

Múltiplas Variáveis de Condição por Monitor

Sistemas Distribuídos

Exclusão Mútua com monitor

```
synchronized void metodo(){  
    ...  
}
```

Exclusão Mútua explícita

```
import java.util.concurrent.locks.ReentrantLock;  
  
lock = new ReentrantLock();  
  
void metodo(){  
    this.lock.lock();  
    ...  
    this.lock.unlock();  
}
```

- Variáveis de condição:
 - suspensão/retoma de execução dentro de zona crítica
 - usadas em conjunto com o **ReentrantLock**:
 - `java.util.concurrent.locks.ReentrantLock`
 - métodos **`lock()`**, **`unlock()`**, **`newCondition()`**
 - `java.util.concurrent.locks.Condition`
 - métodos relevantes: **`await()`**, **`signal()`**, **`signalAll()`**

Variáveis de condição com monitor

```
synchronized void metodo(){  
    ...  
    while(...){  
        this.wait();  
    }  
    this.notify();  
}
```

Variáveis de condição explícitas

```
import java.util.concurrent.locks.ReentrantLock;  
import java.util.concurrent.locks.Condition;  
  
ReentrantLock lock = new ReentrantLock();  
Condition condition = lock.newCondition();  
  
void metodo(){  
    this.lock.lock();  
    ...  
    while(...){  
        this.condition.await();  
    }  
    this.condition.signal();  
    this.lock.unlock();  
}
```

Variáveis de condição com monitor

```
synchronized void metodo(){  
    ...  
    while(...){  
        this.wait();  
    }  
    this.notify();  
}
```

Variáveis de condição explícitas

```
import java.util.concurrent.locks.ReentrantLock;  
import java.util.concurrent.locks.Condition;
```

```
ReentrantLock lock = new ReentrantLock();  
Condition condition = lock.newCondition();
```

```
void metodo(){  
    this.lock.lock();  
    ...  
    while(...){  
        this.condition.await();  
    }  
    this.condition.signal();  
    this.lock.unlock();  
}
```

Exercícios

1) Reimplemente a classe BoundedBuffer, de modo a evitar acordar threads desnecessariamente, distinguindo as situações de bloqueio pelo array estar vazio e cheio.

Exercícios

2) Implemente uma classe Warehouse para permitir a gestão de um armazém acedido concorrentemente. Deverão ser disponibilizados os métodos:

- `supply(String item, int quantity)` – abastecer o armazém com uma dada quantidade de um item;
- `consume(String[] items)` – obter do armazém um conjunto de itens, bloqueando enquanto tal não for possível.

Warehouse

```
private HashMap<String, Item> stock;  
  
Warehouse()  
void supply(String item, int quantity) ← aumenta a quantidade do item  
void consume(String[] items) ← consome 1 unidade de cada item passado no array (bloqueia caso não haja unidades disponíveis)
```

Item

```
ReentrantLock lock;  
Condition isEmpty;  
int quantity;  
  
Item()  
void supply(int quantity)  
void consume()
```

Producer ← implements Runnable → Consumer

```
Warehouse wh;  
run()  
    this.wh.supply("item1", 1)  
    sleep(3s)  
    this.wh.supply("item2", 1)  
    sleep(3s)  
    this.wh.supply("item3", 1)
```

```
Warehouse wh;  
run()  
    this.wh.consume(["item1", "item2", "item3"])
```

Main

```
//criar objecto Warehouse com 3 items (com 0 unidades)  
//criar e iniciar Producer e Consumer
```


Exercícios

3) Implemente a classe RWLock com os métodos readLock(), readUnlock(), writeLock() e writeUnlock() de modo a permitir o acesso simultâneo de múltiplos leitores a uma dada região crítica, ou em alternativa, o acesso de um único escritor.

- Usar ReentrantLock e respectivas variáveis de condição.
- Evitar o fenómeno de starvation.

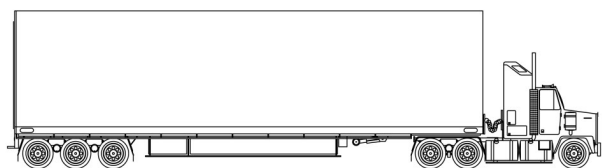
Writer

Reader

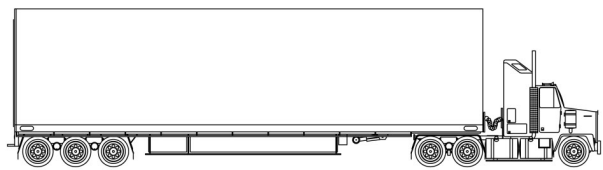
Writer



Reader



Writer

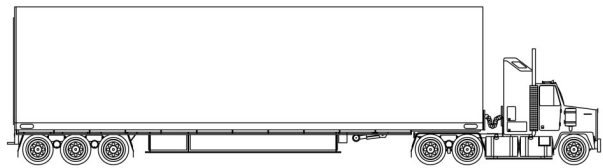


Reader

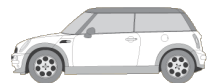


RWLock

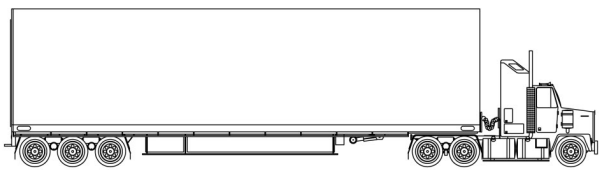
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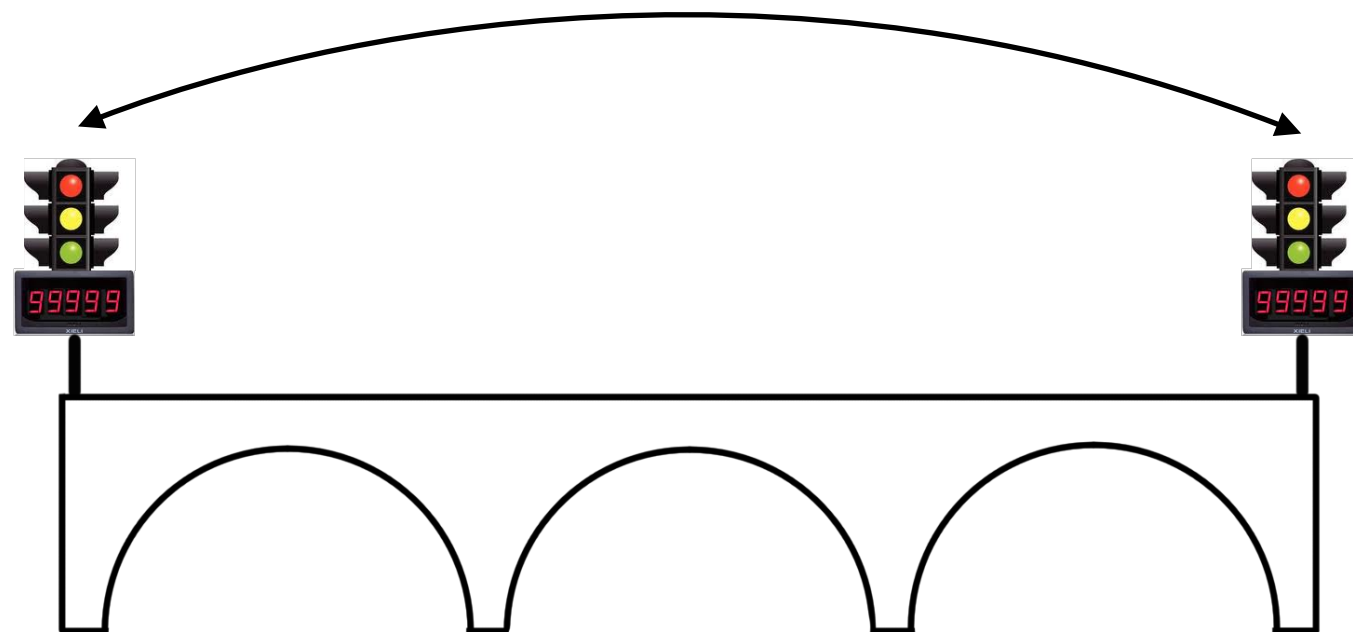
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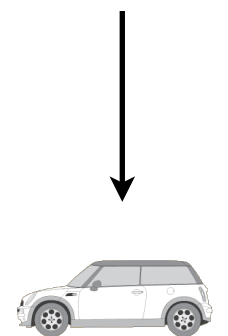
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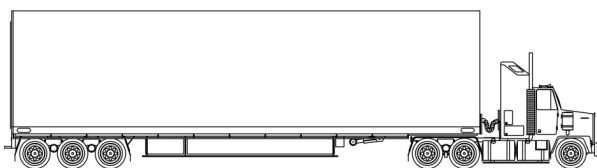
RWLock



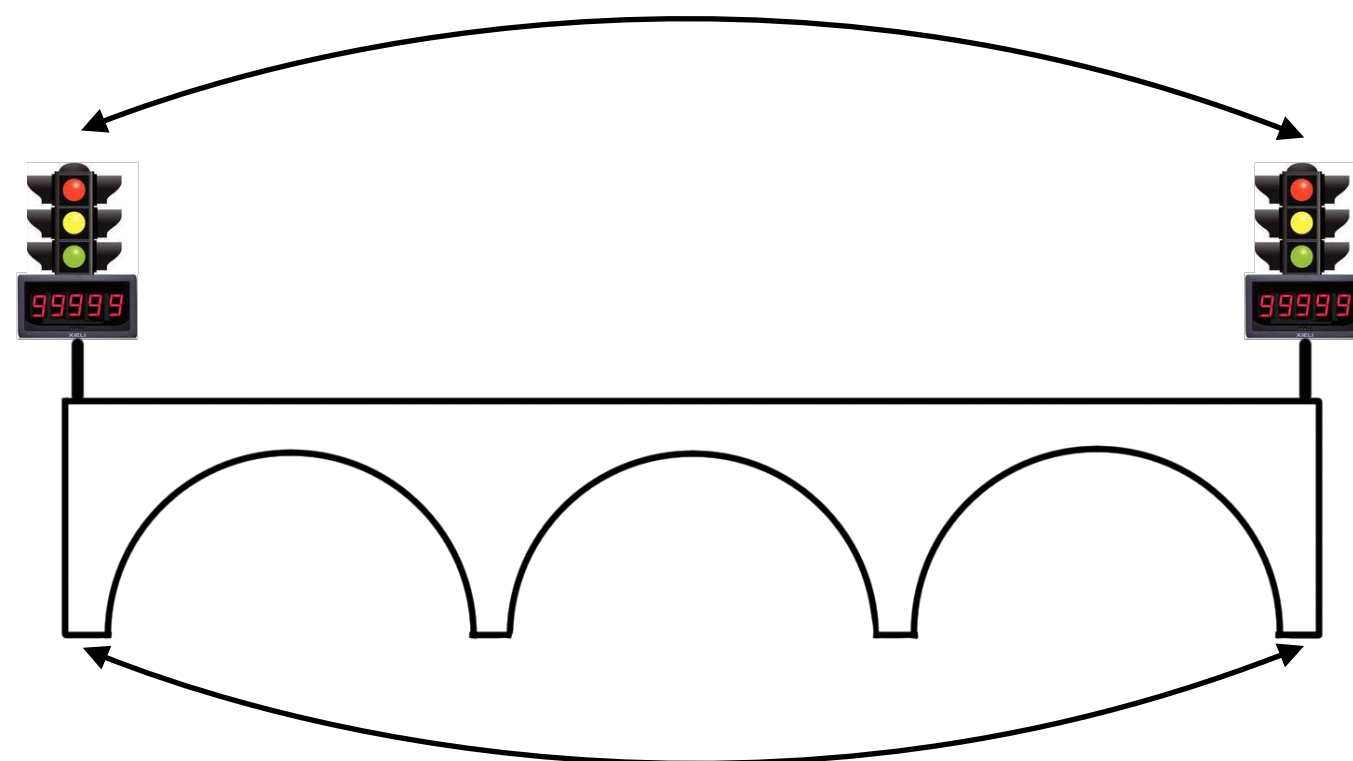
Reader



Writer



RWLock

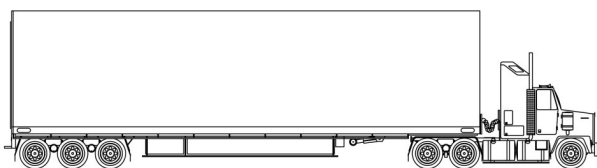


Reader

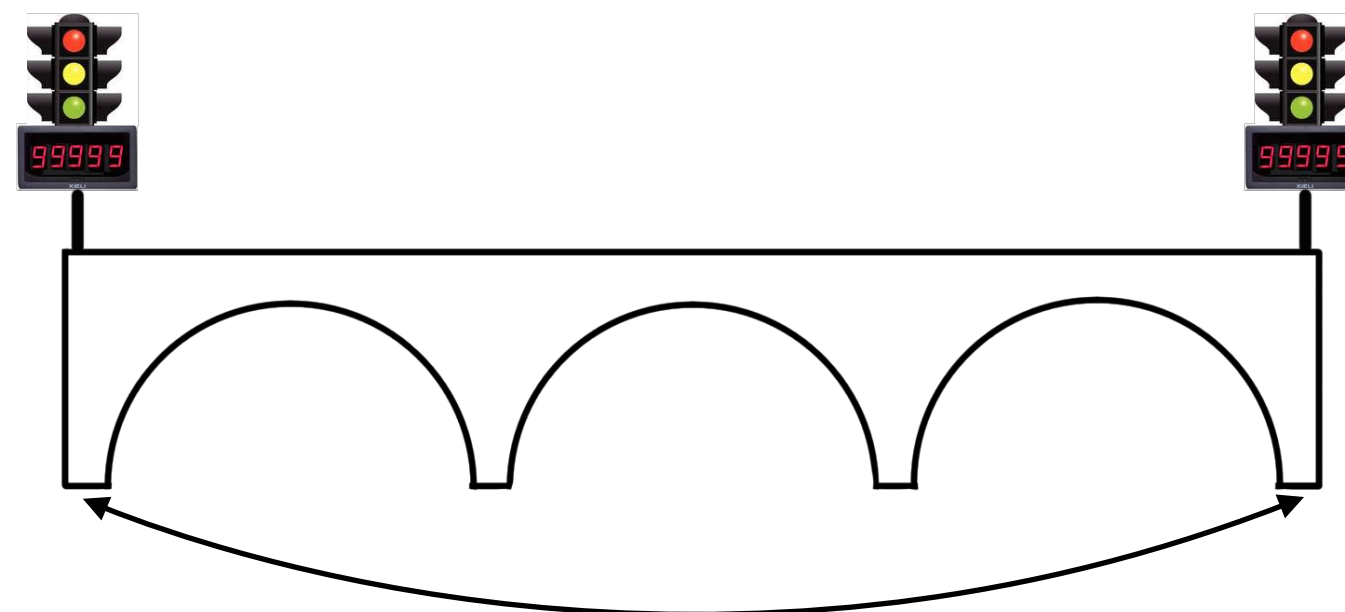


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer



Reader

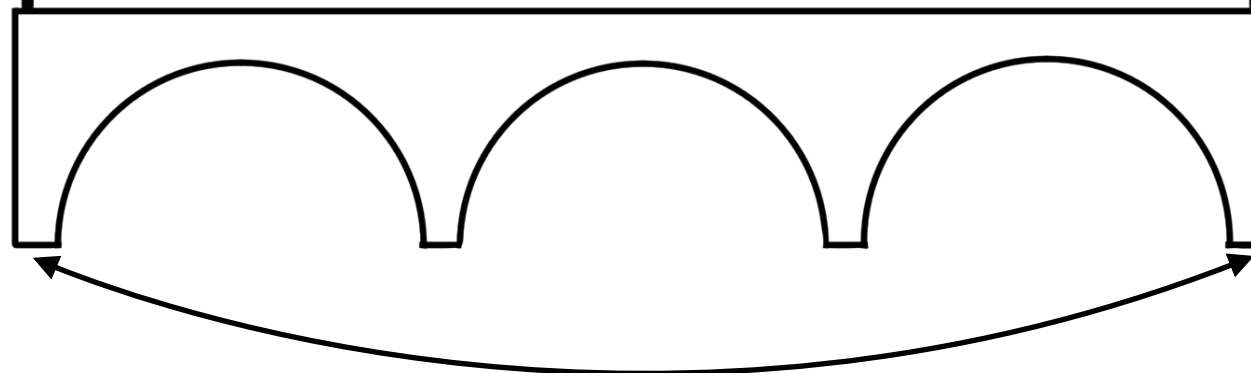
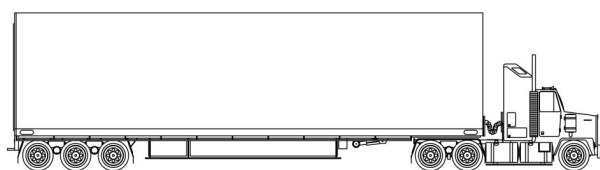


