



5 Meses Gratis de Correo

Recibe 5 Meses Gratis de Correo Empresarial, Centro de Datos en Miami y Pago en Bolivares



HTML5 New Elements

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New Elements in HTML5

Below is a list of the new HTML5 elements, and a description of what they are used for.

New Semantic/Structural Elements

HTML5 offers new elements for better document structure:

Tag	Description
<u><article></u>	Defines an article in a document
<u><aside></u>	Defines content aside from the page content
<u><bdi></u>	Isolates a part of text that might be formatted in a different direction from other text outside it
<u><details></u>	Defines additional details that the user can view or hide
<u><dialog></u>	Defines a dialog box or window
<u><figcaption></u>	Defines a caption for a <figure> element
<u><figure></u>	Defines self-contained content
<u><footer></u>	Defines a footer for a document or section
<u><header></u>	Defines a header for a document or section
<u><main></u>	Defines the main content of a document
<u><mark></u>	Defines marked/highlighted text
<u><meter></u>	Defines a scalar measurement within a known range (a gauge)
<u><nav></u>	Defines navigation links
<u><progress></u>	Represents the progress of a task

<u><rp></u>	Defines what to show in browsers that do not support ruby annotations
<u><rt></u>	Defines an explanation/pronunciation of characters (for East Asian typography)
<u><ruby></u>	Defines a ruby annotation (for East Asian typography)
<u><section></u>	Defines a section in a document
<u><summary></u>	Defines a visible heading for a <details> element
<u><time></u>	Defines a date/time
<u><wbr></u>	Defines a possible line-break

Read more about [HTML5 Semantics](#).

New Form Elements

Tag	Description
<u><datalist></u>	Specifies a list of pre-defined options for input controls
<u><output></u>	Defines the result of a calculation

Read all about old and new form elements in [HTML Form Elements](#).

New Input Types

New Input Types	New Input Attributes
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• color• date• datetime• datetime-local• email• month• number• range	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• autocomplete• autofocus• form• formaction• formenctype• formmethod• formnovalidate• formtarget

- search
- tel
- time
- url
- week
- height and width
- list
- min and max
- multiple
- pattern (regexp)
- placeholder
- required
- step

Learn all about old and new input types in [HTML Input Types](#).

Learn all about input attributes in [HTML Input Attributes](#).

HTML5 - New Attribute Syntax

HTML5 allows four different syntaxes for attributes.

This example demonstrates the different syntaxes used in an `<input>` tag:

Type	Example
Empty	<code><input type="text" value="John" disabled></code>
Unquoted	<code><input type="text" value=John></code>
Double-quoted	<code><input type="text" value="John Doe"></code>
Single-quoted	<code><input type="text" value='John Doe'></code>

In HTML5, all four syntaxes may be used, depending on what is needed for the attribute.

HTML5 Graphics

Tag	Description
<code><canvas></code>	Draw graphics, on the fly, via scripting (usually JavaScript)
<code><svg></code>	Draw scalable vector graphics

Read more about [HTML5 Canvas](#).

Read more about [HTML5 SVG](#).

New Media Elements

Tag	Description
<code><audio></code>	Defines sound content
<code><embed></code>	Defines a container for an external (non-HTML) application

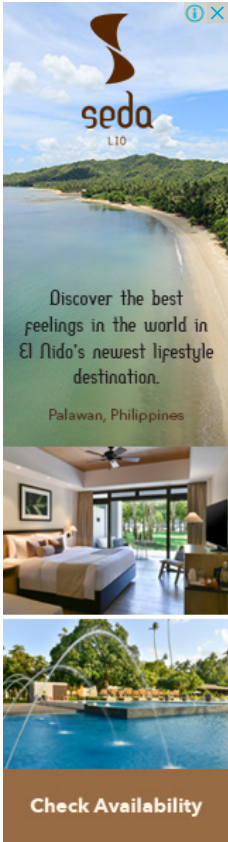
<code><source></code>	Defines multiple media resources for media elements (<video> and <audio>)
<code><track></code>	Defines text tracks for media elements (<video> and <audio>)
<code><video></code>	Defines video or movie

Read more about [HTML5 Video](#).

Read more about [HTML5 Audio](#).

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