# Escuela Superior Politécnica del Litoral

# **Software Engineering 2**

# **Continuous Integration**

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July 28th, 2020 Guayaquil, Ecuador Repository: luislama/IntegracionContinuaTaller

#### Introduction

Continuous integration is a software development practice for teams that submits their changes in code into a central repository that allows the automatic builds and tests to run immediately after commit so they know if it is ready to be released[1].

This practice is important due to it saves developers and team managers time and frustration by automating the review of new changes, find and fix bugs really fast, it enhances the productivity and quality of the system, and accelerates the updates of releases to customers

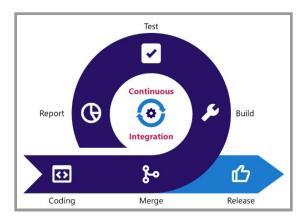


Figure 1 How continuous integration works

For this workshop we will use Jenkins locally to build and test the changes in code pushed, to a repository in github, using ngrok to expose a webhook so jenkins can receive the response from the server.

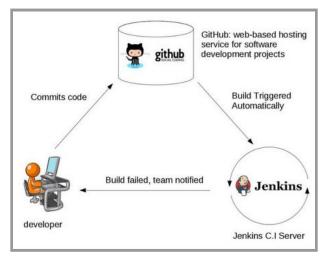
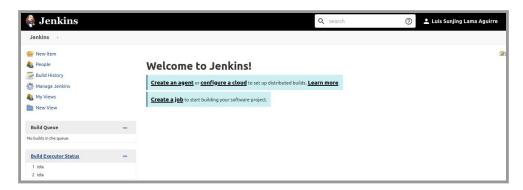


Figure 2 Continuous integration with Jenkins and Github

## Development

### Installing

#### **Jenkins**



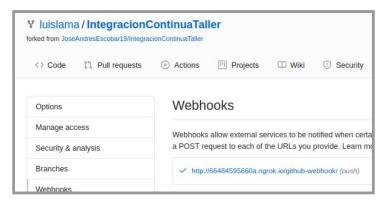
#### Gradle



#### Ngrok

```
grok by @inconshreveable
                                                                                         (Ctrl+C to
                                  online
sunjing lama (Plan: Free)
ession Status
Account
Version
                                  2.3.35
                                  United States (us)
http://127.0.0.1:4040
http://66484595660a.ngrok.io -> http://localhost:8080
Region
Web Interface
Forwarding
Forwarding
                                  https://66484595660a.ngrok.io -> http://localhost:8080
                                  ttl
17
                                                                       p50
Connections
                                           opn
                                                    0.00
                                                              0.01
                                                                       0.66
                                                                                8.70
HTTP Requests
GET /static/be38b53a/jsbundles/fonts/icomoon.ttf
                                                                                            200 OK
```

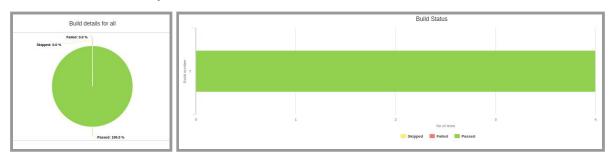
Ngrok - Github Webhook



#### Jenkins - Project Github



Build - Test Results Analyzer



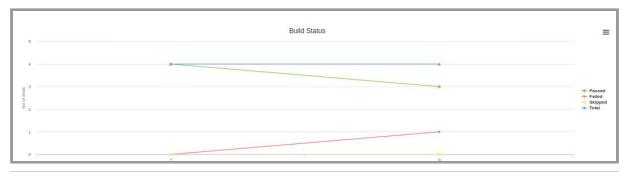
## Workshop

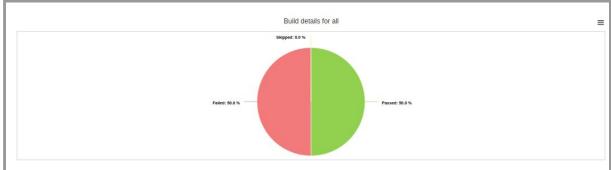
Correct the error in isLess method

#### Upload changes



#### Build - Test Results Analyzer







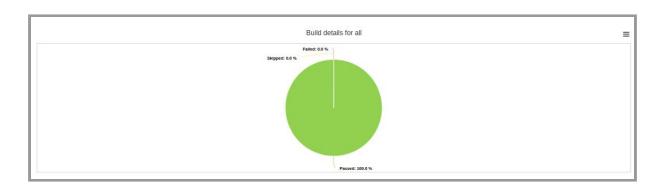
## Members: Luis Lama Piero Ulloa July 28th, 2020