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer

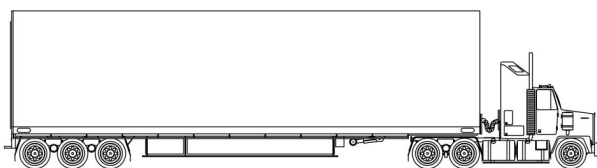


Reader

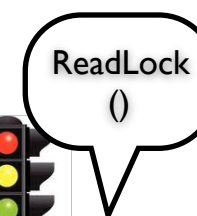


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer

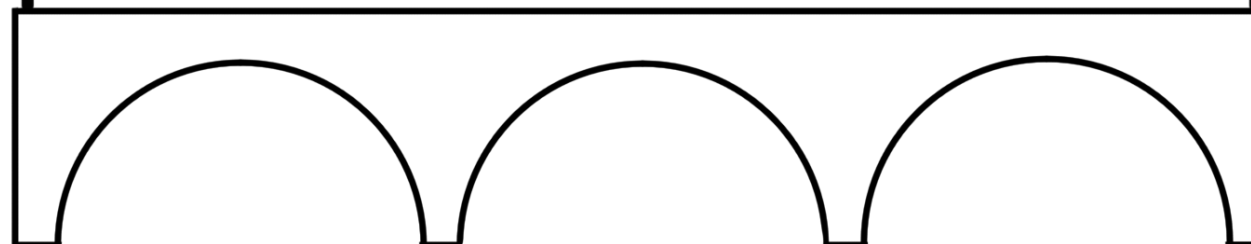


Reader



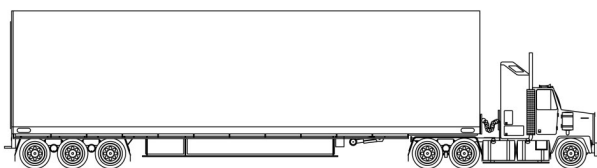
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99999

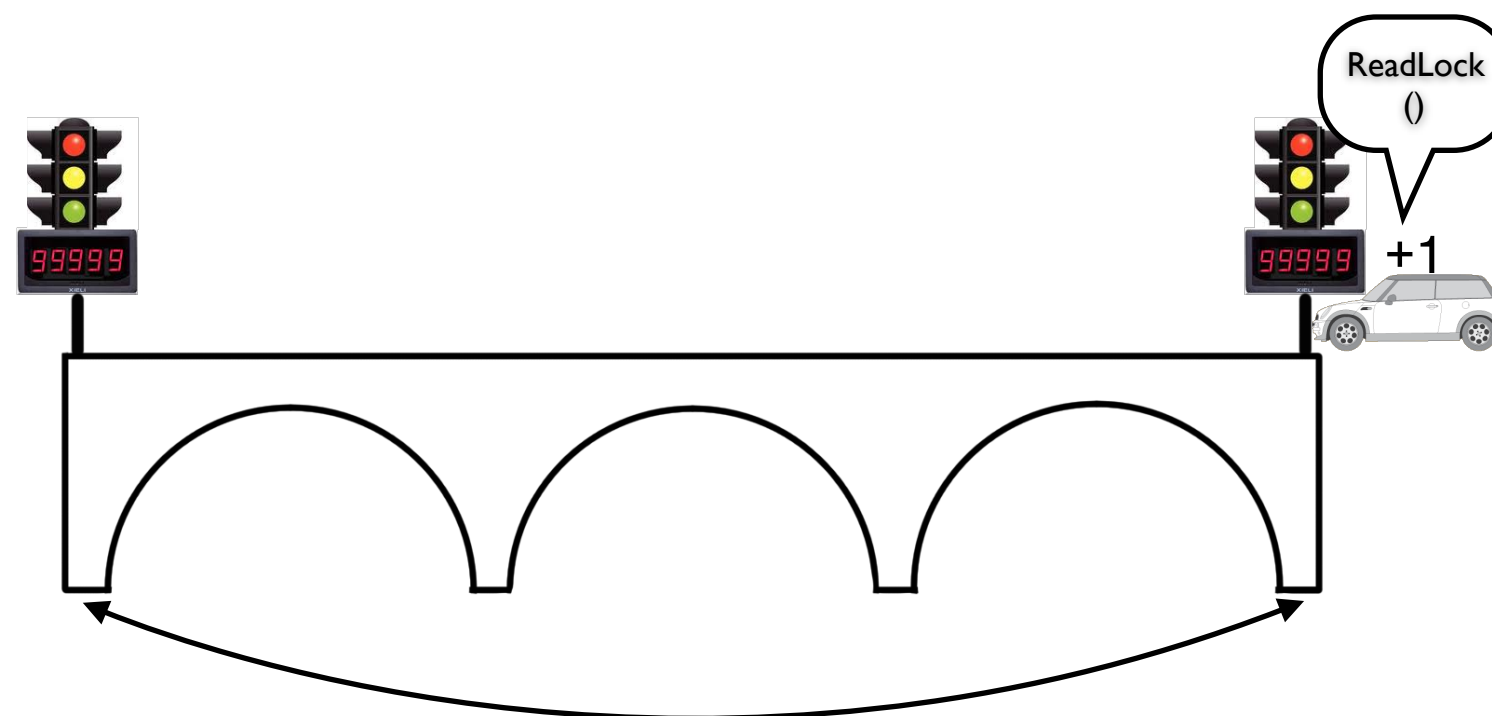


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer



Reader

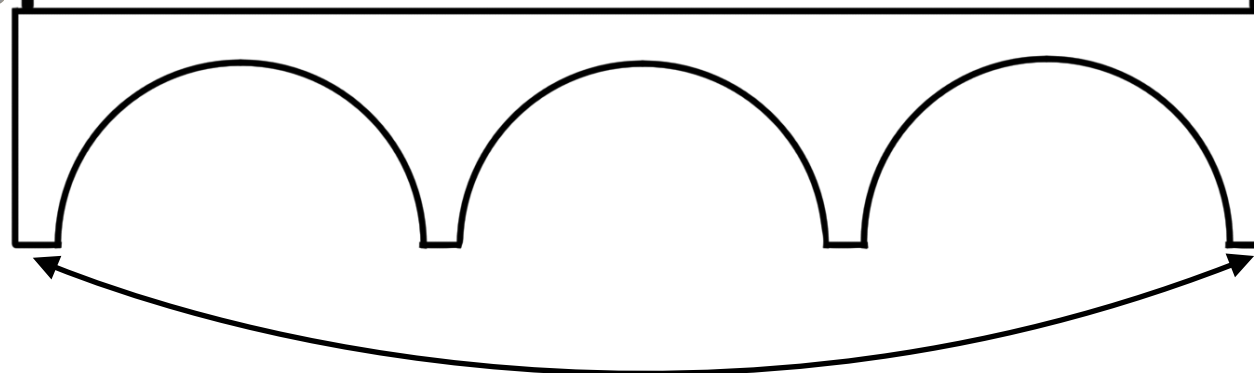
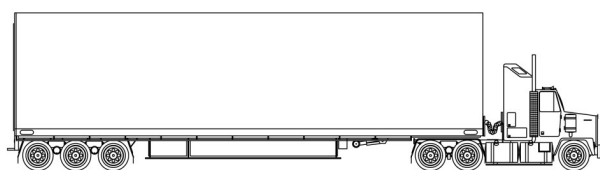


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer

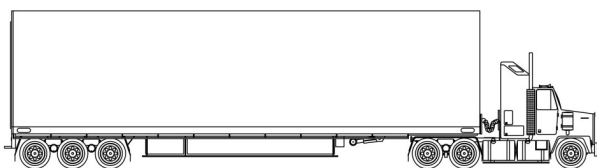


Reader

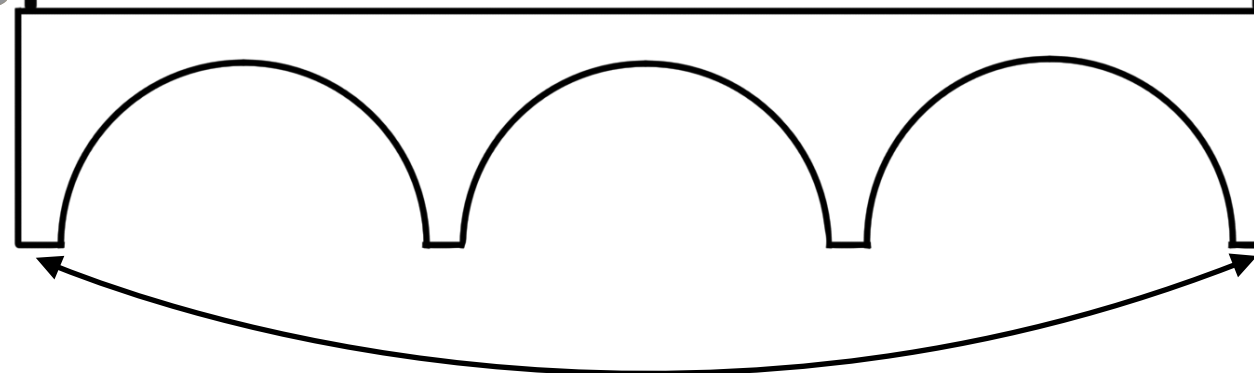


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer



Reader

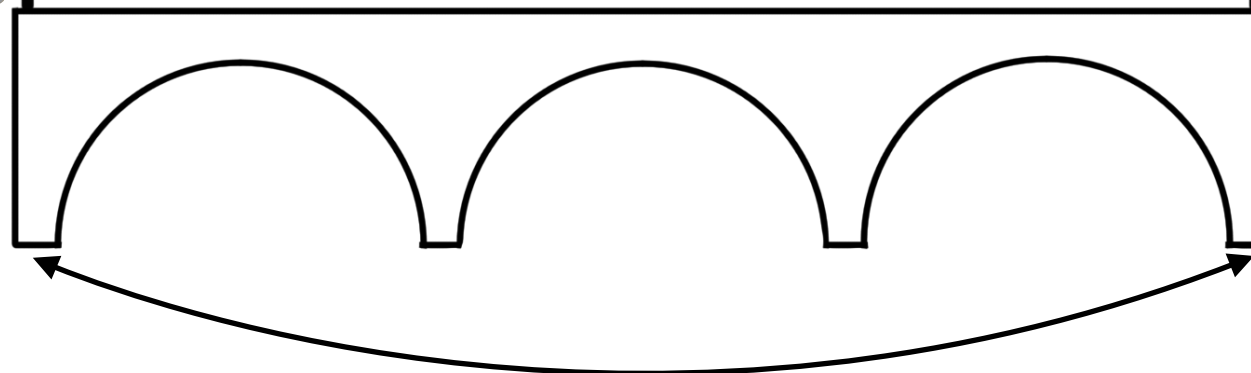
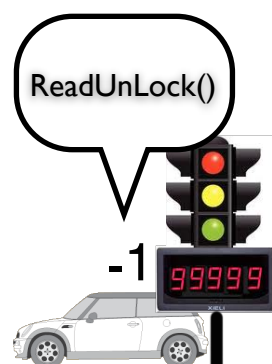


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer



Reader

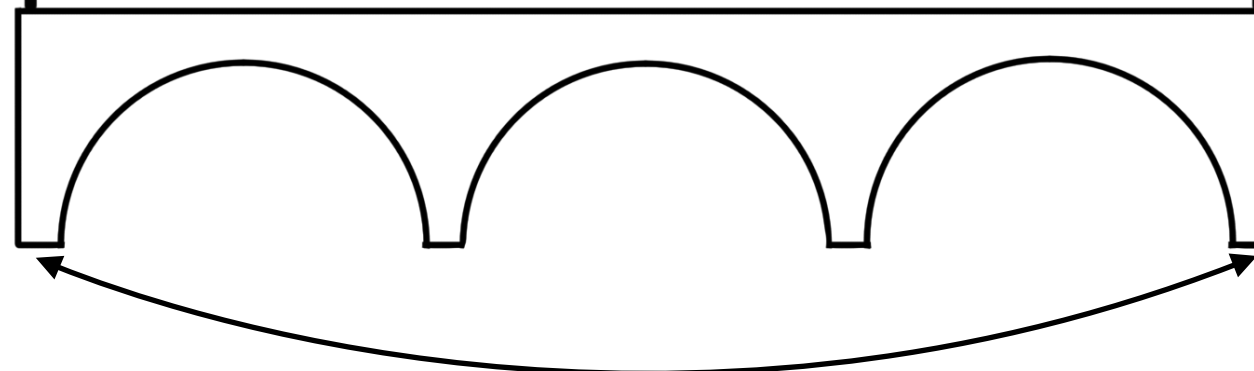
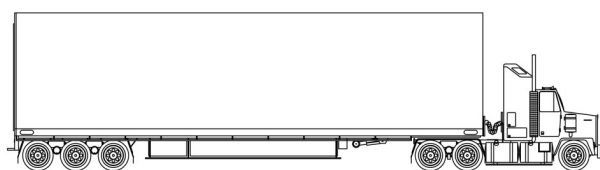


