

## IF SELECTION

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### OVERVIEW

The goal of this week's lab is to learn about the `if` control structure and use it to add error checks to some of the previously developed functions.

### WHILE LOOP

- The general form of the `while` loop is:

```
while ( condition is valid )  
...  
end
```

For example,

```
>> x = 1;  
>> while x < 10  
    x = x+x;  
end
```

What do you expect will be the value of `x` after running the code?

### IF SELECTION

- If there are only two cases to consider, then the general form of the `if` statement is:

```
if ( condition )  
    ...MATLAB commands # 1  
else  
    ...MATLAB commands # 2  
end
```

If “condition” is true, “MATLAB commands # 1” will be executed; if “condition” is false, “MATLAB commands # 2” will be executed. If you want MATLAB to do nothing if “condition” is false, then you can omit the “else” portion.

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- If there are three or more cases to consider, then the general form of the `if` statement is:

```

if ( condition # 1)
    ...MATLAB commands # 1
elseif ( condition # 2 )
    ...MATLAB commands # 2
else ( condition # 3 )
    ...MATLAB commands # 3
end

```

For the case of three or more cases you often end with an “else” instead of an “elseif” statement. Examples of conditions:

```

a < b      a > b      a == b      a <= b      a >= b      a ~= b
(a <= b && a ~= b)  (a < b || a == b)

```

Example `if` statement:

```

>> x = 2;
>> y = 3;
>> if y < x
    disp('x is greater than y. ');
else
    error('x is less than y. ');
end

```

You may need to combine relational operators. For example if you want to program the statement *if a is less than 10 or a equals to 12, then add 5 to a* you would type,

```

>> if a < 10 || a == 12
    a = a+5;
end

```

## IN-CLASS EXERCISES

1. Modify `mydot.m` to check if the inputs are vectors and if their dimensions match by only using the dimensions of the inputs. Test your function with the following vector and matrix inputs.

$$u = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, v = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}, w = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, y = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

2. By listing the first six prime numbers: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, and 13, we can see that the 6th prime is 13. What is the 10 001st prime number? [*Source*: Project Euler]