Polynomial Calculator with lex and yacc

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1 Objective

To determine the atomic weight of magnesium via its reaction with oxygen and to study the stoichiometry of the reaction (as defined in 1.1):

$$2 \text{ Mg} + \text{O}_2 \longrightarrow 2 \text{ MgO}$$

1.1 Definitions

Stoichiometry The relationship between the relative quantities of substances taking part in a reaction or forming a compound, typically a ratio of whole integers.

Atomic mass The mass of an atom of a chemical element expressed in atomic mass units. It is approximately equivalent to the number of protons and neutrons in the atom (the mass number) or to the average number allowing for the relative abundances of different isotopes.

2 Experimental Data

$7.28\mathrm{g}$
8.59 g
9.46 g
#4
#1

3 Sample Calculation

```
\begin{array}{ll} \text{Mass of magnesium metal} &= 8.59 \, \text{g} - 7.28 \, \text{g} \\ &= 1.31 \, \text{g} \\ \\ \text{Mass of magnesium oxide} &= 9.46 \, \text{g} - 7.28 \, \text{g} \\ &= 2.18 \, \text{g} \\ \\ \text{Mass of oxygen} &= 2.18 \, \text{g} - 1.31 \, \text{g} \\ &= 0.87 \, \text{g} \end{array}
```

Because of this reaction, the required ratio is the atomic weight of magnesium: 16.00 g of oxygen as experimental mass of Mg: experimental mass of oxygen or $\frac{x}{1.31} = \frac{16}{0.87}$ from which, $M_{\rm Mg} = 16.00 \times \frac{1.31}{0.87} = 24.1 = 24 \, {\rm g \, mol}^{-1}$ (to two significant figures).

4 Results and Conclusions

The atomic weight of magnesium is concluded to be 24 g mol⁻¹, as determined by the stoichiometry of its chemical combination with oxygen. This result is in agreement with the accepted value.

```
1 import numpy as np
  def incmatrix(genl1,genl2):
      m = len(genl1)
      n = len(gen12)
      M = None #to become the incidence matrix
      VT = np.zeros((n*m,1), int) #dummy variable
      #compute the bitwise xor matrix
      M1 = bitxormatrix(genl1)
      M2 = np.triu(bitxormatrix(genl2),1)
      for i in range(m-1):
          for j in range(i+1, m):
    [r,c] = np.where(M2 == M1[i,j])
14
15
               for k in range(len(r)):
16
                   VT[(i)*n + r[k]] = 1;
17
                   VT[(i)*n + c[k]] = 1;
                   VT[(j)*n + r[k]] = 1;
19
                   VT[(j)*n + c[k]] = 1;
20
                    if M is None:
22
                        M = np.copy(VT)
24
                        M = np.concatenate((M, VT), 1)
                   VT = np.zeros((n*m,1), int)
27
      return M
```

Listing 1: Python example

Placeholder Image

Figure 1: Figure caption.

5 Discussion of Experimental Uncertainty

The accepted value (periodic table) is 24.3 g mol⁻¹ (**Smith:2022qr**). The percentage discrepancy between the accepted value and the result obtained here is 1.3%. Because only a single measurement was made, it is not possible to calculate an estimated standard deviation (see **Smith:2021jd**).

The most obvious source of experimental uncertainty is the limited precision of the balance. Other potential sources of experimental uncertainty are: the reaction might not be complete; if not enough time was allowed for total oxidation, less than complete oxidation of the magnesium might have, in part, reacted with nitrogen in the air (incorrect reaction); the magnesium oxide might have absorbed water from the air, and thus weigh "too much." Because the result obtained is close to the accepted value it is possible that some of these experimental uncertainties have fortuitously cancelled one another.

6 Answers to Definitions

- a. The *atomic weight of an element* is the relative weight of one of its atoms compared to C-12 with a weight of 12.0000000..., hydrogen with a weight of 1.008, to oxygen with a weight of 16.00. Atomic weight is also the average weight of all the atoms of that element as they occur in nature.
- b. The *units of atomic weight* are two-fold, with an identical numerical value. They are g/mole of atoms (or just g/mol) or amu/atom.
- c. *Percentage discrepancy* between an accepted (literature) value and an experimental value is:

experimental result – accepted result accepted result