Jupyter notebooks

Cell type

- Code: you write code
 - Live code
 - Interactive widgets
 - Plots
- Markdown: body-text, and contain markdown you write text to organise your notebook
 - Narrative text
 - Equations
 - Images
 - Video
 - Embedded LaTeX equations
- Raw NBConvert: contents in raw cells are not evaluated by notebook kernel



Shortcuts - Command Mode (press ESC)

Ctrl-Cmd-5 : Show search dialog

F : find and replace

Ctrl-Shift-F: open the command palette

Ctr1-Shift-P: open the command palette

Enter : enter edit mode

P: open the command palette

Shift-Enter : run cell, select below

Ctrl-Enter : run selected cells

Alt-Enter : run cell and insert below

Y: change cell to code

M: change cell to markdown

R : change cell to raw

1 : change cell to heading 1

2: change cell to heading 2

3: change cell to heading 3

4: change cell to heading 4

5: change cell to heading 5

6 : change cell to heading 6

Shift-Down: extend selected cells below

Shift-J: extend selected cells below

A : insert cell above

B: insert cell below

x : cut selected cells

c : copy selected cells

ft-V: paste cells above
V: paste cells below

z : undo cell deletion

. D : delete selected cells

Shift-M: merge selected cells, or current

cell with cell below if only one

cell is selected

Ctr1-5: Save and Checkpoint

S : Save and Checkpoint

L : toggle line numbers

o : toggle output of selected cells

Shift-0: toggle output scrolling of

Up : select cell above

Down : select cell below

select cell below

Shift-K: extend selected cells above

hift-Up: extend selected cells above

H: show keyboard shortcuts

I, I: interrupt the kernel

0, 0: restart the kernel (with dialog)

Esc : close the pager

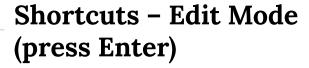
0 : close the pager

Shift-L: toggles line numbers in all cells,

and persist the setting

Shift-Space : scroll notebook up

space : scroll notebook down



Tab : code completion or indent

Shift-Tab: tooltip

Ctr1-]: indent

Ctrl-[: dedent

Ctr1-A : select all

Ctr1-Z: undo

Ctrl-/: comment

Ctr1-D: delete whole line

Ctr1-U: undo selection

Insert : toggle overwrite flag

Ctrl-Home : go to cell start

Ctrl-Up : go to cell start

Ctr1-End : go to cell end

Ctrl-Down : go to cell end

Ctrl-Left : go one word left

Ctrl-Right : go one word right

Ctrl-Backspace : delete word before

Ctrl-Delete : delete word after

Ctrl-Y: redo

Alt-U: redo selection

Ctrl-M: enter command mode

Ctrl-Shift-F: open the command palette

Ctrl-Shift-P : open the command palette

Esc : enter command mode

Shift-Enter : run cell, select below

Ctr1-Enter : run selected cells

Alt-Enter: run cell and insert below

Ctrl-Shift-Minus : split cell at cursor

Ctr1-5 : Save and Checkpoint

Down: move cursor down

Up : move cursor up

Notebooks checkpoints

- Jupyter creates a checkpoint file every single time you create an .ipynb file
- It then updates the checkpoint file every single time you manually save your progress for the initial .ipynb (save and checkpoint)
- You can revert to the latest checkpoint

Nb viewer

Any public URL on or GitHub can be shared

- It renders it as a static web page
- https://nbviewer.jupyter.org/



Headings: Use #s followed by a blank space for notebook titles and section headings:

title
major headings
subheadings
4th level subheadings

Emphasis: Use this code: Bold: __string__ or **string** Italic: _string_
or *string*



Mathematical symbols: Use this code: \$ mathematical symbols \$

Monospace font: Surround text with a back single quotation mark. (`) Use monospace for file path and file names and for text users enter or message text users see.



Colors: Use this code: <font

color=blue|red|green|pink|yellow>Text Not all markdown code works within a font tag, so review your colored text carefully!

Indented quoting: Use a greater than sign (>) and then a space, then type the text. The text is indented and has a gray horizontal line to the left of it until the next carriage return.



Bullets: Use the dash sign (–) with a space after it, or a space, a dash, and a space (–), to create a circular bullet. To create a sub bullet, use a tab followed a dash and a space. You can also use an asterisk instead of a dash, and it works the same.

Numbered lists: Start with 1. followed by a space, then it starts numbering for you. Start each line with some number and a period, then a space. Tab to indent to get subnumbering.



Graphics: You can attach image files directly to a notebook only in Markdown cells. Drag and drop your images to the Mardown cell to attach it to the notebook. To add images to other cell types, you can use only graphics that are hosted on the web. You can't add captions for graphics at this time. Use this code:

Geometric shapes: Use this code with a decimal or hex reference number from here: <u>UTF-8 Geometric shapes</u>

&#reference_number;



Horizontal lines: Use three asterisks: ***

Internal links: To link to a section, use this code: [section title]
(#section-title) For the text in the parentheses, replace spaces and special
characters with a hyphen. Make sure to test all the links!

Alternatively, you can add an ID for a section right above the section title. Use this code: Make sure that the section_ID is unique within the notebook.

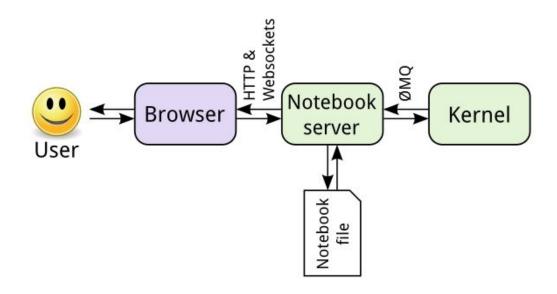
Use this code for the link and make sure to test all the links! [section title] (#section_ID)

External links: Use this code and test all links! [link text](http://url)

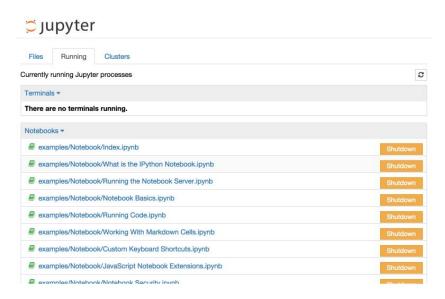
https://medium.com/ibm-data-science-experience/markdown-for-jupyter-notebooks-cheatsheet-386c05aeebed



Notebooks architecture



What is running?



Exercise

- Create a notebook which introduces someone and her/his holidays preference with a picture and a link to a youtube video
- Explain the purpose of the notebook with beautiful markdown!
- Write a function that inputs the user name
- Add a photo of you
- Write a function that inputs their holidays preference
- Add a photo of the holiday destination
- Add a link to a youtube video with the destination
- · Remember to add *markdown* cells to introduce each part