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer



Reader

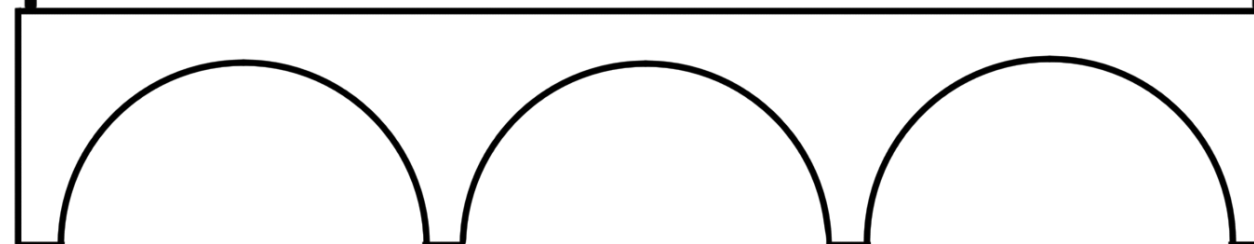
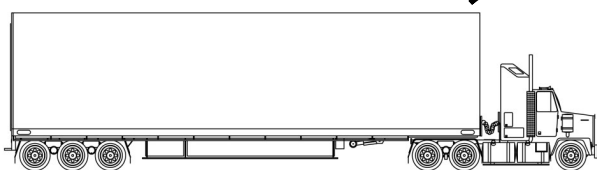


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

E o inverso para o Writer:
WriteLock()
...
WriteUnlock()

Writer

Reader

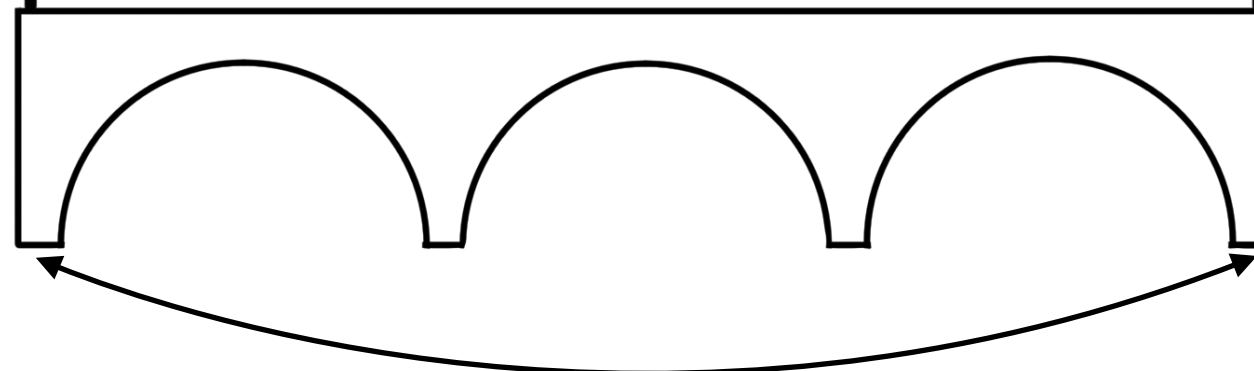
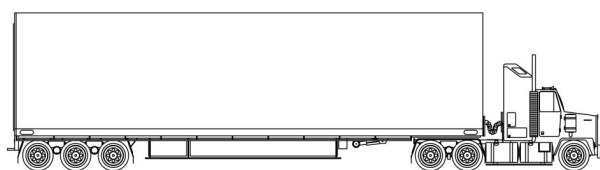


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer



Reader

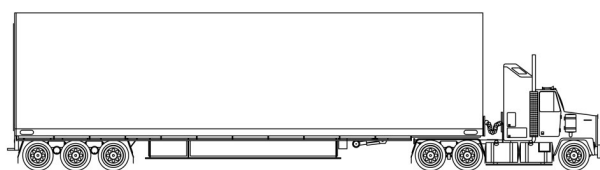


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

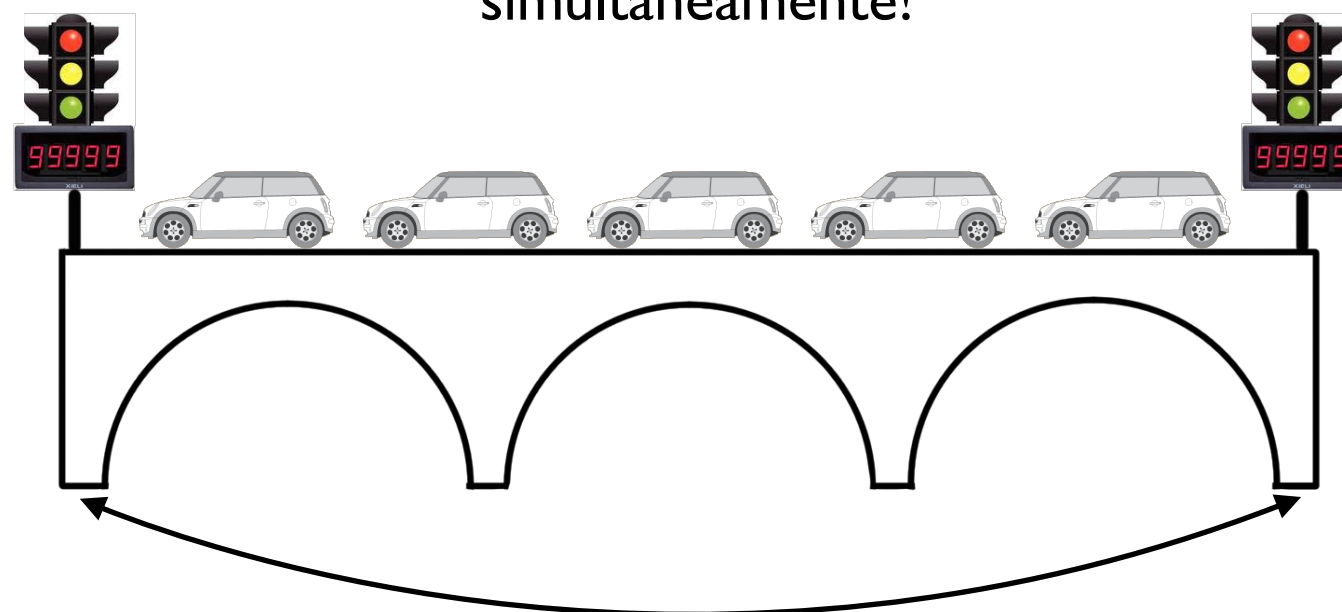
Writer



Reader

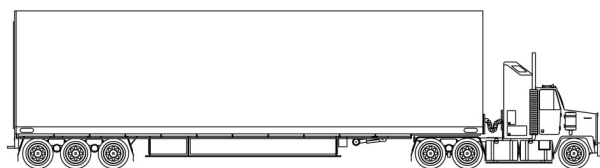


Acesso de múltiplos leitores simultaneamente!

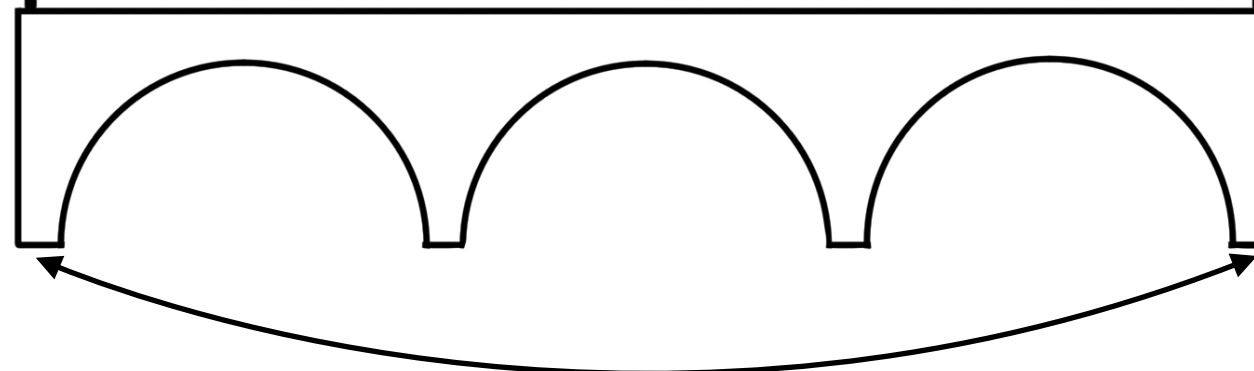


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer

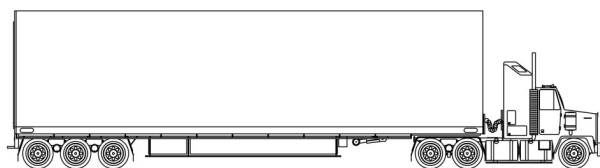


Reader

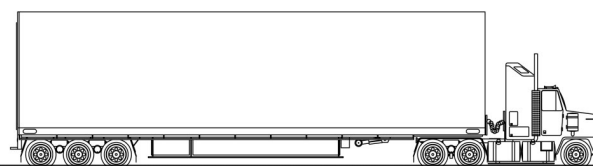


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

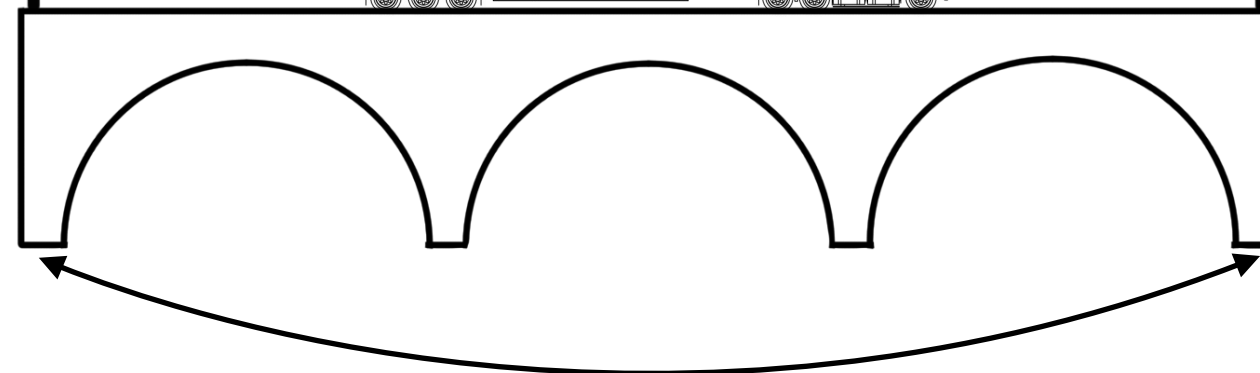
Writer



Mas somente
um único escritor de cada vez!



Reader

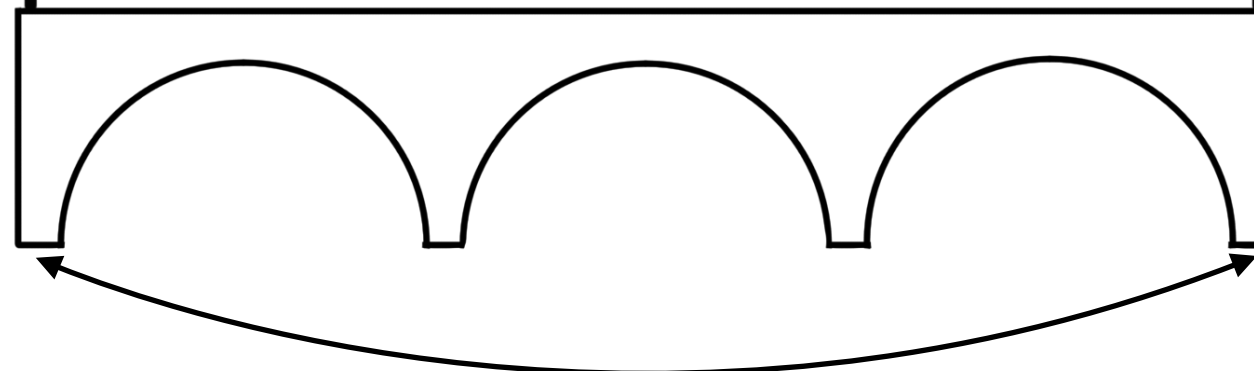
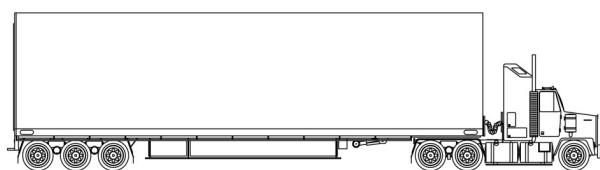


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer



Reader

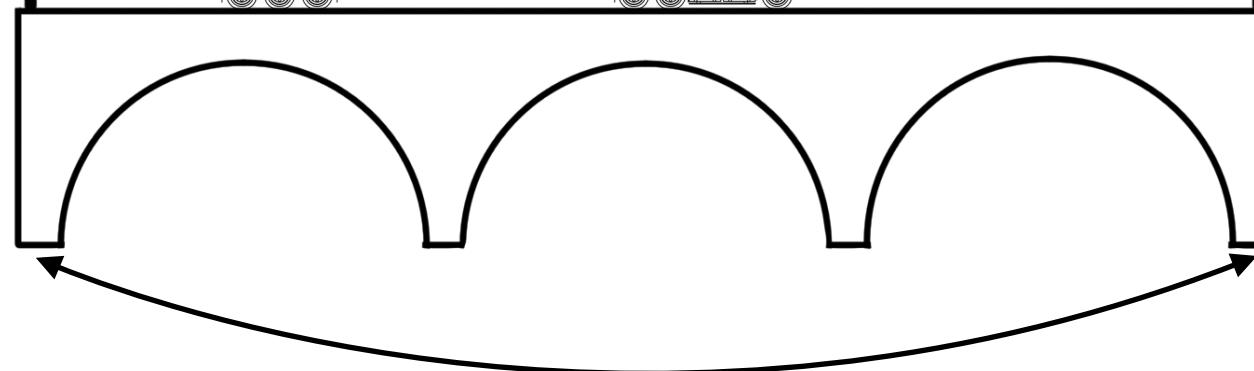
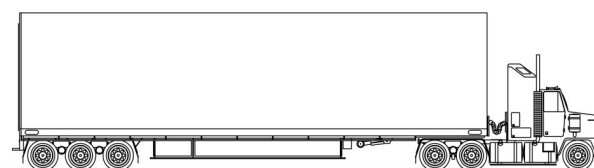
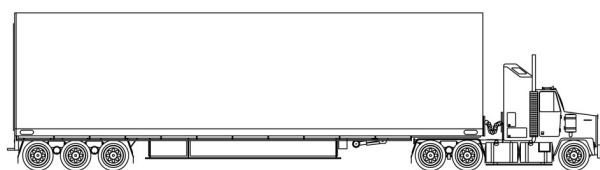


