

100mW Long Range Spread Spectrum Modulation Wireless Transceiver Module

Product Specification





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Note: Revision History

Revision	Date	Comment	
V1.0	2015-4-2	First release	
RI	RE		
V1.1	2016-4-26	Content Added	
V2.0	2016-5-31	PCB updated to V2.0, ESD protection added	
		and antenna switch controlled by RF chip	
V2.1	2017-06	Logo updated	
V2.2	2018-12-14	Correct PIN description	













1. Overview

Lora 1276 integrates Semtech RF transceiver chip SX1276, which adopts LoRa TM Spread Spectrum modulation frequency hopping technique. The features of long distance and high sensitivity (-139 dBm) make this module perform better than FSK and GFSK module. Multi-signal won't affect each other even in crowd frequency environment; it comes with strong anti-interference performance. This module is 100mW and ultra small size, widely used in AMR, remote industrial control filed.

For better security, the module uses AES128 encryption to transmit the data to gateways, where it is

For better security, the module uses AES128 encryption to transmit the data to gateways, where it is being decrypted, and retranslated to an objective node.

Note: Two versions for option, V1.1 and V2.0, please choose the version you need.

PCB Version	Control of Antenna switch	ESD Protection	Hardware	Firmware
V1.1	TXEN, RXEN controlled by external MCU	None	Pin, dimensions	V2.0 compatible with V1.1
V2.0	Integrated control by internal chips	Yes	compatible	

2. Features

- Frequency Range: 868 / 915 MHz
- Sensitivity up to -139dBm @Lora
- Maximum output power: 20 dBm
- 13mA@receiver mode
- Sleep current <1.5uA
- Data transfer rate: @FSK,1.2-300 Kbps
- @Lora TM, 0.018-37.5 Kbps
- Lora TM, FSK, GFSK & OOK Modulation mode
- Built-in ESD Protection

3. Applications

- Remote meter reading
- Industrial control
- Home automation remote sensing
- Toys control

- 127 dB Dynamic Range RSSI
- Packet engine up to 256 bytes with FIFO and CRC
- Hopping frequency
- Built-in temperature sensor and low battery indicator
- Excellent blocking immunity
- Operating Temperature Range: -40 ~ +85 °C

- Sensor network
- Tire pressure monitoring
- Health monitoring
- Wireless PC peripherals



4. Electrical Characteristics

The state of the s			14 Tap		11. 7 m2
Parameter	Min	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
		O	peration o	condition	
Working voltage	1.8	3.3	3.7	V	
Temperature range	-40		85	${\mathbb C}$	
g .		Cı	urrent con	sumption	
RX current	.12	10.8	C C	mA	
TX current		120		mA	@20dBm
Sleep current		1		uA	
RF parameter					
Eraguan ay ran ga	800	868	900	MHz	@868MHZ
Frequency range	900	915	(1000	MHz	@915MHZ
Madalatian nata	1.2		300	Kbps	FSK
Modulation rate	0.018		37.5	Kbps	LoraTM
Output power range	-1		20	dBm	
o\$	al.	-123	of.	dBm	@FSK data=1.2kbps, Fdev=10kHZ
Receiving sensitivity	N. W.	-139	Chicon in	dBm	@Lora BW=125KHz_SF = 12_CR=4/5

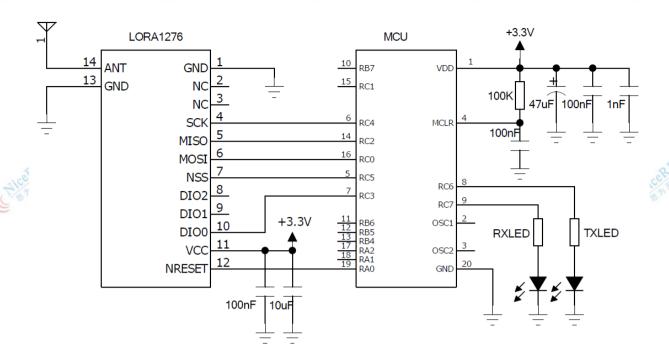
Note: According to the design of the module, the maximum bit of register 0x09 must be set as 1. PaSelect must be set 1;

RegPaConfig	7	PaSelect	rw	0x00	Selects PA output pin 0 → RFO pin. Output power is limited to +14 dBm. 1 → PA_BOOST pin. Output power is limited to +20 dBm
(0x09)	6-4 MaxF	MaxPower	rw	0x04	Select max output power: Pmax=10.8+0.6*MaxPower [dBm]
Á	3-0	OutputPower	rw	0x0f	Pout=Pmax-(15-OutputPower) if PaSelect = 0 (RFO pin) Pout=17-(15-OutputPower) if PaSelect = 1 (PA_BOOST pin)