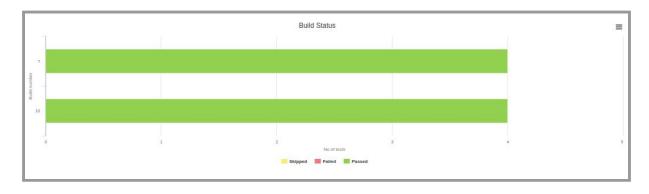
Fix isLessTest1 method

#### Upload changes



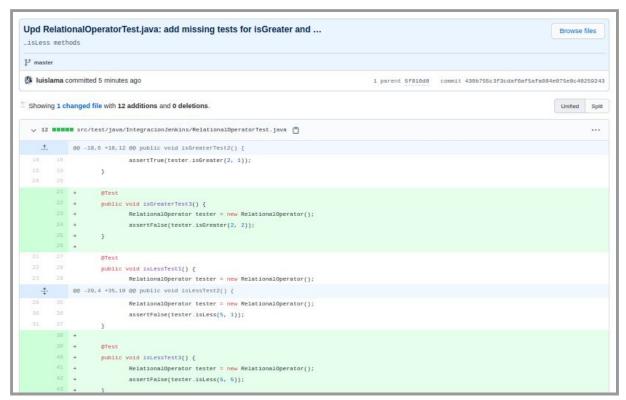
#### Build - Test Results Analyzer





#### Add additional tests

#### Upload changes



#### Build - Test Results Analyzer



#### Conclusions

Using continuous integration allow us to run builds and tests immediately after we commit the changes.

We can run jenkins locally using github webhooks.

Gradle allow us to automate the testing of our apps.

Ngrok expose a local server to the internet so the server that hosts the repository can send the changes in code pushed by our team members.

Continuous integration saves us time in the merging process and let us record the build and test results.

Continuous integration is recommended to all the projects that has teams with many people working in parallel, in different functionalities, for the same product.

Not doing the continuous integration of a project would will result in developers and team managers working on the merge and integration of the changes submitted, these could be difficult and it will take some time.

Not doing the continuous integration of a project would will result in bugs accumulated for a long time, without anyone knowing.

Not doing the continuous integration of a project would will result in a harder process of software updates.

#### Recommendations

For this workshop we started introducing two errors, one in the isLess function and other in one of the tests for that function, this kind of error is invisible to the CI and makes it useless, but with this we wanted to elevate the importance of making good tests and make them right.

CI can show us if there are conflicts, or if the build run successfully after the committed changes. But if we have an error in code, and the test for that code has an error that make the test pass, CI check will be passed with hidden errors.

It would be interesting to test changes with other team members working in other branches supposed to merge at some point, to see the results in not committed but posible merge/rebase on the master branch.

#### References

[1] Amazon, «What is Continuous Integration?,» [En línea]. Available:

https://aws.amazon.com/devops/continuous-integration/. [Último acceso: 13 Abril 2020].

Max, T. (2019). Using QF-Test in Continuous Integration Systems. [Figure 1]. Recovered from

https://www.qfs.de/en/blog/article/2019/07/11/using-qf-test-in-continuous-integration-systems.html

Chebbi, C. (2018). Exploiting Git and Continuous Integration Servers. In Advanced Infrastructure Penetration Testing. [Figure 2]. Recovered from

 $https://subscription.packtpub.com/book/networking\_and\_servers/9781788624480/6/ch06lvl1sec51/continuous-integration-with-github-and-jenkins$ 

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