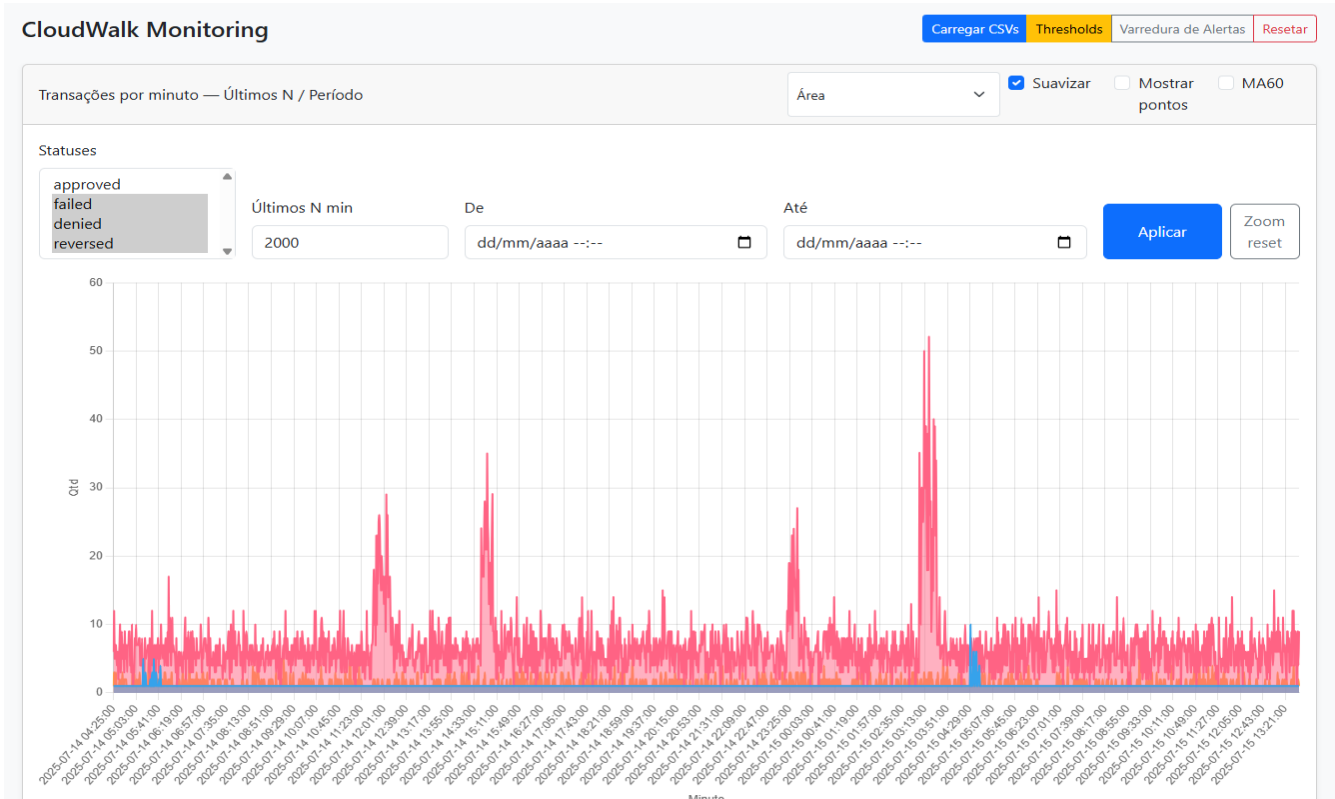


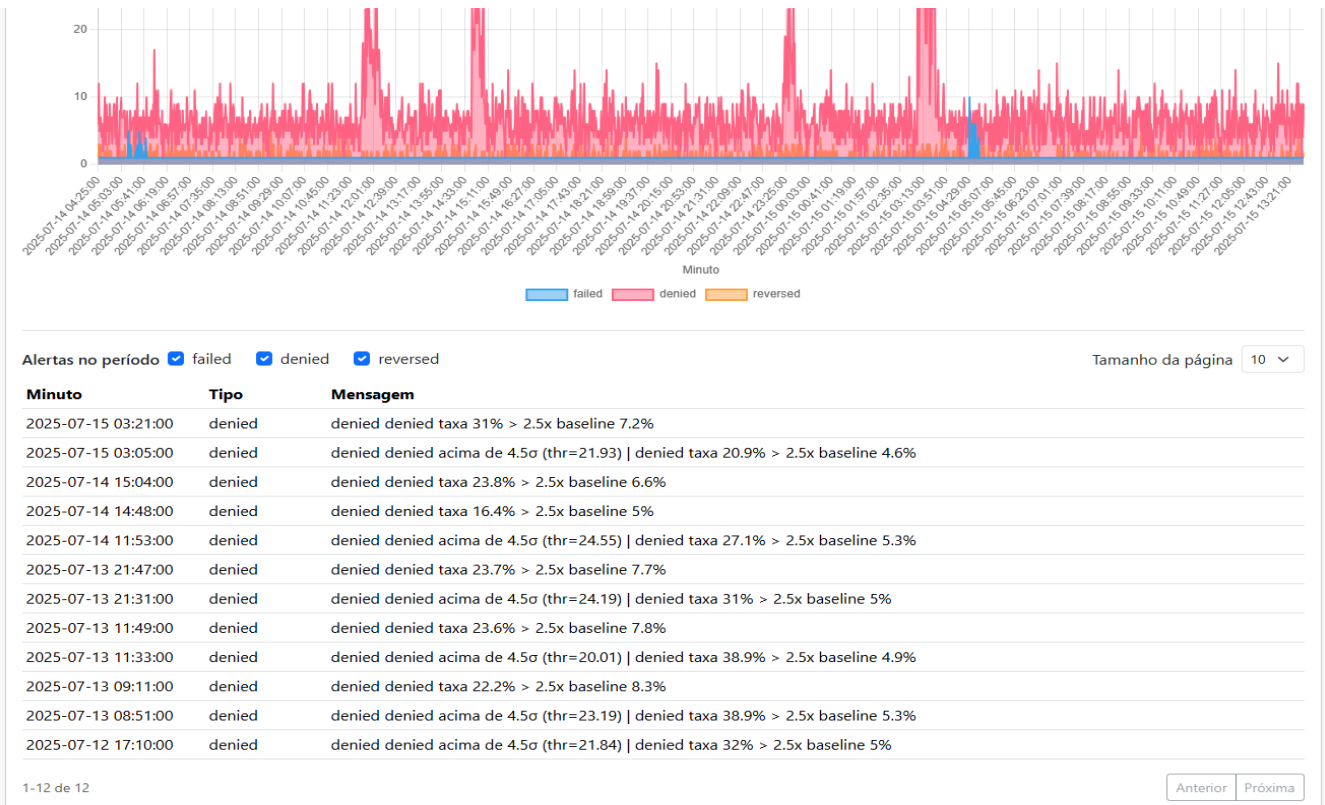
CloudWalk Monitoring Dashboard - Full Documentation

