Open Agent Specification (Agent Spec) — Overview

A Unified Declarative Standard for AI Agents

• From fragmented agent frameworks to interoperable agentic systems

• Source: arXiv 2510.04173 (October 2025)

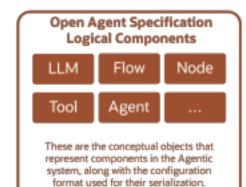
Design Objectives

- 1. Portability and interoperability across frameworks
- 2. Declarative, modular, composable definition of agents
- 3. Explicit control and data flow
- 4. Validation and conformance testing
- 5. Support for multi-agent composition

Core Concepts/Components

- **Agent** conversational or reasoning entity
- Flow structured workflow (nodes, branching, loops)
- Tool API, function, or external service connector
- Memory / Prompt Templates contextual state management
- Edges define control and data flow relationships

Components



Agent Spec SDK

Python

The Agent Spec Python SDK expose the Agent Spec types as code constructs, tailored to each supported programming language.

Open Agent Specification Runtime Adapters

WayFlow Runtime LangGraph Runtime

CrewAl Runtime AutoGen Runtime

Runtime adapters make Agent Spec types executable in Agentic frameworks or libraries, with each runtime exposing as much of the Agent Spec's functionality as it can support.

Serialization, SDKs & Runtime Adapters

- YAML/JSON schema for agent definitions
- Python SDK (PyAgentSpec) for building and validating Agents' specs
- Runtime adapters map spec to specific runtimes (OCI, LangGraph, AutoGen)
- Import/export between frameworks (Agent ↔ LangGraph ↔ AutoGen)

Control Flow & Data Flow Semantics

- Directed edges define execution order, branching, loops
- Inputs/outputs mapped explicitly across nodes
- Nested and reusable flows or sub-agents
- Modular referencing for reuse and composability

Benefits & Value Proposition

- Developers: portability, validation, reuse
- Frameworks: standardized interchange format
- Researchers: reproducibility and comparability
- Enterprises: governance, modularity, and no/reduced lock-in

Limitations & Challenges

- Early-stage adoption and maturity
 - Proposed: October 2025
- Runtime mismatch across frameworks
- Performance overhead due to abstraction layer
- Safety and observability delegated to runtimes

Roadmap & Future Directions

- Add Memory, Planning, Datastores, A2A protocols
- SDKs in more languages
- Expand adapter ecosystem
- Conformance tests and Visual Editors
- Community growth and registry of agents

Critique & Strategic Considerations

- Strengths: framework-agnostic, modular, reusable
- **Risks**: adoption barriers, runtime complexity
- Suggestions: start modular, contribute adapters, focus on observability

Summary & Key References

- Open Agent Specification is a declarative language for defining interoperable AI agents.
- Key links:
 - Paper: https://arxiv.org/abs/2510.04173
 - GitHub: https://github.com/oracle/agent-spec
 - Docs: https://oracle.github.io/agent-spec/index.html
 - Blog: https://blogs.oracle.com/ai-and-datascience/post/introducing-open-agent-specification