5. Schematic



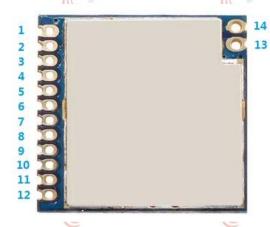


6. Speed rate correlation table

4	9/4°	710 km	710/24 m	716/20
6	SingnalBandWidth	SpreadingFactor	Sensitivity(dbm)	ActualBandRate(bps)
	62.5kHz	SF=7	-126	2169
2	62.5kHz	SF=8	-129	1187
224	62.5kHz	SF=9	-132	656
	62.5kHz	SF=10	-135	296
	62.5kHz	SF=11	-137	164
	62.5kHz	SF=12	-139	91
12	125kHz	SF=7	-123	4338
	125kHz	SF=8	-126	2375
	125kHz	SF=9	-129	1312
4	125kHz	SF=10	-132	733
9	125kHz	SF=11	-133	328
- 0	125kHz	SF=12	-136	183
170	250kHz	SF=7	-120	8676
	250kHz	SF=8	-123	4750
	250kHz	SF=9	-125	2624
	250kHz	SF=10	-128	1466
	250kHz	SF=11	-130	778
	250kHz	SF=12	-133	366
	500kHz	SF=7	-118	17353
	500kHz	SF=8	-121	9501
4	500kHz	SF=9	-124	5249
(500kHz	SF=10	-127	2932
	500kHz	SF=11	-129	1557
16	500kHz	SF=12	-130	830



7. Pin definition





Lora1276 V2.0 Pin Assignment					
Pin NO.	Pin name	e Description			
1	GND	power ground			
2	NC	Vacant			
2 3	NC	Vacant			
4	SCK	Serial clock for SPI interface			
5	MISO	SPI Output for SPI data			
6	MOSI	SPI Input for SPI data			
7	NSS	SPI enable			
cell 8	DIO2	Digital I/O			
9	DIO1	Digital I/O			
10	DIO0	Digital I/O			
11	VCC	Connected power supply (default3.3V)			
12	NRESET	Reset input			
13	GND	power ground			
14	ANT	Connect with 50 ohm coaxial antenna			

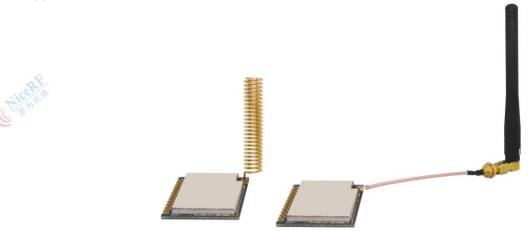
Lora1276 V1.1 Pin Assignment					
Pin NO.	Pin name	Description			
1	GND	power ground			
2	TXEN	Antenna switch control, Tx: Txen =1, Rxen =0;			
3	RXEN (Rx: Txen = 0, Rxen = 1; Sleep: Txen = Rxen = 0			
4	SCK	Serial clock for SPI interface			
5	MISO	SPI Output for SPI data			
6	MOSI	SPI Input for SPI data			
7	NSS	SPI enable			
8	DIO2	Digital I/O			
9	DIO1	Digital I/O			
10	DIO0	Digital I/O			
11	VCC	Connected power supply (default3.3V)			
12	NRESET	Reset input			
14	GND	power ground			
13	ANT (Connect with 50 ohm coaxial antenna			



8. Accessories

(1)Antenna

Antenna is very important for RF communication, its performance will affect the communication directly. Module needs antenna in 50ohm. Common antenna has rubber straight/ elbow/ foldable rod and sucker antenna and etc. Users can order accordingly. To ensure module in the best performance, we suggest to use the our antenna

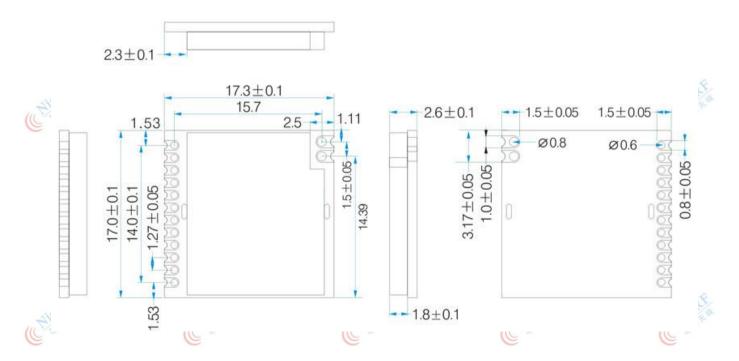


★To ensure modules get the best performance, user must obey the following principles when using the antennas:

Put the antenna away from the ground and obstacles as possible as you could;

If you choose the sucker antenna, pull straight the lead wire as possible as it can be, the sucker under arches should be attached on the metal object.

