Design Report: eco-system of a rabbit eating carrot in a forest

1. Project description

There is a rabbit in a forest decorated with grass and trees. There are some carrots appeared in the forest indefinitely. The rabbit seeks and eats the nearest carrot. A new carrot appears randomly once a carrot has been eaten.

2. Proposed Structure (Classes)

Rabbit

Rational: hold a rabbit object's properties with fields and capabilities with methods

Fields and responsibilities:

- PVector pos, dim; // private fields for holding its position and dimensions (width and height)
- Double velocity; // private field for holding its moving velocity scale
- double scale; // private field for holding the scale factor for the rabbit
- + Rabbit(PVector pos, PVector dim, double vel, double scale) //
 constructor to instantiate a rabbit object with parameters of pos,
 dim, vel, and scale
- + move() // public method to move the rabbit
- + draw(Graphics g) // public method to draw the rabbit
- + eat(ArrayList<Carrot> carrots) // public method to eat the carrot and spawn a new carrot

Tree

Rational: hold a tree object's properties with fields and capabilities with methods

Fields and responsibilities:

- ArrayList<Tree> trees; // private static field for holding its instances
- PVector pos, dim; // private fields for holding its position and dimensions (width and height)
- double scale; // private fields for holding the scale factor for the tree
- Tree(PVector pos, PVector dim, double scale) // constructor to instantiate a tree object with parameters of pos, dim, and scale
- + <u>init(int n)</u> // public static method to create n instances randomly
- + draw(Graphics g) // public method to draw the tree

Forest

Rational: hold a forest object's properties with fields and capabilities with methods

Fields and responsibilities:

- PVector pos, dim; //public fields for holding its position and dimensions (width and height)
- + Forest(PVector pos, PVector dim) // constructor to instantiate a forest object with parameters of pos and dim
- + draw(Graphics g) // public method to draw the forest

Carrot

Rational: hold a carrot object's properties with fields and capabilities with methods

Fields and responsibilities:

- + <u>ArrayList<Carrot> carrots;</u> // public static field for holding its instances
- PVector pos, dim; // public fields for holding its position and dimensions (width and height)
- double scale;// public field for holding its scale factor

- Carrot(PVector pos, PVector dim, double scale) // constructor to instantiate a carrot object with parameters of pos, dim, and scale
- + draw(Graphics g) // public method to draw the carrots

3. Execution flow in the panel class: RabbitPanel <- a subclass of JPanel

Fields and responsibility:

- Rabbit rabbit; // field for referencing the Rabbit object as the main character
- Forest forest; // field for referencing the Forest object as the environment
- + RabbitPanel() // constructor where the objects of Rabbit, Tree, Forest, and Carrot will be created and assign to the fields declare above
- + paintComponent(Graphics g) // public method inherited from the JPanel class, where the draw methods will be called upon to render them
- + actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) // public method inherited from ActionListener interface to call Rabbit's move and eat method

4. PPP for Rabbit's main methods

draw method (a Graphics 2D* parameter needed here as a placeholder for an argument for translation and drawing):

Use the Graphics2D object passed in:

- 1. Translate to the current location as held in pos
- 2. Scale the drawing with the scale factor as stored in scale field
- 3. Set color for its body
- 4. Draw its body using an oval
- 5. Draw its two hands using ovals
- 6. Draw its two legs using ovals
- 7. Draw its head using ovals
- 8. Draw its tail using an oval
- 9. Draw its ears using ovals
- 10. Set color for its inner-ears
- 11. Draw its inner-ears using ovals
- 12. Set color for its eyes
- 13. Draw its eyes using ovals

move method (no parameters):

- 1. Loop through all carrots and find the closest carrot
- 2. Find the unit vector toward that carrot
- 3. Multiply that unit vector by the vel factor
- 4. Add that vector to pos

eat method (an array list of carrot objects from the static field of Carrot class):

- 1. Loop through all carrots and see if any carrot is touching the rabbit
- 2. Remove that carrot(s) from the array list
- 3. Spawn a new carrot and add to the array list