

# On the Secure Compilation of the Constant-Time Policy

Quantitative Information Flow

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- Usually unintentional

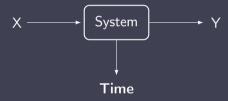


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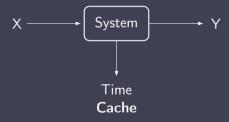


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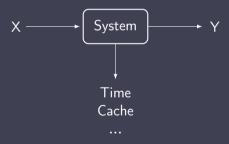


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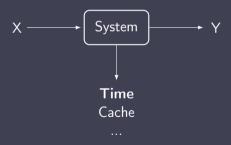


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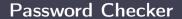


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- ► LLVM's x86-cmov-converter pass replaces cmovs with branches
- ▶ How to prove that the constant-time property is preserved?

# **Secure Compilation**



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▶ Barthe, Grégoire, and Laporte, "Secure Compilation of Side-Channel Countermeasures: The Case of Cryptographic "Constant-Time""





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where a and a' are states, t is the leakage and n is the number of steps



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$$a \xrightarrow{t}^{n} b \wedge a' \xrightarrow{t'}^{n} b' \wedge a \phi a' \implies t = t' \wedge (b \in \mathcal{S}_f \iff b' \in \mathcal{S}_f).$$



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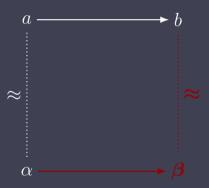


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- **3**  $\forall$  source and target states b and  $\beta$  such that  $b \approx \beta$ , we have that b is a final source state iff  $\beta$  is a final target state







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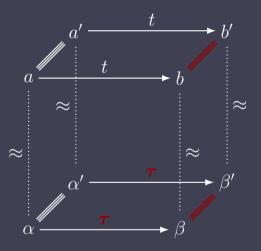


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- 2)  $\forall$  pairs of input parameters i and i' such that  $i \varphi i'$ , we have that  $S(i) \equiv_S S(i')$  and  $C(i) \equiv_C C(i')$ , where  $\varphi$  is a binary relation on inputs







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Constant folding reduces expressions whose operands are known. For example:



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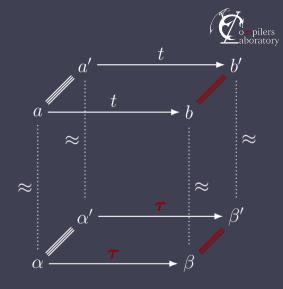
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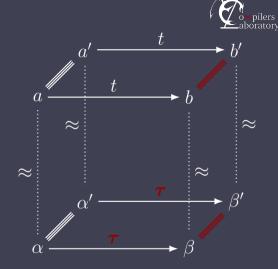
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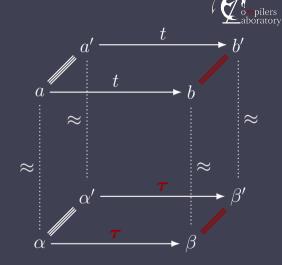
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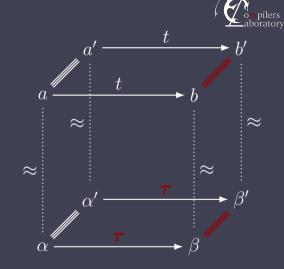
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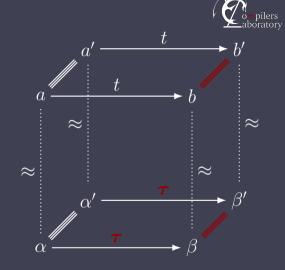
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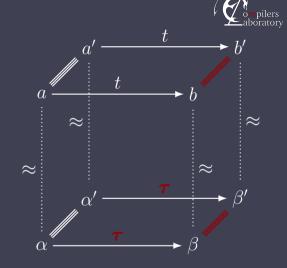
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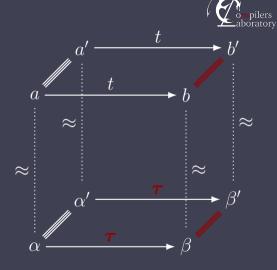
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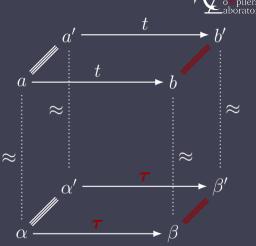
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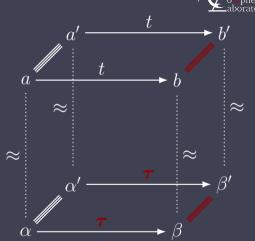


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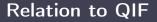
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#### Relation to QIF







Labelled transitions

Information-theoretic channels

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- Labelled transitions
- ► Leakage as a trace of events

- Information-theoretic channels
- Leakage as a real number

#### Relation to QIF



- Labelled transitions
- Leakage as a trace of events
- **▶** Constant-time simulation

- ► Information-theoretic channels
- Leakage as a real number
- Refinement

#### References



- Alvim, Mário S et al. (2020). *The Science of Quantitative Information Flow*. Springer.
- Barthe, Gilles, Benjamin Grégoire, and Vincent Laporte (2018). "Secure Compilation of Side-Channel Countermeasures: The Case of Cryptographic "Constant-Time". In: 2018 IEEE 31st Computer Security Foundations Symposium (CSF), pp. 328–343. DOI: 10.1109/CSF.2018.00031.