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer



Reader

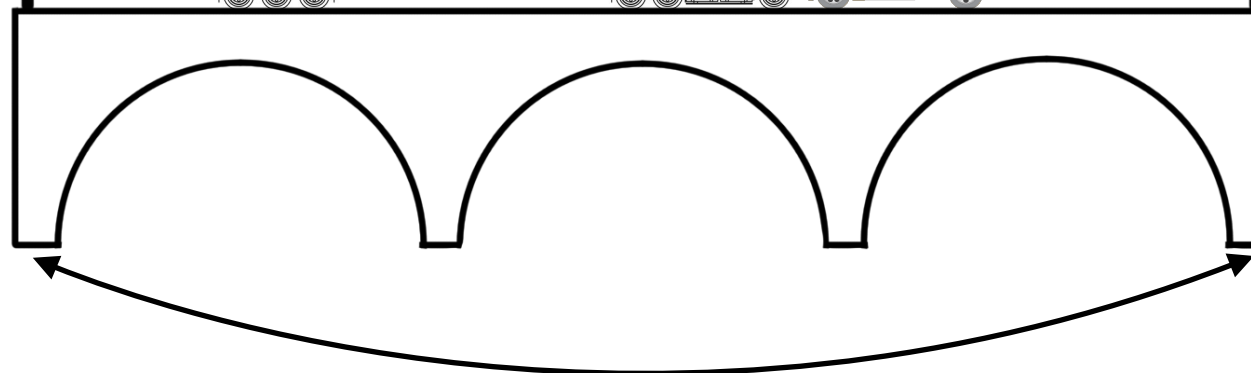
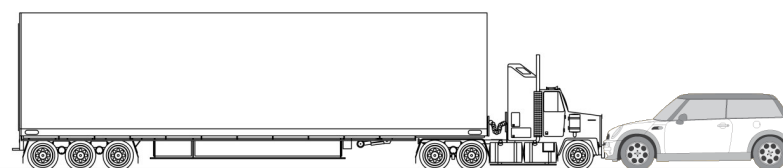
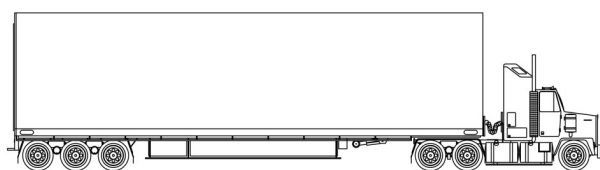


Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer

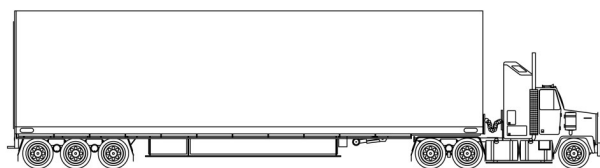


Reader



Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

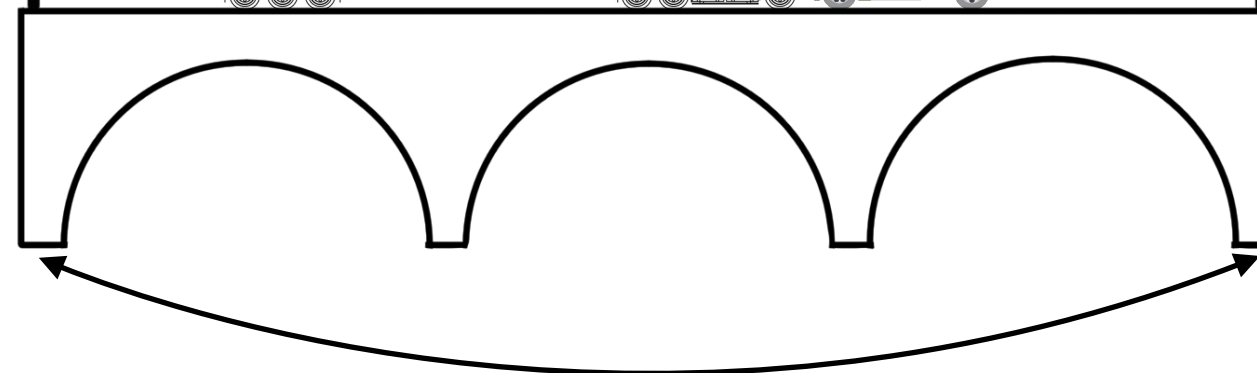
Writer



...E nunca um leitor e
escritor simultaneamente!

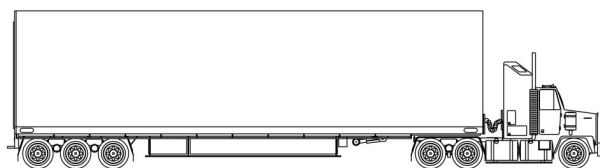


Reader



Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

Writer



...E nunca um leitor e
escritor simultaneamente!

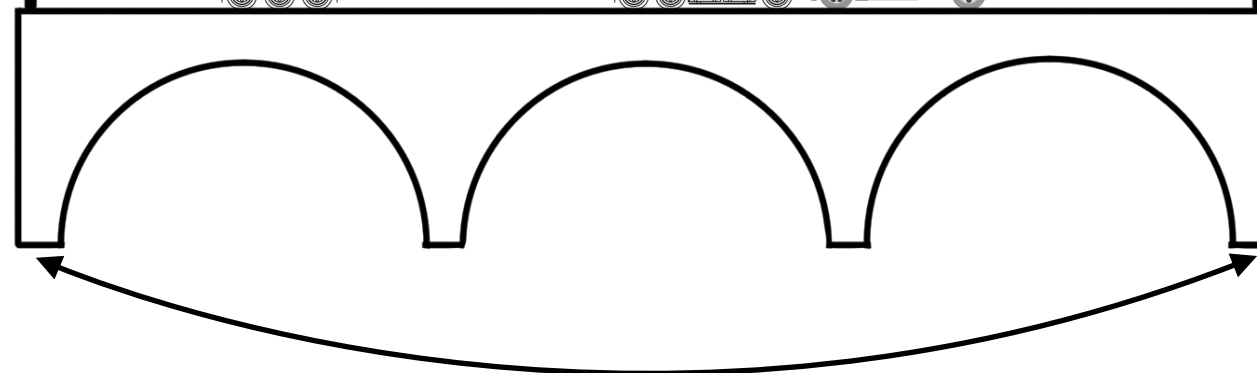


99999



99999

Reader



Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

● Exemplo (Exercício 3):

Reader 1

```
rwlock.readLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.readUnlock()
```

Reader 2

```
rwlock.readLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.readUnlock()
```

Writer 1

```
rwlock.writeLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.writeUnlock()
```

Writer 2

```
rwlock.writeLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.writeUnlock()
```

Exemplo (Exercício 3):

Reader 1

Reader 2

Writer 1

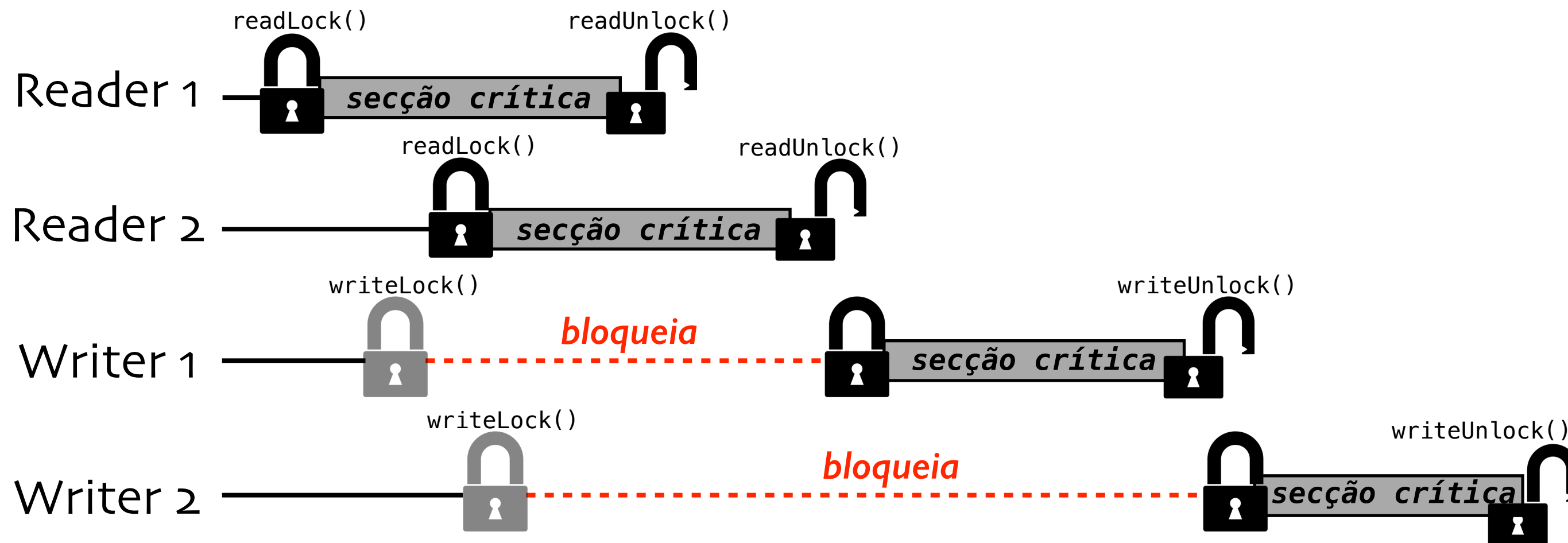
Writer 2

```
rwlock.readLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.readUnlock()
```

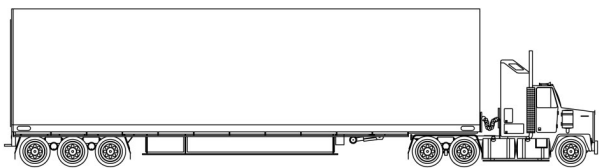
```
rwlock.readLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.readUnlock()
```

```
rwlock.writeLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.writeUnlock()
```

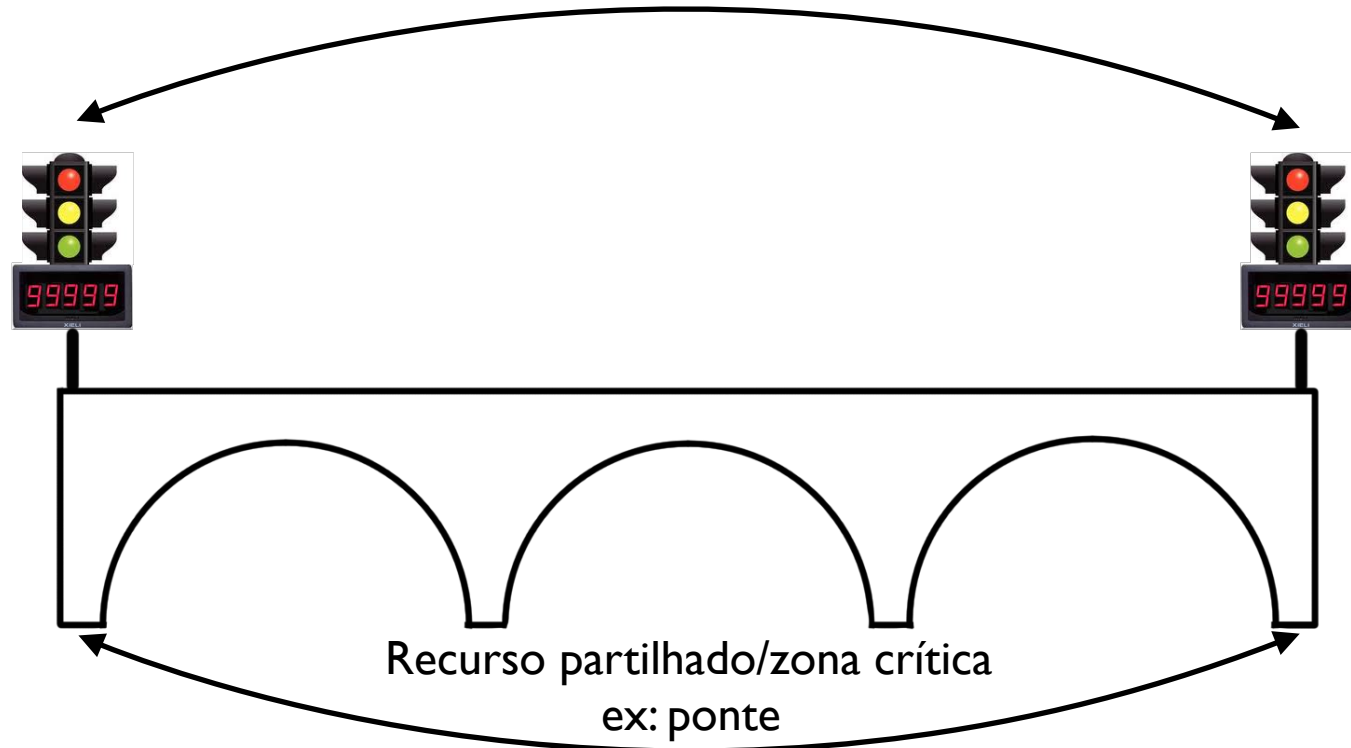
```
rwlock.writeLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.writeUnlock()
```



