GIT - Two word introduction

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- Track and revert changes

 Mistakes happen. Wouldn't it be nice if you could see the changes that have been made go back in time to fix something that went wrong?

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- Every one has a local copy of the shared files and the history

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- A repository is where you keep all the files you want to track
- A branch is the name for a separate line of development, with is own history
- A commit is an object that holds information about a particular change

GitHub

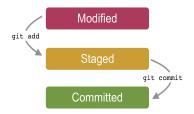
- Online git repository
- Free for open source projects



git clone \$url
 copy the whole repository and it's story on the local machine



- git add \$file
- git commit -m "\$message" the new release in confirmed and locked in the local repository



 git push sends the committed files from the remote repository



 git pull downloads the updated files from the remote repository



 git branch list all available branches



git checkout \$branchname
 switch from the current branch to \$branchname

Questions?

THIS IS GIT. IT TRACKS COLLABORATIVE WORK ON PROJECTS THROUGH A BEAUTIFUL DISTRIBUTED GRAPH THEORY TREE MODEL. COOL. HOU DO WE USE IT? NO IDEA. JUST MEMORIZE THESE SHELL COMMANDS AND TYPE THEM TO SYNC UP. IF YOU GET ERRORS, SAVE YOUR WORK ELSEWHERE, DELETE THE PROJECT, AND DOUNLOAD A FRESH COPY.