

① a) $\dot{V}_1 = \dot{V}_2 = V_2 A_2 \Rightarrow V_2 = \frac{\dot{V}_1}{A_2} = \frac{0,2}{1,6 \cdot 10^{-3}} = 39,79 \text{ m/s}$

$\dot{V}_1 = 12 \text{ m}^3/\text{min} = 0,2 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

$A_2 = \pi \cdot (0,04)^2 = 1,6 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$

$V = 39,79 \text{ m/s}$

② b) $\sum F = \sum \text{saída} - \sum \text{entrada}$ SC $\rho = 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$

$F_{\text{res}} = \dot{m} \cdot \vec{V}$

$\dot{m} = \rho \cdot V \cdot A = 10^3 \cdot 39,79 \cdot 1,6 \cdot 10^{-3} = 200 \text{ kg/s} \Rightarrow F_{\text{res}} = 200 \cdot 39,79 = 7958$

$F = 7,9 \text{ kN}$

$$2) B = m \quad b = 1$$

$$\frac{dm}{dt} = \int_{Vc} \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} dV + \int_{Sc} \rho \vec{V} \cdot \vec{n} dA$$

regime permanente: $\frac{dm}{dt} = \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = 0$

$$\rho \int_{Sc} \vec{V} \cdot \vec{n} dA = 0 \Rightarrow \int_{Sc} \vec{V} \cdot \vec{n} dA = 0 = \int_{ab} \vec{V} \cdot \vec{n} dA + \dot{m}_{bc} + \int_{cd} \vec{V} \cdot \vec{n} dA$$

$$\dot{m}_{bc} = \rho U_w d y - \rho U_w d \int_0^y \left(\frac{3}{2} \frac{y}{\delta} - \frac{2}{2,5} \frac{y}{\delta} \right) d\left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right) - \rho U_0 w L$$

$$= \rho w \left[U \delta - U_0 \delta \left[\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{y}{\delta} \right)^2 - \frac{2}{2,5} \left(\frac{y}{\delta} \right)^{2,5} \right]_0^1 \right] - U_0 L$$

$$= \rho w \left[U \delta - U \delta \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{2,5} \right) \right] - U_0 L = \rho w [0,3 U \delta - U_0 L]$$

$$\dot{m} = 1,42 \text{ Kg/s}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \sum F_x = \dot{m} (\beta_2 V_{2x} - \beta_1 V_{1x}) \quad \sum F_x = -F$$

$$\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 1$$

$$V_{1x} = V - V_c \quad V_{2x} = 0 \quad \dot{m} = \rho V_{1x} A$$

$$-F = \dot{m} (1 \cdot 0 - 1(V - V_c)) = \dot{m} (V_c - V) = 25(15 - 5) = 250 \text{ N}$$

$$W = F \cdot V_c = 250 \cdot 5 = 1250 \text{ W}$$

$$F = 250 \text{ N}$$

$$W = 1250 \text{ W}$$

$$④ A_1 = 2,6 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2 \quad A_2 = 6,5 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2 \quad \rho = 10^3 \text{ Kg/m}^3$$

$$B = m v \Rightarrow b = m$$

$$\frac{d(mv)}{dt} = \int_{V(t)} \frac{\partial \vec{v} \rho}{\partial t} dV + \int_{SC} \vec{v} \rho (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{n}) dA$$

$$\vec{F}_{sx} + \vec{F}_{Bx} = \int_{SC} \vec{v} \rho (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{n}) dA = v_1 (-\rho v_1 A_1) - v_2 (\rho v_2 A_2)$$

$$F_x = -P A_1 - \rho (v_1^2 A_1 + v_2^2 A_2)$$

$$v = \frac{v_1 A_1}{A_2} = \frac{3,05 \cdot 2,6 \cdot 10^{-3}}{6,5 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 12,2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$F_x = -96 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 2,6 \cdot 10^{-3} - 10^3 (3,05^2 \cdot 2,6 \cdot 10^{-3} + 12,2^2 \cdot 6,5 \cdot 10^{-4})$$

$$F_x = -370,53 \text{ N}$$