Writer



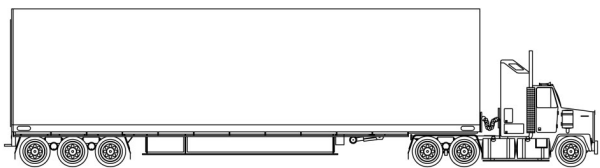
RWLock



Reader

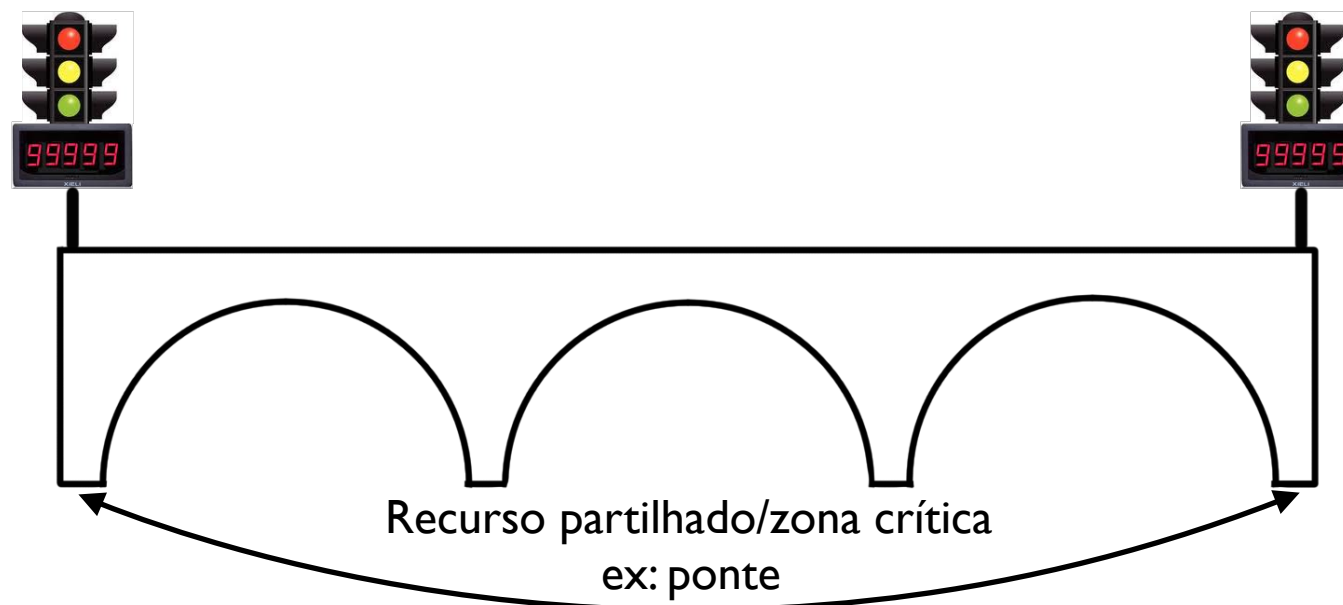


Writer

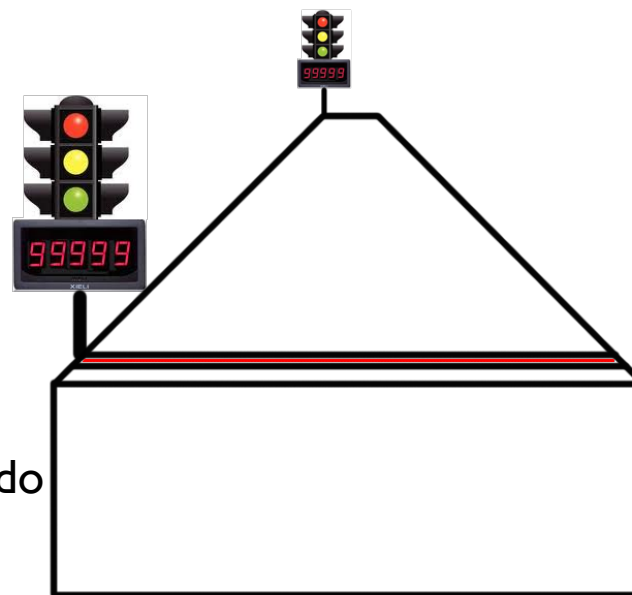


RWLock

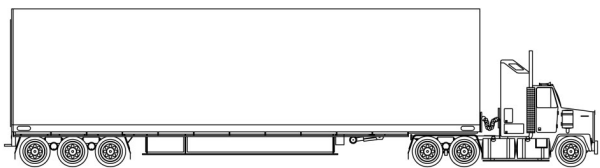
Reader



Recurso partilhado
ex: ponte

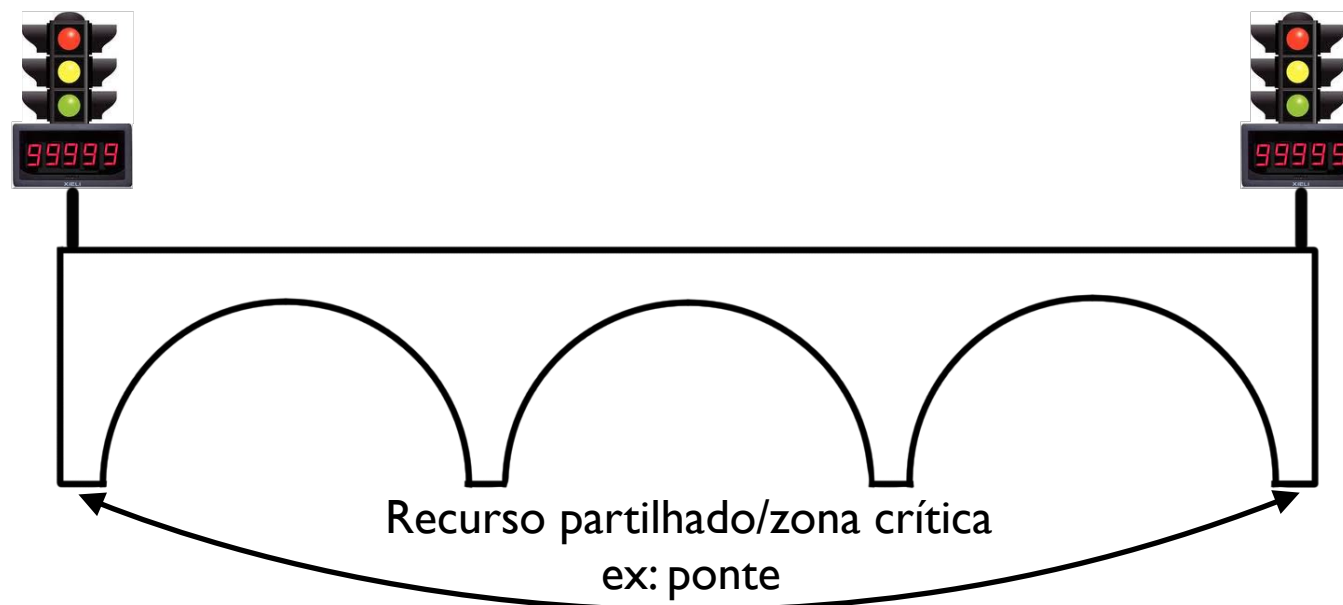


Writer



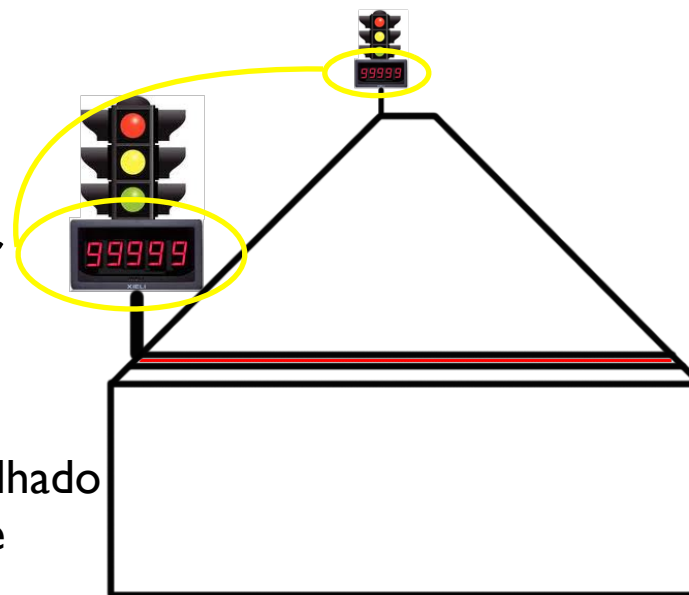
RWLock

Reader

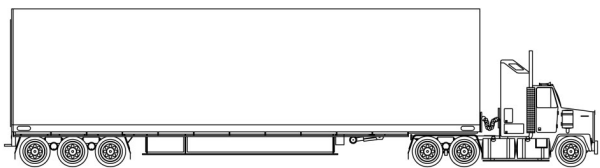


Contador

Recurso partilhado
ex: ponte

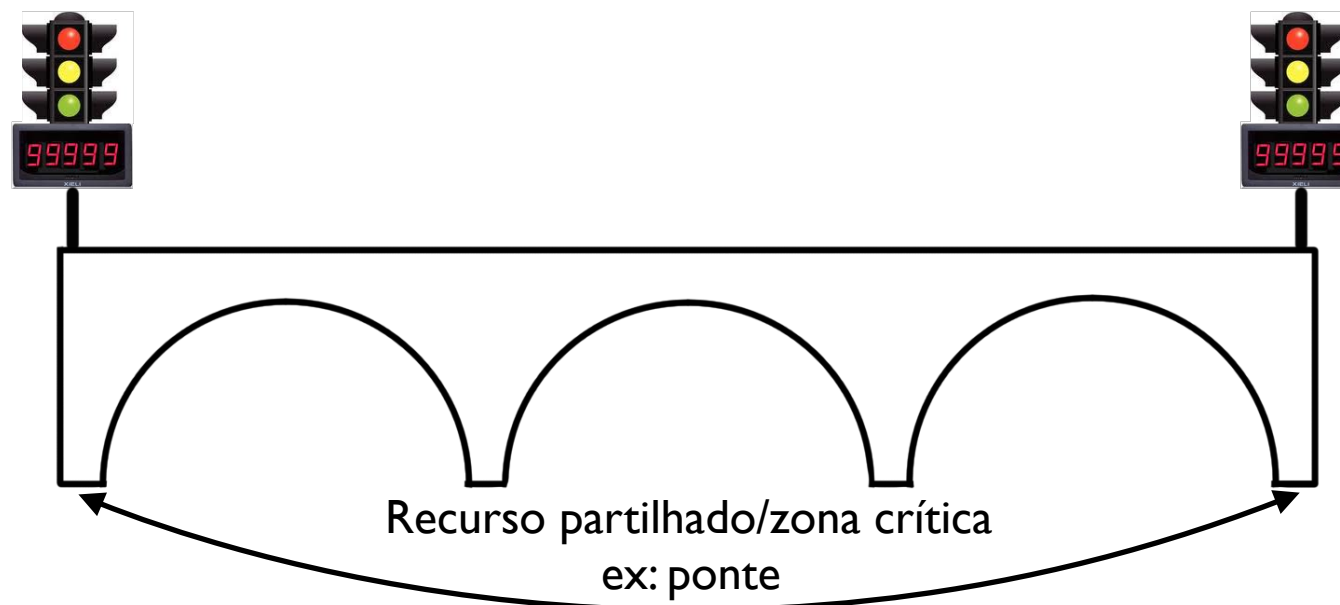


Writer

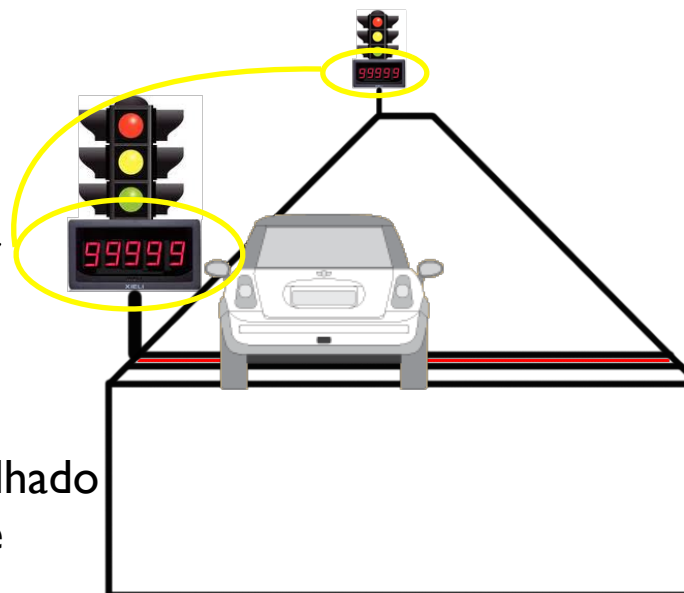


RWLock

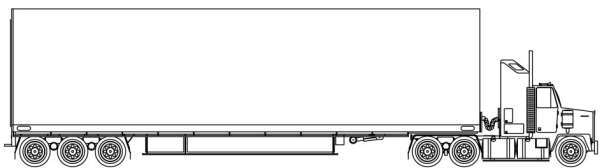
Reader



Contador

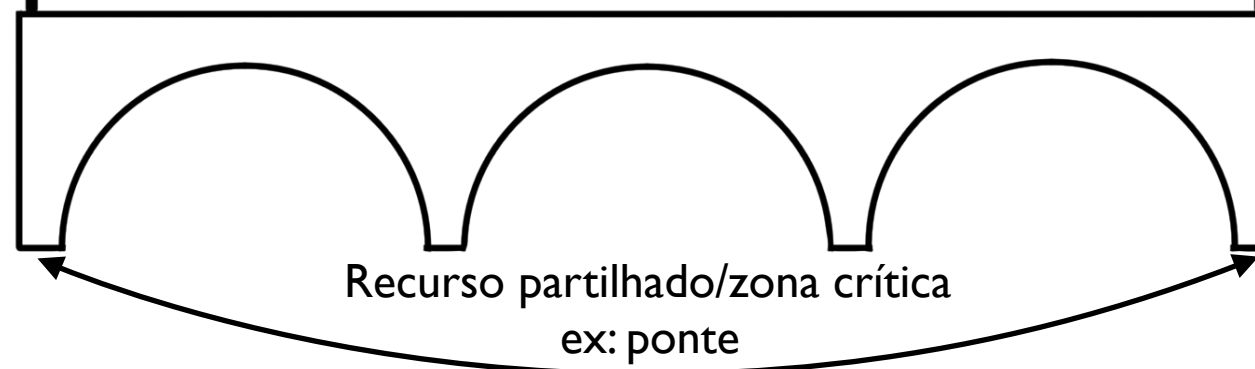


Writer



RWLock

Reader



ReadLock()
readers++

Contador

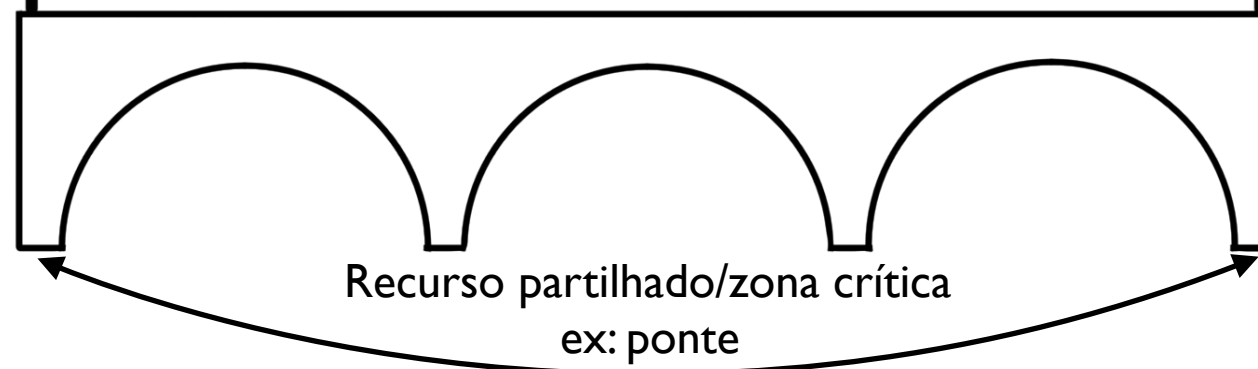
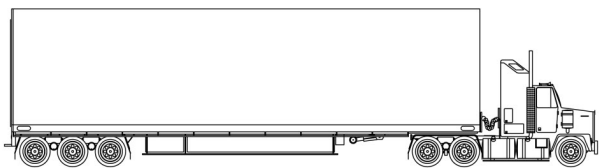


