# **University of Minnesota - Twin Cities**

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Curriculum Vitae Fall 2023

# **Luis Perez**

# **Personal Data**

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Citizenship: Spanish/F-1 Visa

# **Major Fields of Concentration**

Macroeconomics, Public Finance, Industrial Organization

### Education

Degree	Field	Institution	Year
PhD	Economics	University of Minnesota (expected)	2024
MA	Economics	University of Minnesota	2020
MSc	Economics of Innovation and Growth	KTH Royal Institute of Technology	2017
BA	Business Administration and Management	Universidad Rey Juan Carlos	2015

### Dissertation

Title: "Essays in Macroeconomics"

Dissertation Advisor(s): Professor V. V. Chari

Expected Completion: Summer 2024

### References

Professor V. V. Chari	(612) 626-7151 chari002@umn.edu	Department of Economics University of Minnesota 4-101 Hanson Hall
Professor Loukas Karabarbounis	(612) 625-7504 loukas@umn.edu	1925 South Fourth Street Minneapolis, Minnesota 55455
Professor Christopher Phelan	(612) 626-2533	

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### **Honors and Awards**

2021	2nd Prize in Third-Year Paper Competition, Department of Economics, University of Minnesota,
	Minneapolis, Minnesota
2021	Graduate Research Program Partnership Fellowship, Department of Economics, University of
	Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minnesota
2018-2020	La Caixa Fellowship, La Caixa Banking Foundation, Barcelona, Spain
2017	Student with highest GPA, KTH Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden. Ranked
	number 1 of 36.
2015-2017	Ramon Areces Fellowship, Ramon Areces Foundation, Madrid, Spain
2015	Premio Extraordinario, Universidad Rey Juan Carlos, Madrid, Spain. Awarded to the student with
	the highest GPA. Ranked number 1 of 267.
2015	Scholarship for Exchange Studies Abroad, Ministry of Education, Culture and Sport, Madrid, Spain
2014	XXXIII Aster National Research Prize, ESIC, Madrid, Spain

## **Teaching Experience**

Fall 2021-	Instructor.	Department of Economics	. Universit	v of Minnesota.	. Minneapolis.	Minnesota.

Present Taught Economy of Latin America.

Spring 2018 Lecturer, Department of Economics, KTH Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden.

Taught graduate level *Economic Growth*.

Fall 2017 Lecturer, Department of Economics, , KTH Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden.

Taught graduate level Macroeconomics for Business.

### **Research Experience**

2020-2021 *Research Analyst*, Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis, Minneapolis, Minnesota. Research analyst for V. V. Chari.

2017-2018 Researcher, KTH Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden. Researcher for Hans Loof.

#### **Published Papers**

Chari V. V., and Luis Perez, "Comment on Iovino, La'O, and Mascarenhas, 'Optimal Monetary Policy with an Informationally-Constrained Central Banker'," Journal of Monetary Economics, Vol. 125, p. 173-181.

#### **Working Papers**

Hasenzagl, Thomas, and Luis Perez, "The Micro-Aggregated Profit Share," Job Market Paper 1.

Perez, Luis, "The Evolution of TFP in Southern Europe," Job Market Paper 2.

Chari V. V., Rishabh Kirpalani and Luis Perez, "On the Efficiency of Competitive Equilibria with Pandemics," NBER Working Paper No. 31116.

Garcia-Vazquez, Martin, and Luis Perez, "The Impact of Measurement Error in Health on Health-Related Counterfactuals."

Baum, Christopher, Hans Loof and Luis Perez, "Directed Technical Change in Clean Energy Production: Evidence from the Solar Industry," CESIS Working Paper No. 470.

### **Presentations**

"The Micro-Aggregated Profit Share." Presented in: University of Minnesota, Midwest Macro Meeting (scheduled), SEA 93rd Annual Meeting (scheduled), SAEe 2023 (scheduled).

"The Evolution of TFP in Southern Europe." Presented in: University of Minnesota, Midwest Macro Meeting (scheduled), SAEe 2023 (scheduled).

"On the Efficiency of Competitive Equilibria with Pandemics." Presented in: London School of Economics, Labor-Firms-Macro Group, University of Pennsylvania, Wharton School of Business, University of Minnesota, FRB Minneapolis, University of Montreal, Barcelona Summer Forum.

"The Impact of Measurement Error in Health on Health-Related Counterfactuals." Presented in: Midwest Macro Meeting, University of Minnesota.

"Directed Technical Change in Clean Energy Production: Evidence from the Solar Industry." Presented in: 10<sup>th</sup> MEIDE Conference, Finance-Innovation-Green Growth Conference, 7th ZEW/MaCCI in Economics of Innovation and Patenting, KTH Royal Institute of Technology.

### **Referee Experience**

Review of Economic Dynamics, Journal of Monetary Economics

# **Computer Skills**

Python, Stata, Matlab, LaTeX

### Languages

Spanish (native), English (fluent)

### Abstract(s)

Hasenzagl, Thomas, and Luis Perez, "The Micro-Aggregated Profit Share," Job Market Paper 1.

How much has market power increased in the United States in the last fifty years? Using micro-level data from U.S. Compustat, we find that several indicators of market power have steadily increased since 1970. The aggregate markup has gone up from 10% of price over marginal cost in 1970 to 23% in 2020, and aggregate returns to scale have risen from 1.00 to 1.13. We connect these market-power indicators to profitability by showing that the aggregate profit share can be expressed in terms of the aggregate markup, aggregate returns to scale, and a sufficient statistic for production networks that captures double marginalization in the economy. We find that despite the rise in market power, the profit share has been constant at 18% of GDP because the increase in monopoly rents has been completely offset by rising fixed costs. Our empirical results have subtle implications for policymakers: overly aggressive enforcement of antitrust law could decrease firm dynamism and paradoxically lead to lower competition and higher market power.

Perez, Luis, "The Evolution of TFP in Southern Europe," Job Market Paper 2.

This paper studies total factor productivity (TFP) and its welfare implications in Southern European countries like Spain and Italy during the period 1970-2010. Using a growth-accounting framework for open and distorted economies with input-output linkages, I document that the evolution of aggregate TFP in Southern Europe has been less dismal than previously thought. This is because of distortions, which introduce downward biases in traditional TFP measures. To understand the TFP decline of Southern Europe, I decompose aggregate TFP into technical efficiency, reallocation, and trade, and find that TFP has declined mostly because of technical efficiency and reallocation effects. Importantly, I show that, despite declining TFP, welfare in Southern Europe has increased. This is because Southern European countries have benefited from technology and reallocation effects across the globe. Theoretical contributions of the paper include providing a mechanism linking changes in the terms of trade to aggregate TFP, as well as showing that first-order decompositions of aggregate TFP growth cannot capture important reallocation effects such as trade-induced factor reallocation.

Chari V. V., Rishabh Kirpalani and Luis Perez, "On the Efficiency of Competitive Equilibria with Pandemics."

The epidemiological literature suggests that virus transmission occurs only when individuals are in relatively close contact. We show that if society can control the extent to which economic agents are exposed to the virus and agents can commit to contracts, virus externalities are local, and competitive equilibria are efficient. The Second Welfare Theorem also holds. These results still apply when infection status is imperfectly observed and when agents are privately informed about their infection status. If society cannot control virus exposure, then virus externalities are global and competitive equilibria are inefficient, but the policy implications are very different from those in the literature. Economic activity in this version of our model can be inefficiently low, in contrast to the conventional wisdom that viruses create global externalities and result in inefficiently high economic activity. If agents cannot commit, competitive equilibria are inefficient because of a novel pecuniary externality.