1. Transactions per Minute — Últimos N / Período



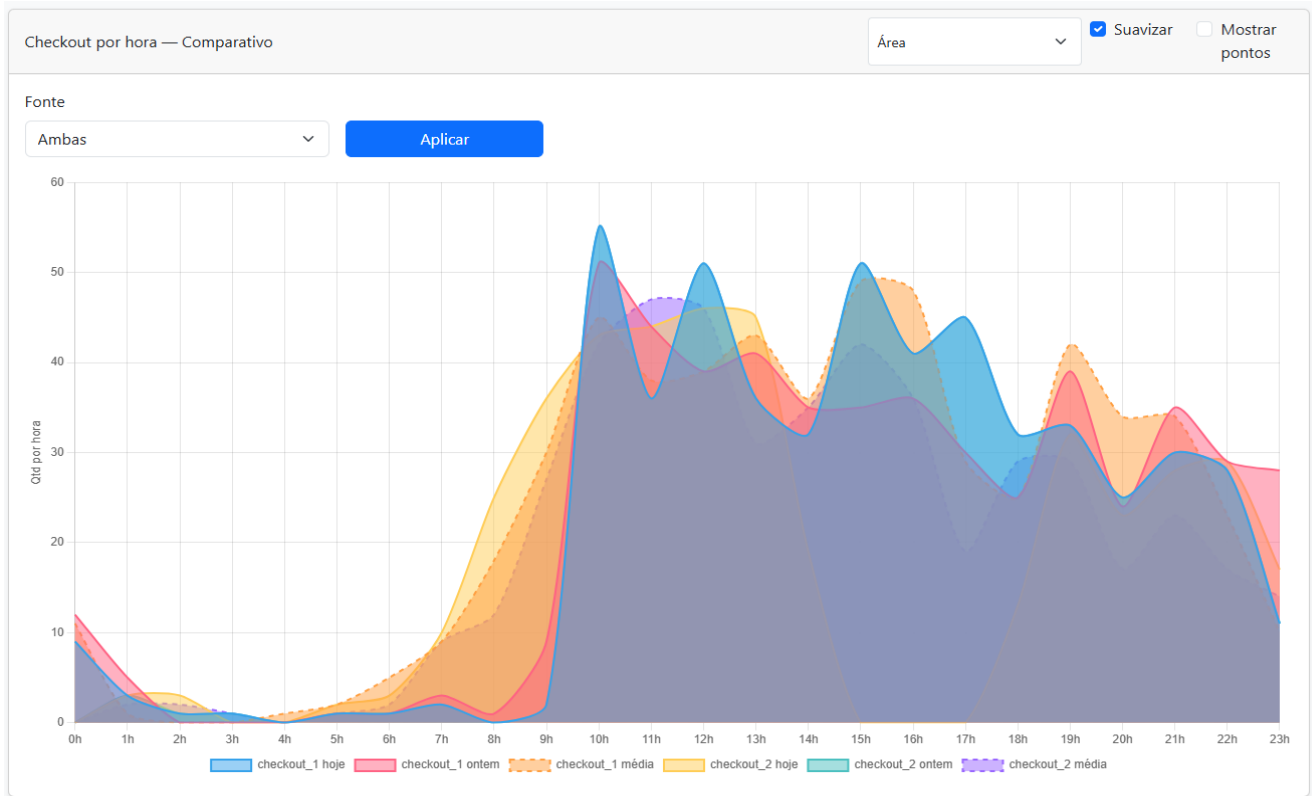
This chart displays the number of transactions per minute. It allows filtering by status, selecting custom ranges, and changing chart styles. It is powered by SQL queries against the `transactions_minute_agg` table, which is rebuilt after CSV imports.

2. Alerts in the Selected Period



Alerts are calculated when the observed rate of failed/denied/reversed transactions deviates from baseline thresholds. The logic is: Historical baseline is calculated using averages over a configurable time window (default 60 minutes). Thresholds (sigma multiplier, minimum counts) are defined in the PHP `get_alert_config()`. If the observed rate exceeds threshold multipliers, an alert is inserted into `alerts_log`. The frontend queries alerts through the `alerts` action and displays them with filters and pagination.

3. Checkout per Hour — Comparative View



This graph compares transaction volume per hour between checkout sources: **checkout_1** and **checkout_2** data are imported from CSVs via `import_checkout()`. The PHP code aggregates transactions hourly into `transactions_hour_agg`. The UI allows switching between today's data, yesterday's data, and averages. Users can change chart style (area, line, stacked) and toggle smoothing or point markers.

Technical Appendix - PHP & MySQL Implementation

CSV Imports:

- cloudwalk.php?action=load triggers CSV downloads from GitHub (transactions, checkouts, auth_codes).
- Each CSV is parsed and inserted into corresponding tables (transactions_raw, auth_codes, etc.).
- A backfill ensures missing auth_codes are reconstructed from transactions if needed.

Database Schema:

- transactions_raw: stores raw transaction entries.
- auth_codes: stores authorization codes with timestamp, code, and status (or NULL if unknown).
- transactions_minute_agg: pre-aggregated transactions per minute, used for charts.
- alerts_log: keeps detected anomalies.

Alert Calculation:

- Alerts are based on statistical deviation (Z-score) and multipliers defined in settings.
- For each minute, the system computes baseline averages and compares them against observed values.
- If anomalies are found, they are logged in alerts_log and visualized on the dashboard.

Frontend Integration:

- Built with Bootstrap 5, Chart.js, and AJAX endpoints (PHP actions).
- The frontend requests JSON data from ?action=series, ?action=alerts, etc.
- Data is rendered dynamically, supporting zoom, filters, and chart type switching.