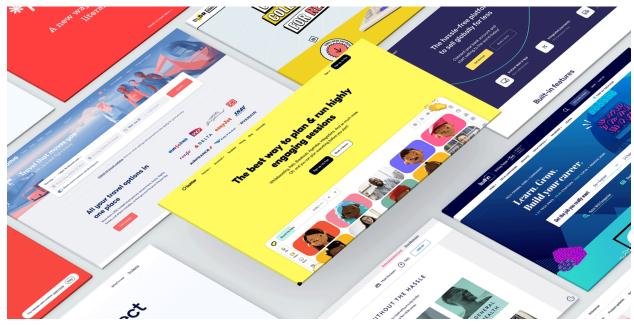
<u>User Interface and Bootstrap Design</u>

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(Credit to https://www.uxdesigninstitute.com/blog/good-ui-design-9-examples/ for image)

Why it's important to have intuitive and good UI design:

When creating a web application, it's important to have a User Interface that is helpful and is user-friendly to guide your users to whatever you are designing without issues. However, what does it mean to be helpful and user-friendly? While there are many ways to design something helpful and user-friendly, a great start is to follow the design standards from these:

- https://accessibilitv.blog.gov.uk/2016/09/02/dos-and-donts-on-designing-for-accessibility/
- https://www.w3schools.com/whatis/whatis_responsive.asp

The following resources provide a baseline of what should be intuitive for developers to implement for their users. For example, this below poster from Accessibility from Gov.uk deals with users with low vision. Users with low vision might need the "do's" listed below to properly navigate through your application, while the "don'ts" need to avoid as much as possible to benefit your users. This would mean that, understanding that developers need to take account for users that might or need the additional help to fulfill the goal of your application

Designing for users with low vision

Do

- · use good contrasts and a readable font size
- publish all information on web pages (HTML)
- · use a combination of colour, shapes and text
- follow a linear, logical layout -and ensure text flows and is visible when text is magnified to 200%
- · put buttons and notifications in context

Don't

- · use low colour contrasts and small font size
- bury information in downloads
- only use colour to convey meaning
- spread content all over a page -and force user to scroll horizontally when text is magnified to 200%
- separate actions from their context

(image is from

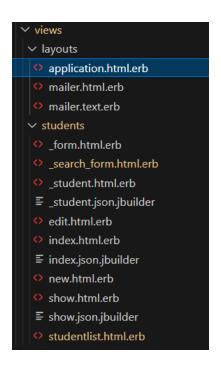
https://accessibility.blog.gov.uk/2016/09/02/dos-and-donts-on-designing-for-accessibility/)

Keep in mind that these resources are not the only way to improve your UI.

There are plenty of different ways to improve your UI.

Where do I create and edit my UI?

Typically when creating your application, the HTML files will be the center of focus for all User Interface interactions. For example, make sure to keep on eye on your files as show below:



(Within the "Views" folder, we can see multiple html files to see what the users can possible access in our application)

In addition, make sure to take a look at what page or pages when starting up your program, this is important to understand where a user will start when the application or website runs as a developer will form their User Interface around controlling where Users start.

For example:

- Users start on a "Login" page to indicate to log in to there account
- Users start on a message to inform their next step for the application
- You don't want every User to start on a list of private information

You can find the location of where your application starts in a "routes.rb" or "routes"-type file as shown below:

(In the image when users start the application, the first location they are sent to showing:: "root "studentsindex"" which is the students index)

<u>Understanding User Interface vs. Bootstrap User Interface Design</u>

When working with formatting for the User Interface and the Bootstrap User Interface, it's important to know that the Bootstrap's UI is the layer placed on top of the normal user interface. This means that your Bootstrap's UI is always viewable no matter where your applications go or routes to. It's highly recommended to avoid being information concerning a database on the Bootstrap layer to avoid errors and for privacy reasons. Instead, think about the Bootstrap layer to benefit universally all users. You want this to help with usability, utility, and convenience.

An example of Index.html without any spring boot application

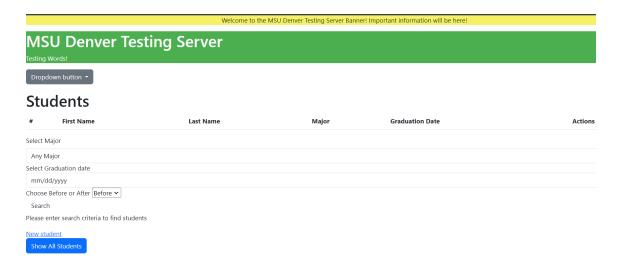
Students



Example of the code above:

```
application.html.erb
           index.html.erb
portfolio_app > app > views > students > 💠 index.html.erb
   <%= notice %>
   <h1>Students</h1>
   <thead>
     #</rap>
      First Name
      Last Name
      Major
      Graduation Date
      Actions
     </thead>
```

Example of a possible Bootstrap layer on index:



Code for Bootstrap layer called "application.html"

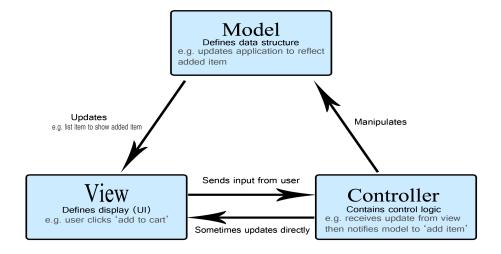
Possibilities with Bootstrap:

As you can see with the example images above, you can see that in image one without the Bootstrap layer the design is still usable, but very simple. While in images three, there is varied information to welcome the user and alert them with information through the banner at the top. However, this is not the only way to design a user interface that is helpful and user-friendly. There are many ways to design your UI with Bootstrap to help the user such as:

- A button to help navigate to a certain page
- Images that would link to a website
- A sidebar that when hover, displays a menu to prevent clutter on the screen for users
- Banners to notify users about important information
- Color-coded messages or buttons to help with specific users
 - For example: A red button labeled "Delete" would help users to be cautious.
 - A blue button labeled "Submit" would help users identify where to confirm a data entry

Understanding the "View" for the Model, View, Controller(MVC)

Another aspect to keep in mind is the thought of the MVC model for this project and other future projects. The Model, View, Controller(MVC) model is important to keep in mind when you are designing your application. The importance of the "View" is what the Users will see when the Controller sends data from the Model/database to the Views for users, meaning that the "View" needs to be designed to display requested data.



In our application, it would look like this::

 In the image above, the user would search/request a major for the controller to filter out students.

2. The controller will search for students in the major based off the model(image above)

```
application.html.erb
               index.html.erb
   <%= notice %>
    <h1>Students</h1>
4
5 ∨ 
 6 V <thead>
       #
       First Name
       Last Name
Major

       Graduation Date
      Actions
     </thead>
     <!-- Iteration for rendering students with line 42 -->
     <!-- Resource for table and button <a href="https://guides.rubyonrails.org/v7.1/layouts_and_rendering.html">https://guides.rubyonrails.org/v7.1/layouts_and_rendering.html</a> -->
     <% @students.each_with_index do |student, index| %>
         <%= index + 1 %>
         <%= student.first name %>
        <</td>
         <%= student.major %>
         <</td>
```

- 3. The Controller will take the requested data from the database and display it according to the View(image above)
 - a. A table is created from Line 5 to Line 15
 - b. From Line 20 to Line 26 is where the controller is displaying the students' information from the database into the view for users