Recurso partilhado
ex: ponte

Writer

RWLock

Reader



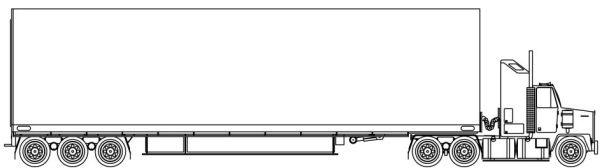
ReadLock()
readers++

Contador



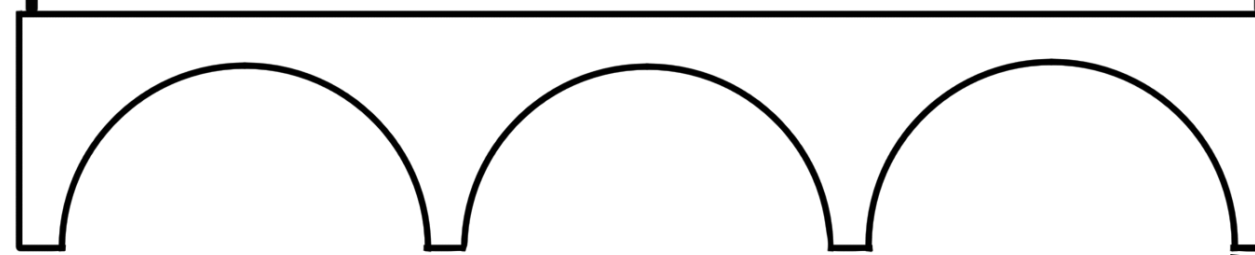
Recurso partilhado
ex: ponte

Writer



RWLock

Reader



Recurso partilhado/zona crítica
ex: ponte

ReadLock()
readers++

ReadLock()
readers++

Contador



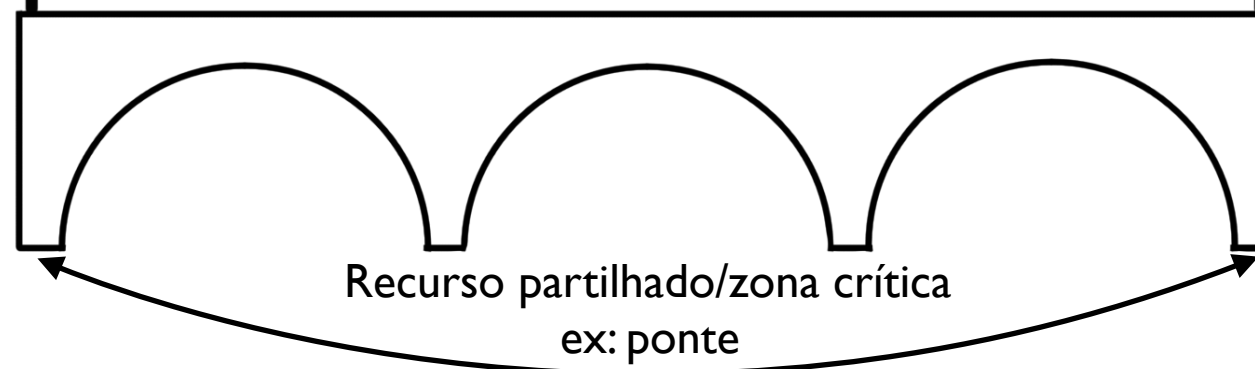
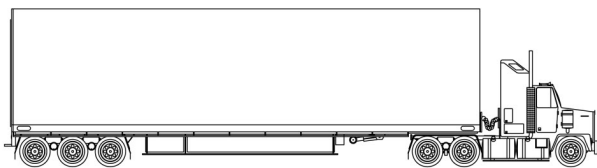
Recurso partilhado
ex: ponte



Writer

RWLock

Reader



ReadLock()
readers++

ReadLock()
readers++

Contador

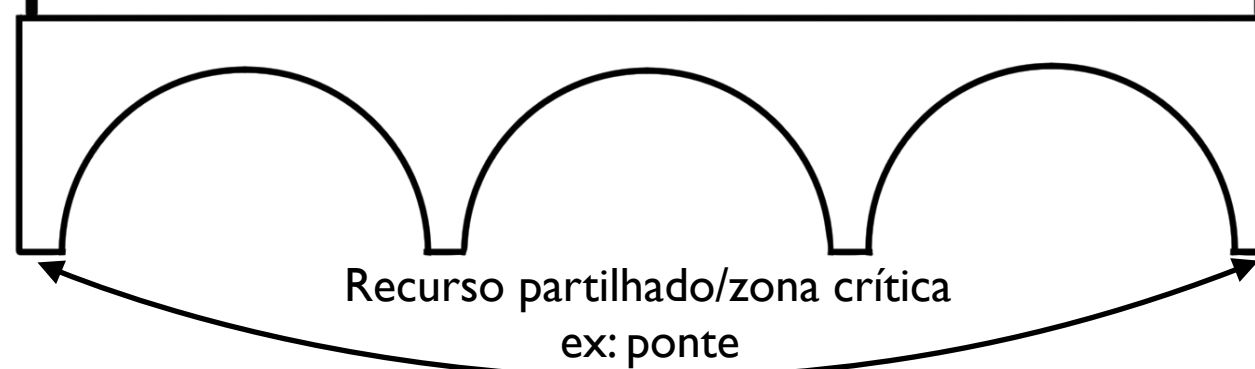
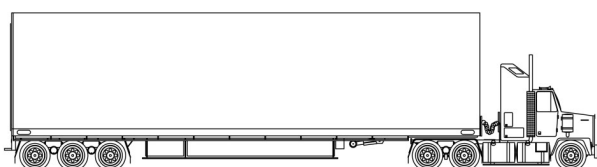


Recurso partilhado
ex: ponte

Writer

RWLock

Reader



ReadLock()
readers++

ReadLock()
readers++

Contador



Recurso partilhado
ex: ponte

Aula 1 ex Contador: acessos concorrentes a um contador partilhado pode levar a “perdas” na contagem.

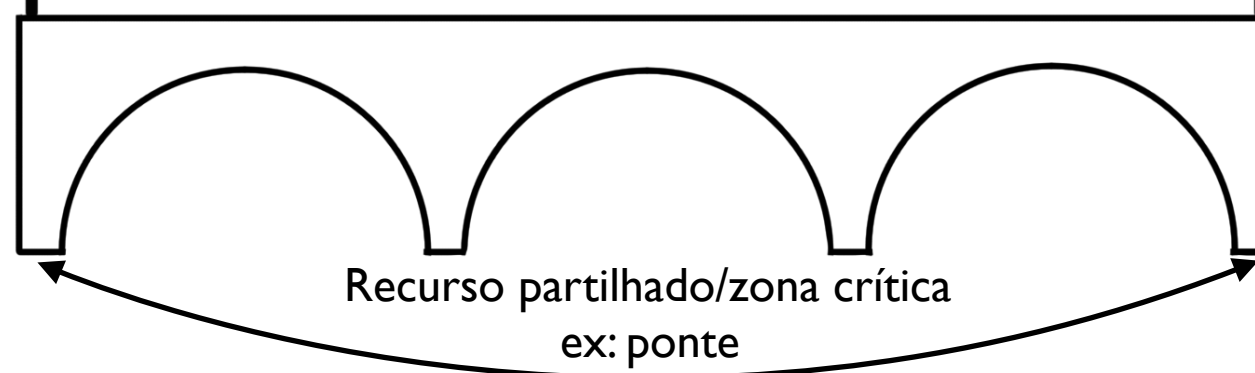
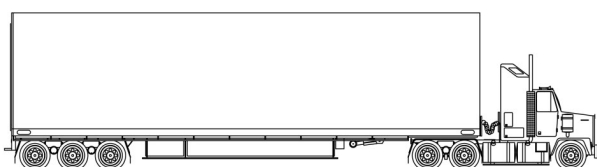
Logo...

Garantir exclusão mútua no acesso à zona crítica!

Writer

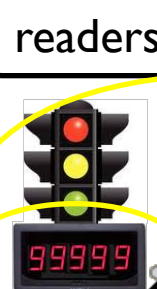
RWLock

Reader



ReadLock()
readers++

Contador



Recurso partilhado
ex: ponte

- Aula 1 ex Contador: acessos concorrentes a um contador partilhado pode levar a “perdas” na contagem.

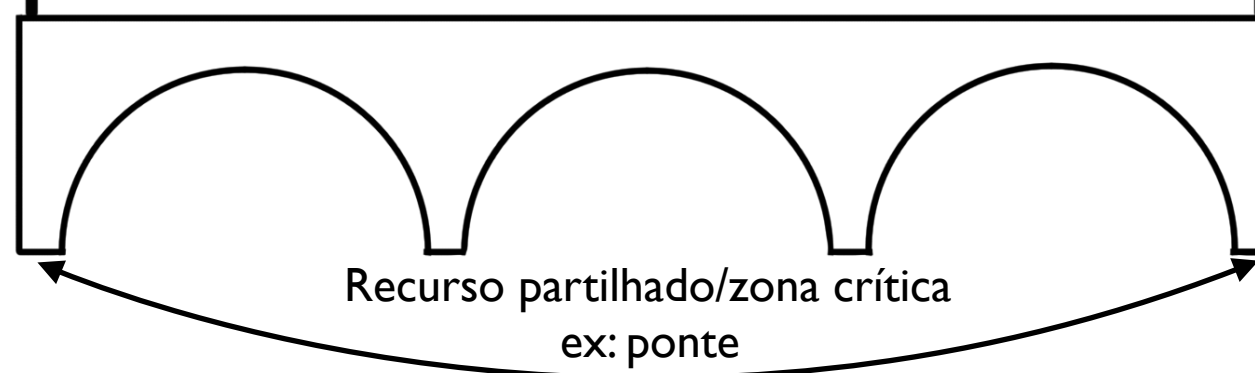
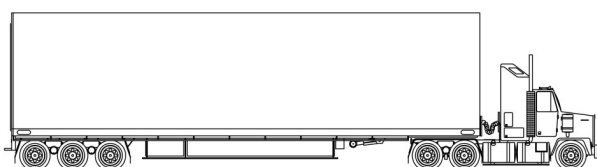
Logo...

- **Garantir exclusão mútua no acesso à zona crítica!**

Writer

RWLock

Reader



ReadLock()
readers++

Contador



Recurso partilhado
ex: ponte

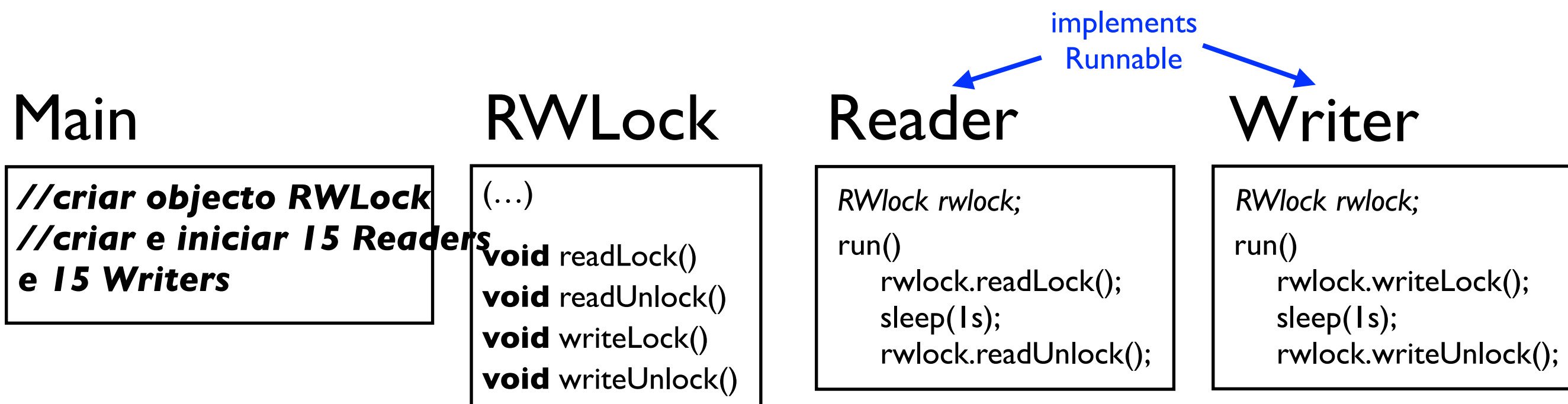
- Aula 1 ex Contador: acessos concorrentes a um contador partilhado pode levar a “perdas” na contagem.

Logo...

- **Garantir exclusão mútua no acesso à zona crítica!**

3) Implemente a classe RWLock com os métodos readLock(), readUnlock(), writeLock() e writeUnlock() de modo a permitir o acesso simultâneo de múltiplos leitores a uma dada região crítica, ou em alternativa, o acesso de um único escritor.

- Usar ReentrantLock e respectivas variáveis de condição.



