Web Application Architectures

Module 2: Ruby on Rails Lecture 6: Git and Rails



Distributed Version Control with Git



- Git is a popular open source distributed version control system created in 2005 by the Linux development community and used extensively in the Rails community.
- Git provides means for comparing the differences between the various versions of a project (think of them as project snapshots), and for merging them accordingly.
- You should think of these versions as forming a tree:
 - Main development branch = master.
 - New versions may be created along the master branch, or new branches can be created off of it.
 - These branches can possibly be merged back into the master branch.

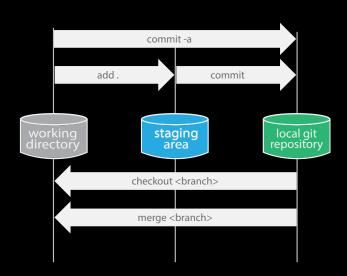
Git Basics



- Git tracks files, which may reside in three "locations":
 - Working directory
 - Staging area
 - Git repository
- Furthermore, the files in your working directory can be in one of two states:
 - Tracked: files that were saved to the Git repository by the last commit operation.
 - Untracked: all other files in your working directory.
- Finally, tracked files can be either:
 - Modified
 - Unmodified
 - Staged

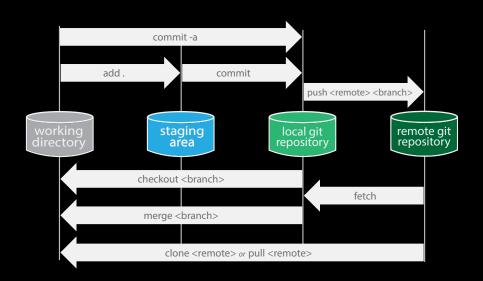
Git Workflow–Local Repository





Git Workflow–Remote Repository





Creating a Git Repository at Bitbucket



