Multiplication by hand		
Submission deadline:	2011-11-06 23:59:59	533822.445 sec
Evaluation:	0.0000	
Max. assessment:	3.0000 (Without bonus points)	
Submissions:	0 / 10 Free retries + 20 Penalized retries (-2 % penalty each retry)	
Advices:	0 / 2 Advices for free + 2 Advices with a penalty (-10 % penalty each advice)	

Your task is to develop a program that demonstrates multiplication by hand (as we learnt it in the basic school).

The input of the program are two non-negative integers to be multiplied.

The output of the program is the product of the two input numbers. Moreover, the output shall include the intermediate results, as shown in the examples below. The details of the formatting vary from school to school, therefore, the following guidelines shall be adhered:

- the output is indented by two spaces from the left,
- the width of the output is determined by the length of the result,
- •
- the newline character always immediately follows the last printable character on a line, i.e. there is not any padding from the right.
- each nonzero digit in the second multiplier implies one intermediate result in the listing,
- zero digit in the second multiplier does not generate any extra line in the output. Instead, the zero is presented in the higher order intermediate result (one extra zero). This is demonstrated in the example 12345 x 10020,
- the final result (last line) is followed by a newline.

The program must detect invalid input. If the input is not a number or if the input numbers are negative, the program must print an error message and terminate. The error message is followed by a newline character.

The output of your program must exactly match that of the reference. Again, use the enclosed archive and test your program with the provided input/expected output test data (see FAQ). Do not forget newlines, especially after the last line of the output.

Your program will be tested in a restricted environment. The testing environment limits running time and available memory. The exact time and memory limits are shown in the reference solution testing log. However, neither time nor memory limit could cause a problem in this simple program.

This problem is evaluated in a "bonus" mode. If your program passes all regular tests, it will be awarded nominal points. Standard int data type is sufficient for the regular tests. Both input numbers as well as the product fits into this data type in the regular tests. To pass the bonus test, your program must accept and provide correct answers for input numbers in the range of long long int data type.

Sample program output:

```
Enter two non-negative numbers:
12345 10020
Computation:
    12345
  10020
_____
    246900
 1234500
_____
 123696900
Enter two non-negative numbers:
100 2000
Computation:
   100
x 2000
 200000
-----
 200000
Enter two non-negative numbers:
1 50000
Computation:
     1
x 50000
 50000
_____
 50000
Enter two non-negative numbers:
50000 1
Computation:
 50000
x 1
 50000
-----
 50000
Enter two non-negative numbers:
222 0
Computation:
 222
x 0
  0
Enter two non-negative numbers:
0 333
Computation:
  0
x 333
____
  0
  0
```

0	
0	
Enter two non-negative numbers:	
65 -8	
Invalid input.	
Enter two non-negative numbers:	
44 asdfg	
Invalid input.	
Sample run in the bonus test:	
Enter two non-negative numbers:	
270857638743723 785704153598122	
Computation:	
270857638743723	
x 785704153598122	
541715277487446	
541715277487446	
270857638743723	
2166861109949784	
2437718748693507	
1354288193718615	
812572916231169	
1354288193718615	
270857638743723	
1083430554974892	
18960034712060610	
1354288193718615	
2166861109949784	
1896003471206061	
212813971794722776382292088206	
Sample data:	Download
Submit:	Submit
Reference	