Exemplo (Exercício 3):

Reader 1

Reader 2

Writer 1

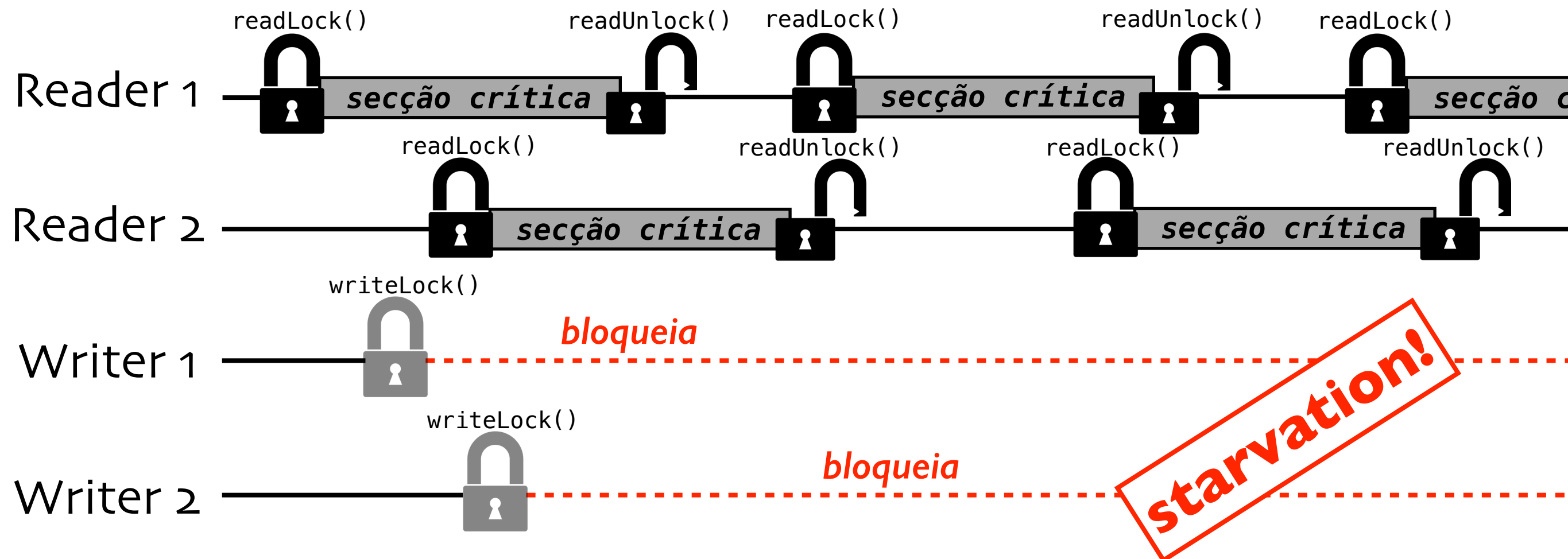
Writer 2

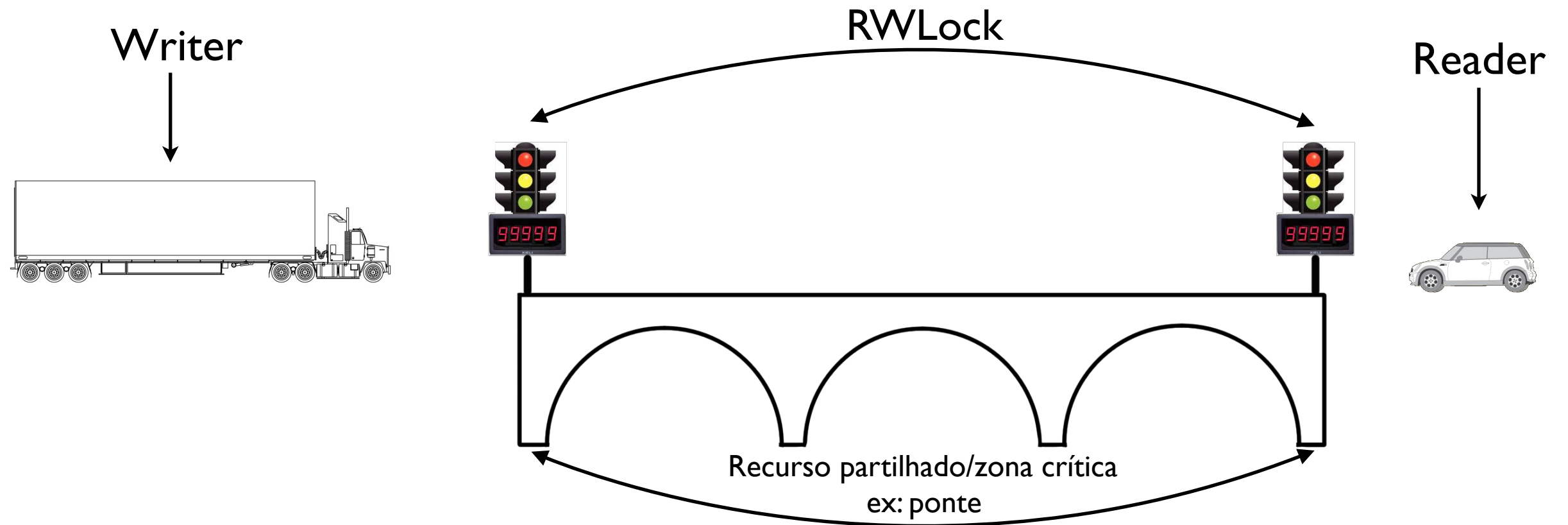
```
rwlock.readLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.readUnlock()
```

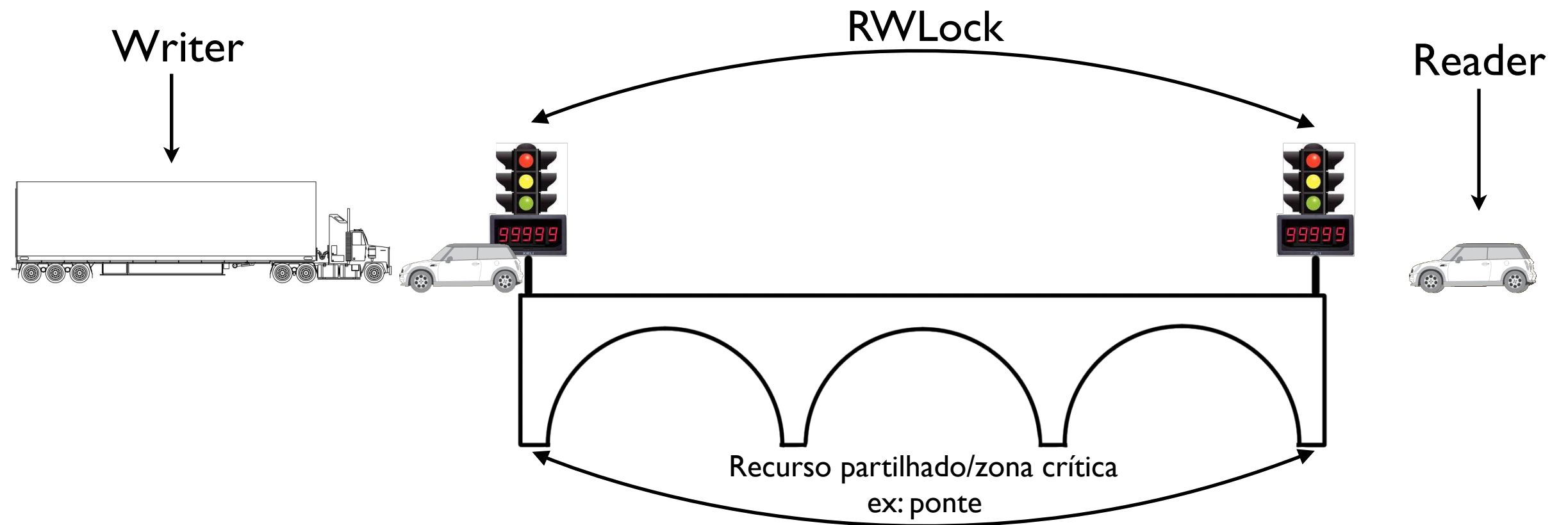
```
rwlock.readLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.readUnlock()
```

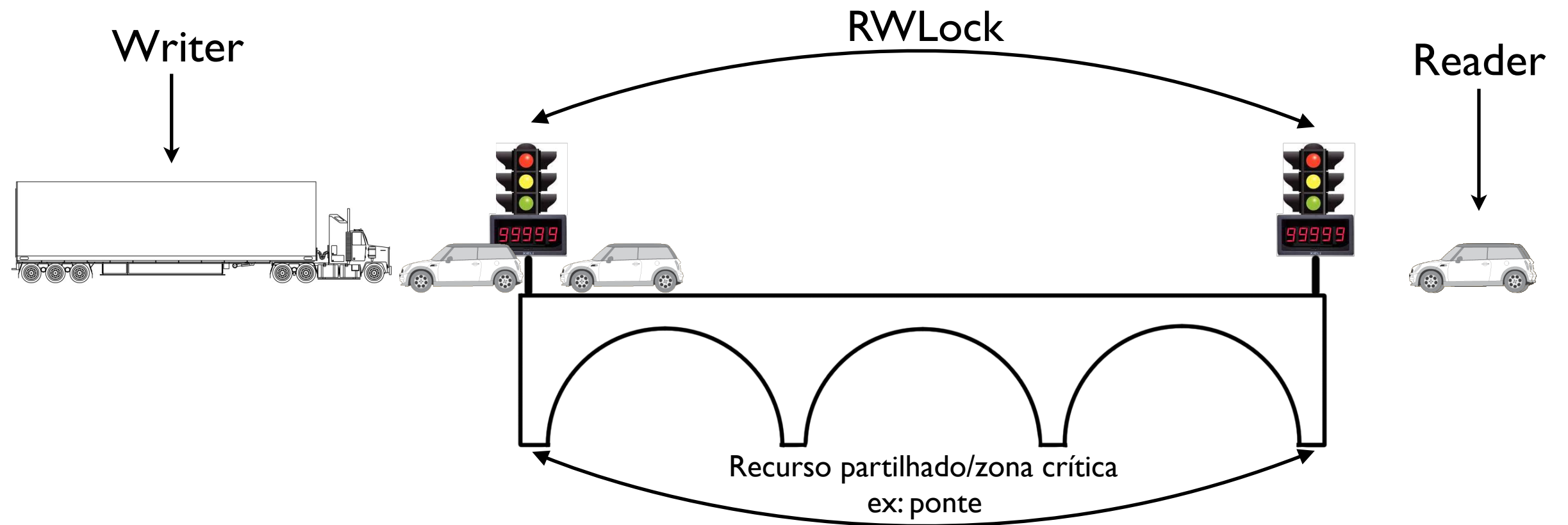
```
rwlock.writeLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.writeUnlock()
```

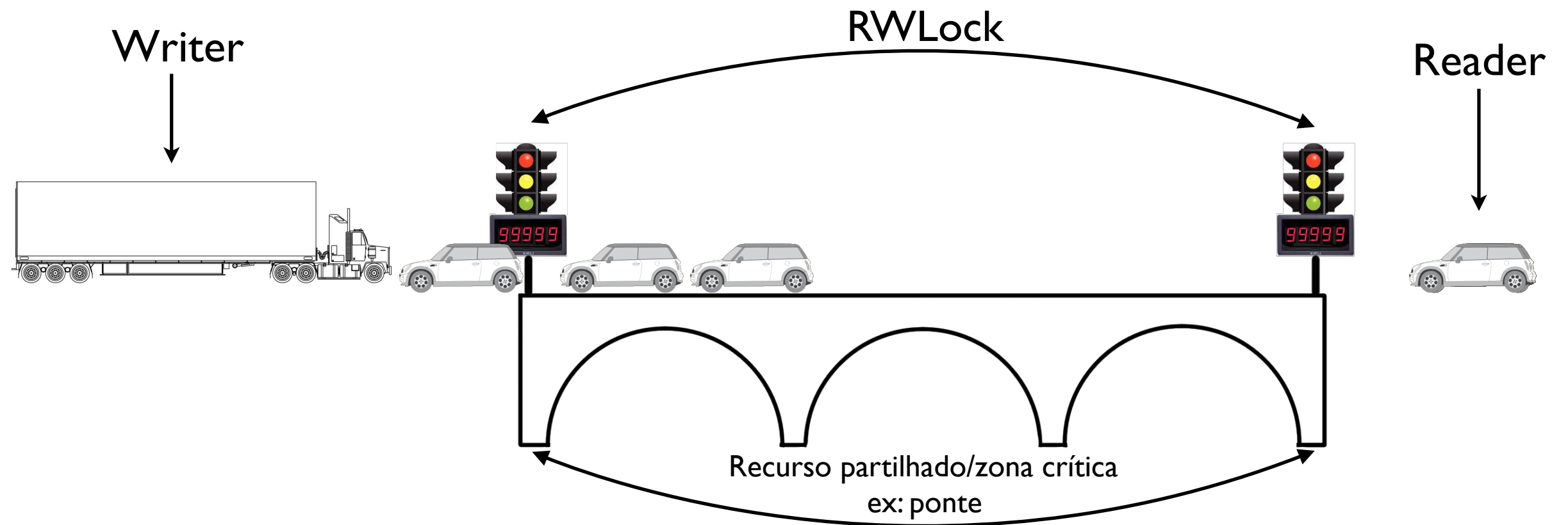
```
rwlock.writeLock()  
//secção crítica  
rwlock.writeUnlock()
```

