a quantity that by varying shows the changes of a magnitude over time or space.
 - Usually to represent the price level an index number known as the Laspeyres Index is used.
 - Laspeyres Index compares the cost of a basket of products with a base period assuming that the quantities consumed are the same as the base period.

Price level

Table 1: Fruits prices and quantities

Fruits	Price 2012	Price 2013	Quantity 2012
Apples	\$0.40	\$0.42	220
Bananas	\$0.50	\$0.55	230
Pineapples	\$1.25	\$2.00	50

Laspeyres Index for 2012 (Base 2012):

$$\frac{\textit{Basket } 2012}{\textit{Basket } 2012} = \frac{0.40 * \mathbf{220} + 0.50 * \mathbf{230} + 1.25 * \mathbf{50}}{0.40 * \mathbf{220} + 0.50 * \mathbf{230} + 1.25 * \mathbf{50}} * 100 = 100$$

• Laspeyres Index for 2013 (Base 2012):

$$\frac{\textit{Basket } 2013}{\textit{Basket } 2012} = \frac{0.42*220 + 0.55*230 + 2.00*50}{0.40*220 + 0.50*230 + 1.25*50}*100 = 102$$

Inflation as a rate

- The variation in the **price level** from one period to another is used to measure inflation.
- In our example:

$$\frac{102 - 100}{100} * 100 = 0.02 * 100 = 2$$

ullet The previous number means that the **price level** increased by 2% between 2012 and 2013 where the **price level** was calculated based on the year 2012.

Index numbers and inflation in Colombia

- The value that the index number takes to measure the price level will
 depend on the products that are taken into account in the basket that
 is used. In our example the products that were taken into account were
 Apples, Bananas and Pineapples.
- If all final products that are produced within an economy are taken into account then this index number is known as **GDP Deflator**:

$$GDP \ Deflator_t = \frac{Nominal \ GDP_t}{Real \ GDP_t} * 100$$

Therefore inflation is calculated as:

$$\textit{Inflation}_t = \frac{\textit{GDP Deflator}_t - \textit{GDP Deflator}_{t-1}}{\textit{GDP Deflator}_{t-1}} * 100$$

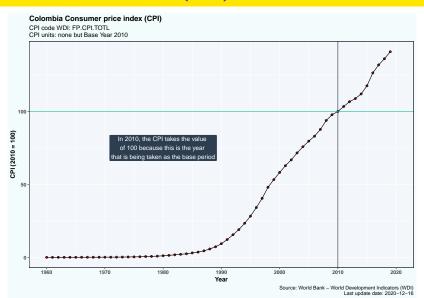
Index numbers and inflation in Colombia

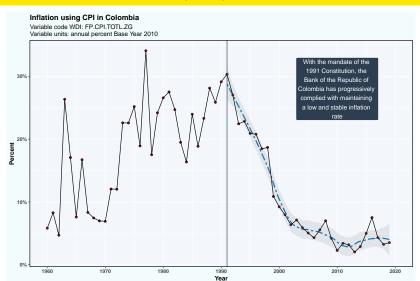
- Indice de Precios al Productor (IPP) or Producer Price Index (PPI).
 - In Colombia, this index measures the average variation of the prices of a basket of products representative of the internal supply in its first stage of commercialization (DANE 2015).
- Indice de Precios al Consumidor (IPC) or Consumer Price Index (CPI)
 - In Colombia, this index measures the average variation of the prices of a basket of products representative of household consumption (DANE 2019).
 - You can check out the historical basket of products included in the (IPC) or (CPI) in: (DANE 2019) > Información adicional > Estructura histórica de ponderaciones y canasta de seguimiento del IPC

- The CPI is build using information from Encuesta Nacional de Presupuesto de los Hogares –ENPH- (2016-2017) where it is conducted every 10 years.
- Additionally, usually monthly, but in some cases bimonthly, quadrimestral and biannual, price information is collected for 443 items in 38 cities where divisions included in the CPI are based on Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (COICOP) and adapted for Colombia.

Table 2: COICOP divisions (International version)

Division	Name	
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	
02	Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics	
03	Clothing and footwear	
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	
05	Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	
06	Health	
07	Transport	
08	Information and communication	
09	Recreation, sport and culture	
10	Education services	
11	Restaurants and accommodation services	
12	Insurance and financial services	





Source: World Development Indicators (WDI) – World Bank Last update date: 2020–12–16

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