9. Mechanical Dimensions(Unit: mm)





10. Order information

LoRa1276-868

Product name

Frequency

For example: If the customer needs 868MHz Frequency, the order no. shall be LoRa1276-868.

Here are the product types:

Product Name	Description	
LoRa1276-868	Working frequency 868MHz	
LoRa1276-915	Working frequency 915MHz	

































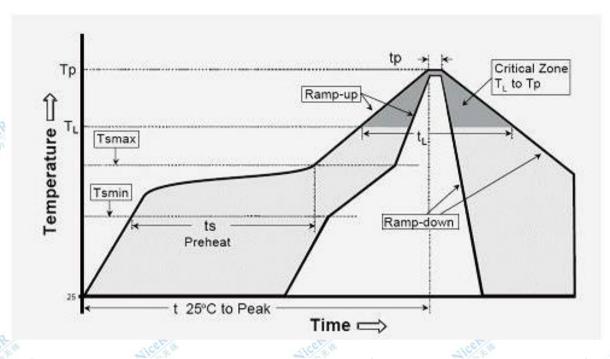
Appendix 1: SMD Reflow Chart







We recommend you should obey the IPC related standards in setting the reflow profile:



IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020B the condition	big size components
for lead-free reflow soldering	(thickness >=2.5mm)
The ramp-up rate (T1 to Tp)	3℃/s (max.)
preheat temperature	
- Temperature minimum (Tsmin)	150℃
- Temperature maximum (Tsmax)	200℃
- preheat time (ts)	60~180s
Average ramp-up rate(Tsmax to Tp)	3°C/s (Max.)
- Liquidous temperature(TL)	217℃
- Time at liquidous(tL)	60~150 second
peak temperature(Tp)	245+/−5℃







Appendix 2: PCB board







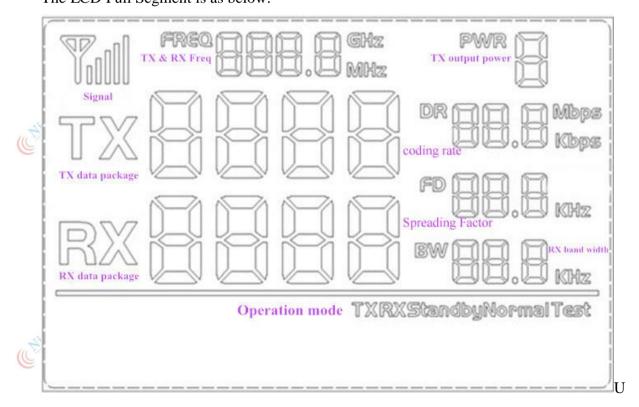
The module is equipped with a standard DEMO board for customer to debug the program and test distance. The power supply voltage range: 3.3V~8.0V. It shows as below:







The LCD Full Segment is as below:









sers can set the parameters of the RF module such as working mode /frequency /transmitter power / transmission data rate through the buttons, and measure the wireless communication distance.



➤ Working Mode

- 1) Master Mode: Send 1 packet per second, and waiting for the acknowledge;
- 2) Slave Mode: Stay in Rx mode to wait for the data from the master, it will send back
- 3) The acknowledged signal after received the data from the master.
- 4) Tx Test Mode: RF module continuously transmit signal;
- 5) Rx Test Mode: RF module is always in Rx mode;
- 6) Standby Mode: RF module is always in standby state.

Button Operation

1) [SET] Button

Press the [SET] button to enter setting mode if not in setting mode. In setting mode, press[SET]button to toggle between the set parameters: working mode /frequency/ output power / data rate / spreading factor/ Bandwidth. The related LCD ICON will flash to indicate.



2) [UP] Button

In setting mode, press the [UP] button to increase the value of flash icon.

Note: The DEMO board has FLASH memory inside, all the setting parameters will behave automatically and keep unchanged even power-off.