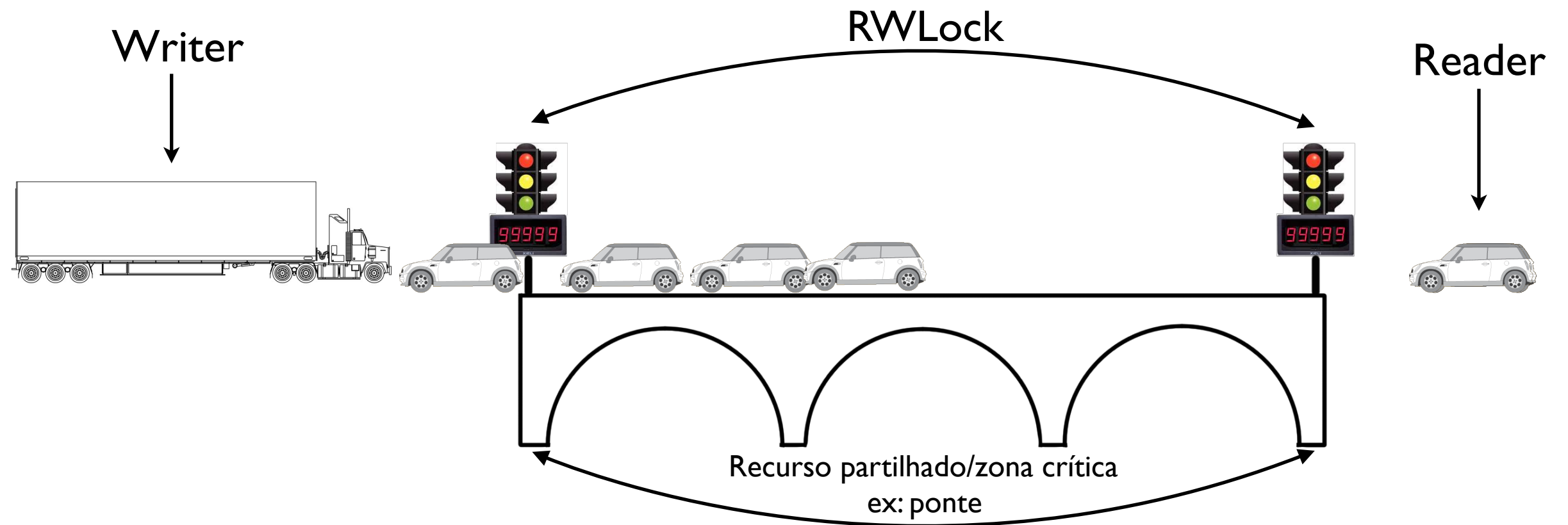


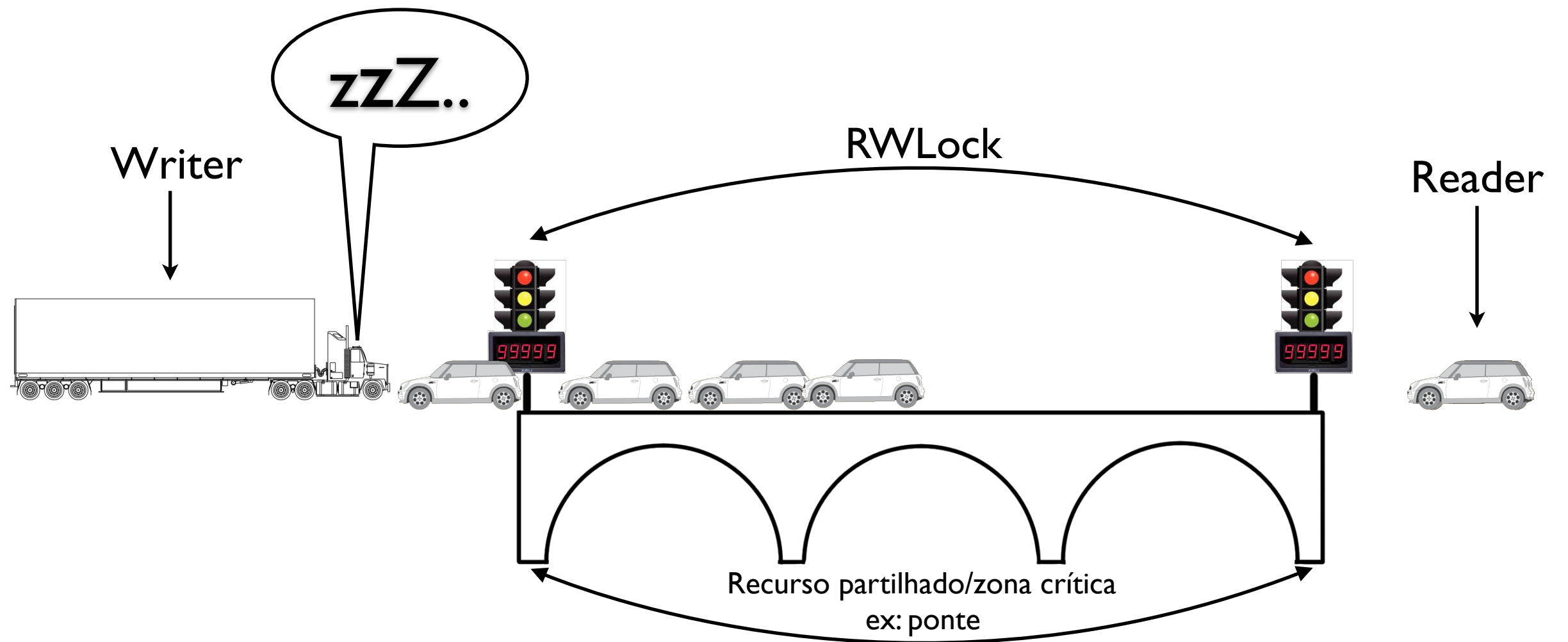


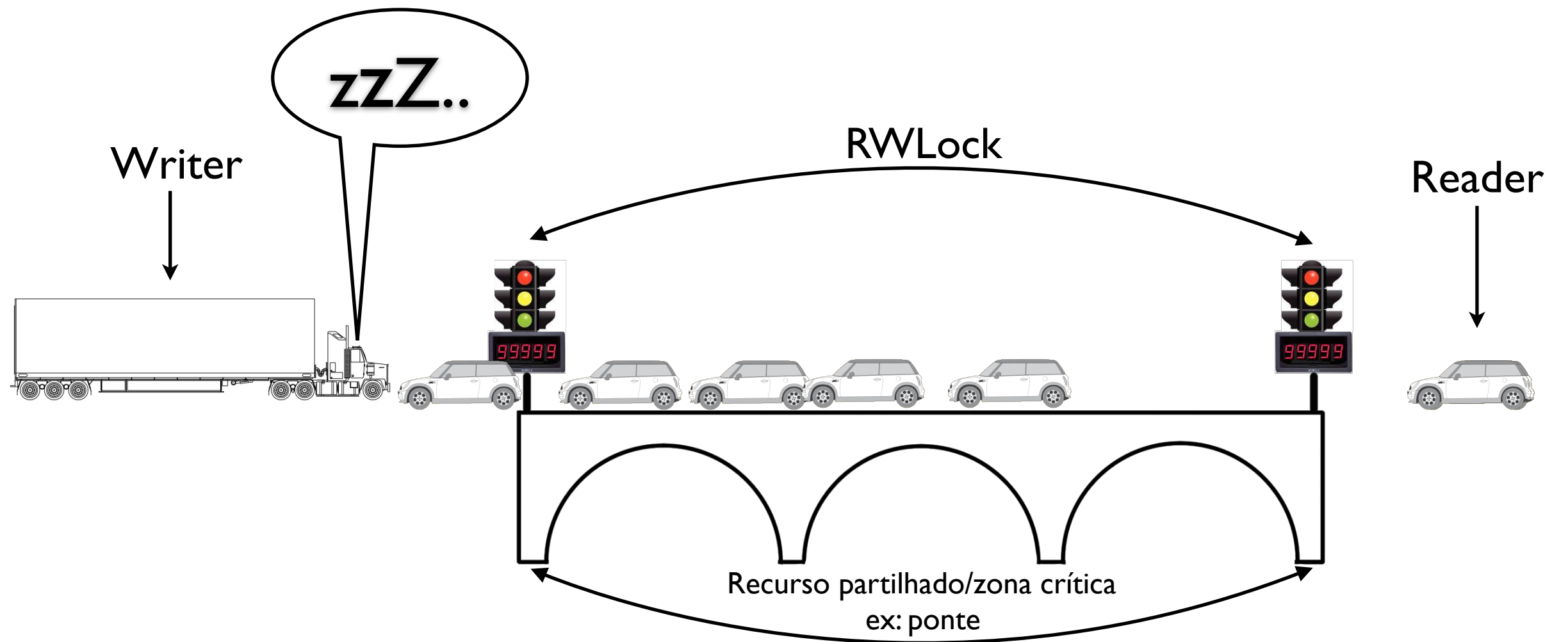


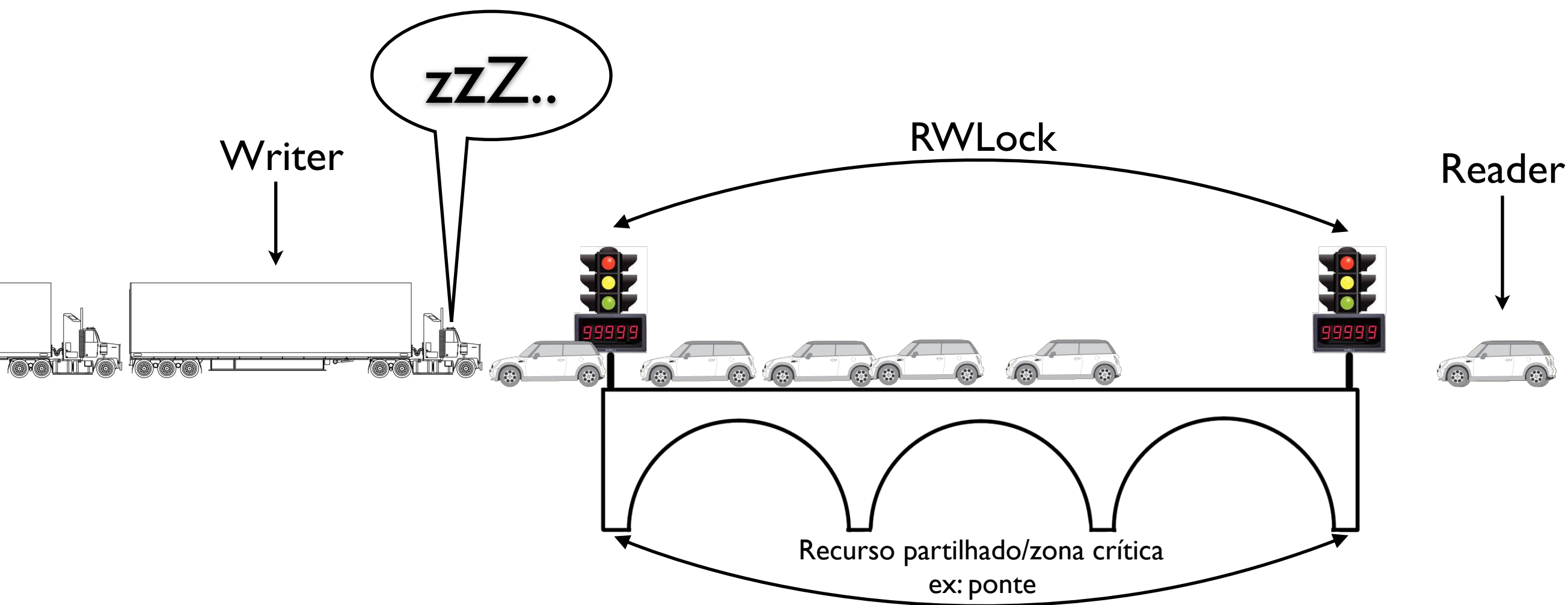


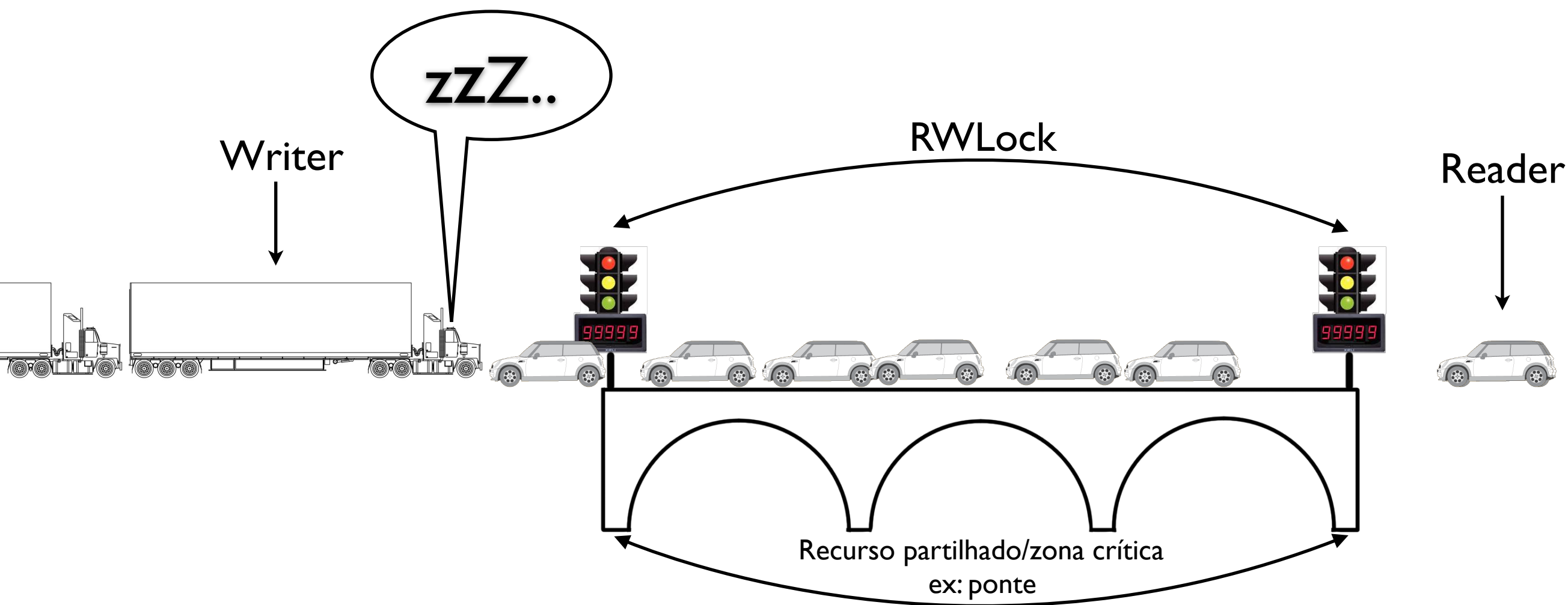


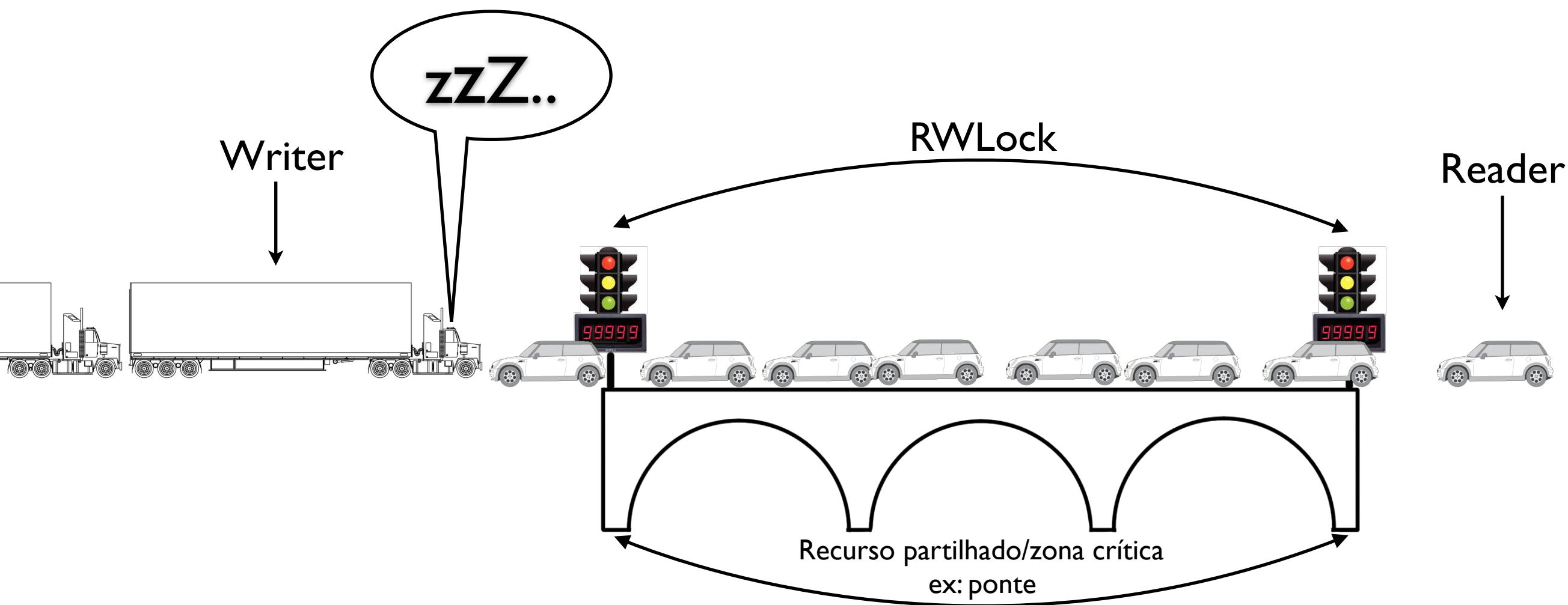












3) Implemente a classe RWLock com os métodos readLock(), readUnlock(), writeLock() e writeUnlock() de modo a permitir o acesso simultâneo de múltiplos leitores a uma dada região crítica, ou em alternativa, o acesso de um único escritor.

- Usar ReentrantLock e respectivas variáveis de condição.
- Evitar o fenómeno de starvation.

