### Money, prices and the exchange rate

Luis Francisco Gomez Lopez

2023-07-19

#### **Contents**

- Please Read Me
- Purpose
- Money and Central Banks
- Inflation and Consumer Price Index
- Exchange Rate and TRM COP/USD
- Monetary policy intervention rate
- Monetary policy transmission channels
- Acknowledgments
- References

### Please Read Me

- Check the message Welcome greeting published in the News Bulletin Board.
- Dear student please edit your profile uploading a photo where your face is clearly visible.
- The purpose of the virtual meetings is to answer questions and not to make a summary of the study material.
- This presentation is based on (Cardenas 2020, chap. 7)

### **Purpose**

Analyze the money market and introduce the concepts of inflation, nominal exchange rate and interest rate

# Money and Central Banks

- Money is an asset that fulfills in general 3 functions
  - Medium of exchange
  - Unit of account
  - Store of value
- A central bank is the institution that issues and administrates legal currency and exercises the function of banker of banks (República 2021)
- In the case of Colombia, some of the functions of the central bank are:

Money, prices and the exchange rate

- Keep inflation low and stable and achieve the highest sustainable level of output and employment
- Manage international reserves
- Act as the bank of bankers
- Issue currency
- Act as a government banker, fiscal agent and trustee

### Money and Central Banks

• Establishment date of central banking institutions<sup>1</sup> (Herger 2019, p 15)

| Bank                             | Established |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Sveriges Riksbank                | 1668        |
| Bank of England                  | 1694        |
| Banque de France                 | 1800        |
| Bank of Finland                  | 1800        |
| Nederlandsche Bank               | 1814        |
| Austrian National Bank           | 1816        |
| Norges Bank                      | 1816        |
| Danmarks Nationalbank            | 1818        |
| Banco de Portugal                | 1846        |
| Belgian National Bank            | 1850        |
| Banco de España                  | 1874        |
| German Reichsbank                | 1876        |
| Bank of Japan                    | 1882        |
| Banca d'Italia                   | 1893        |
| Banco de la Republica (Colombia) | 1923        |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For a list of central banks around the world check out https://www.bis.org/cbanks.htm

- **Inflation** is a persistent increase in the price level:
  - Inflation refers to a general increase in the price level
  - This increase must be persistent
  - A measure that represents the behavior of the price level is required where it is necessary to specify a basket of products
- Review the videos found in:
  - Tercer corte 40% > Learning Resources > Links of interest

- The price level is an index number (Ralph, O'Neill, and Winton 2015)
  - An index number is a quantity that by varying shows the changes of a magnitude over time or space
- The variation in the **price level** from one period to another is used to measure inflation
- The value that the index number takes to measure the price level will depend on the products that are taken into account in the basket that is used

Money, prices and the exchange rate

8 / 25

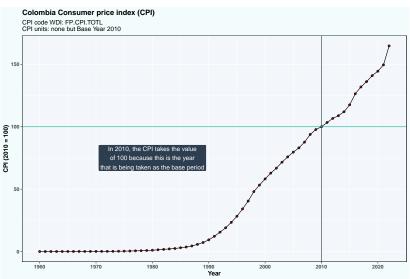
- Usually the price level used to measure inflation in Colombia is called Indice de Precios al Consumidor (IPC) or Consumer Price Index (CPI)
  - In Colombia, this index measures the average variation of the prices of a basket of products representative of household consumption (DANE 2019)
  - You can check out the historical basket of products included in the (IPC) or (CPI) in: (DANE 2019) > Información adicional > Estructura histórica de ponderaciones y canasta de seguimiento del IPC

Money, prices and the exchange rate

- The CPI is build using information from Encuesta Nacional de Presupuesto de los Hogares –ENPH- (2016-2017) where it is conducted every 10 years.
- Additionally, usually monthly, but in some cases bimonthly, quadrimestral and biannual, price information is collected for 443 items in 38 cities where divisions included in the CPI are based on Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (COICOP) and adapted for Colombia.

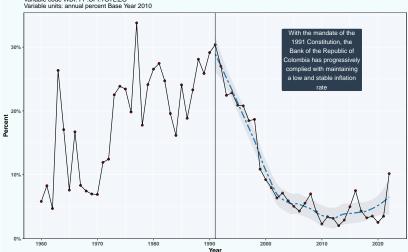
**Table 1:** COICOP divisions (International version)

| Division | Name   |
|----------|--|
| 01       | Food and non-alcoholic beverages                                   |
| 02       | Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics                         |
| 03       | Clothing and footwear  |
| 04       | Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels                   |
| 05       | Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance |
| 06       | Health   |
| 07       | Transport  |
| 80       | Information and communication                                      |
| 09       | Recreation, sport and culture                                      |
| 10       | Education services   |
| 11       | Restaurants and accommodation services                             |
| 12       | Insurance and financial services                                   |



#### Inflation using CPI in Colombia

Variable code WDI: FP.CPI.TOTL.ZG



Source: World Development Indicators (WDI) - World Bank Last update date: 2023-06-29

- Calculating inflation using the Consumer Price Index (CPI)
  - CPI annual periodicity

$$Inflation_t = \frac{CPI_t - CPI_{t-1}}{CPI_{t-1}} \times 100$$

CPI monthly periodicity

$$Inflation_t = \frac{CPI_t - CPI_{t-12}}{CPI_{t-12}} \times 100$$

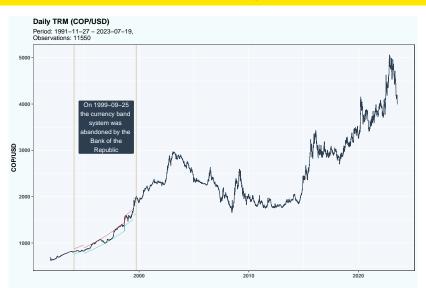
# **Exchange Rate and TRM COP/USD**

- An exchange rate is the amount of units of national currency that must be given in exchange for a unit of foreign currency
- If the exchange rate between  $COP^2$  and  $USD^3$  is 3808 COP/USD, it means that 3808 COP must be given to obtain 1 USD
- To have a reference of the exchange rate between COP and USD, the "Superintendencia Financiera de Colombia (SFC)" currently calculates and certifies an average exchange rate called "Tasa Representativa del Mercado (TRM)" on a daily basis
- Also it is important to take into account the following terminology:
  - Devaluation: TRM COP/USD (↑)
  - Revaluation: TRM COP/USD (↓)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Colombian peso according to ISO 4217 code

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>United States dollar according to ISO 4217 code

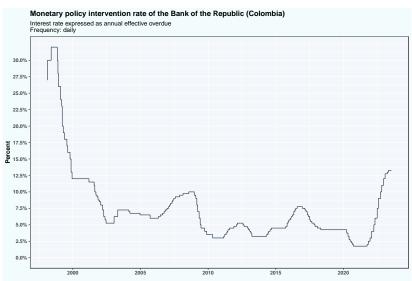
# **Exchange Rate and TRM COP/USD**

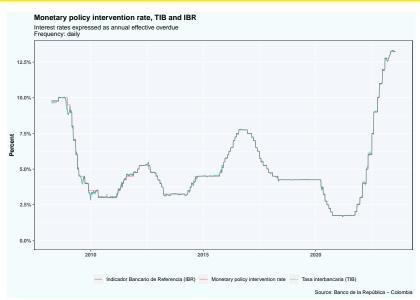


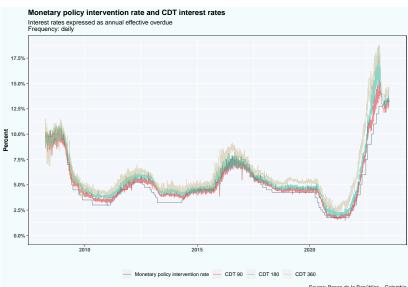
Data source: Banco de la República (Colombia) & Superintendencia Financiera de Colombia (SFC)

Last update: 2023–07–19

- In the link https://www.banrep.gov.co/es/estadisticas/tasasinteres-politica-monetaria on 2023-07-19 it was pointed out that:
  - "La tasa de intervención de política monetaria o tasa de referencia es la tasa de interés mínima que el Banco de la República (BanRep) cobra a las entidades financieras por la liquidez que les suministra mediante las operaciones de mercado abierto (OMA). Esta tasa es el principal instrumento de intervención de política monetaria utilizado por el BanRep para afectar la cantidad de dinero que circula en la economía."
  - Also the "tasa de intervención de política monetaria" on 2023-07-19 was 13.25%

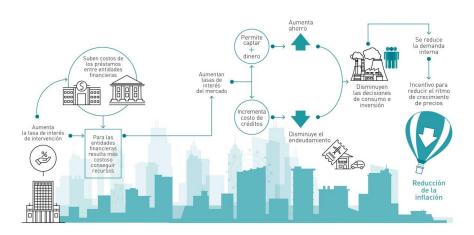






Money, prices and the exchange rate

# Monetary policy transmission channels



**Figure 1: Interest rate and credit** (Banrep 2020, fig. Canal De Tasa De Interés Y De Crédito: Ejemplo Gráfico)

### Monetary policy transmission channels



**Figure 2: Exchange rate** (Banrep 2020, fig. Canal De Tasa De Cambio: Ejemplo Gráfico)

### Monetary policy transmission channels



**Figure 3: Expectations** (Banrep 2020, fig. Canal De Las Expectativas: Ejemplo Gráfico)

### **Acknowledgments**

- To my family that supports me
- To the taxpayers of Colombia and the UMNG students who pay my salary
- To the Business Science and R4DS Online Learning communities where I learn R
- To the R Core Team, the creators of RStudio IDE and the authors and maintainers of the packages tidyverse, knitr, kableExtra, wbstats, tidyquant, and tinytex for allowing me to access these tools without paying for a license
- To the Linux kernel community for allowing me the possibility to use some **Linux distributions** as my main **OS** without paying for a license

Money, prices and the exchange rate

24 / 25

#### References I

- Banrep. 2020. "Canales de Transmisión de La Política Monetaria." Banco de La República (Banco Central de Colombia).
  - https://www.banrep.gov.co/es/canales-transmision-politica-monetaria.
- Cardenas, Mauricio, 2020, Introducción a La Economía Colombiana, 4th ed. Alfaomega.
- DANE. 2019. "Metodología General Índice de Precios Al Consumidor -IPC." Dirección de Metodología y Producción Estadística - DIMPE. https://www.dane.gov.co/index.php/estadisticas-por-tema/precios-ycostos/indice-de-precios-al-consumidor-ipc/ipc-informacion-tecnica.
- Herger, Nils. 2019. Understanding Central Banks. Cham: Springer International Publishing. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-05162-4.
- Ralph, Jeff, Rob O'Neill, and Joe Winton. 2015. A Practical Introduction to Index Numbers. Chichester, West Sussex: Wiley.
- República, Banco de la. 2021. "A Central Bank | Banco de La República." https://www.banrep.gov.co/en/node/7599.

Money, prices and the exchange rate