Flood Image Classification Model · From Single Fixed Camera History

```
In [1]:
```

cd ../

C:\Users\luisr\Desktop\Repositories\Data Science Projects\Hackaton COR IV - Centro de Operações do RJ\INCUBAÇÃO
\Cameras

General purpose parameters

In [2]:

```
random_state = 0 # seed for random generator
replacement = False
```

Import libraries

In [3]:

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns; sns.set()
from imblearn.under_sampling import RandomUnderSampler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
from sklearn.model_selection import learning_curve
```

c:\Users\luisr\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\computation\expressions.py:20: UserWarning: Pandas requir
es version '2.7.3' or newer of 'numexpr' (version '2.7.1' currently installed).
from pandas.core.computation.check import NUMEXPR INSTALLED

Class to load frames from labeled videos as labeled images

```
In [4]:
```

```
import os, cv2, numpy as np
from IPython.display import clear_output as co
class VideoLoader:
   def __init__(self, dim=3):
        self.dim = dim
    def frames_from_labeled_videos(self, paths, labels, print_each=None):
        i, n = 0, max(len(paths), len(labels))
        x, y = [], []
        for path, label in zip(paths, labels):
           frames = self.frames_from_video(path)
            x += frames; y += [label] * len(frames)
            i += 1
            if print_each is not None and i % print_each == 0:
                co(True); print(f'CAPTURE LABELED VIDEOS · OPEN: {i}/{n}')
        return np.array(x), np.array(y)
    def frames_from_video(self, path):
        cap = cv2.VideoCapture(path)
        if not cap.isOpened():
            print(f"CANNOT OPEN VIDEO CAPTURE · PATH: {path}")
            return []
        frames = []
        while True:
            ret, frame = cap.read()
            if not ret:
                break # stream finished
            if self.dim == 1: # 1D flat frame
                frame = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
                frame = np.reshape(frame, -1)
            if self.dim == 2: # 2D gray scale frame
                frame = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
            frames.append(frame)
        cap.release(); cv2.destroyAllWindows()
        return frames
```

Function to display train and test classes counting

In [5]:

```
import pandas as pd

def split_class_count(y_train, y_test):
    display(pd.concat([
        pd.Series(y_train).value_counts().to_frame('Train set'),
        pd.Series(y_test).value_counts().to_frame('Test set')
    ], axis=1))
```

Function to display mislabeled images

```
In [6]:
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def display_mislabeled_images(X_test, y_test, y_pred, display_max=5, random=True, img_shape=(854, 480), n_cols=3):
    error_msk = y_test != y_pred
    n_mis = error_msk.sum()
    x_test_mis = X_test[error_msk]
    y_test_mis = y_test[error_msk]
    y_pred_mis = y_pred[error_msk]
    n_imgs = min(n_mis, display_max)
    index show = list(range(n imgs))
    if random:
       index_show = np.random.choice(index_show, size=n_imgs, replace=False)
    mis_samples = x_test_mis[index_show]
    mis_labels = y_test_mis.iloc[index_show]
    mis_preds = y_pred_mis[index_show]
    n_rows = n_imgs // n_cols + 1
    fig = plt.figure(figsize=(6 * n_cols, 4.5 * n_rows))
    axs = [fig.add_subplot(n_rows, n_cols, i) for i in range(1, n_imgs + 1)]
    for i, (xi, yi, ypi, tstamp) in enumerate(zip(mis_samples, mis_labels, mis_preds, mis_labels.index)):
        ax = axs[i]
       img_reshape = np.reshape(xi, tuple(reversed(img_shape)))
        ax.imshow(img_reshape)
        ax.set(title=f'{tstamp} · True: {yi} · Predicted: {ypi}')
    plt.show()
```

Reload labeled flood videos dataset

```
In [7]:
```

```
import pandas as pd

videos = pd.read_csv('Dados/Rotulos/1475_2023-02-07.csv')

# preprocessing
videos['timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(videos['timestamp'])
videos = videos.set_index('timestamp', drop=True).sort_index()

# drop videos Larger than `video_max_bytes`
video_max_bytes = 5e6 # 5 Mb
videos = videos[videos['blob_size'] < video_max_bytes]

display(videos[['blob_name', 'tag']].head())
print(f'Shape: {videos.shape}')</pre>
```

	blob_name	tag
timestamp		
2023-02-07 19:25:00	polygons/flood-unlabeled/1/1475/CODE1475 2023	alagamento
2023-02-07 19:30:00	polygons/flood-unlabeled/1/1475/CODE1475 2023	alagamento
2023-02-07 19:35:00	polygons/flood-unlabeled/1/1475/CODE1475 2023	alagamento
2023-02-07 19:40:00	polygons/flood-unlabeled/1/1475/CODE1475 2023	alagamento
2023-02-07 19:50:00	polygons/flood-unlabeled/1/1475/CODE1475 2023	alagamento
Shape: (163, 8)		

Video Data Preprocessing

In [8]: replace_tags = { 'acúmulo': ['lâmina', 'bolsão', 'alagamento'], 'normalidade': ['poça', 'normalidade'], } y_true = [] for tag in videos['tag']: for key, values in replace_tags.items(): if tag in values: y_true.append(key) y_true = pd.Series(y_true, index=videos.index) display(y_true.value_counts().to_frame('Video Samples'))

	Video Samples	
normalidade	128	
acúmulo	35	

Optional · Video Data Sampling

Optional · Under sampling videos from majority class · Drop exceeding class members

In [9]:

```
from imblearn.under_sampling import RandomUnderSampler

sampling_strategy = 1.0

# Sampler instance
rus = RandomUnderSampler(sampling_strategy, random_state, replacement)
# Resample operation
x_res, y_res = rus.fit_resample(videos, y_true)

display(y_res.value_counts().to_frame('Videos Under-Sampled'))
```

c:\Users\luisr\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\imblearn\utils_validation.py:587: FutureWarning: Pass sampling_strat
egy=1.0, random_state=0, replacement=False as keyword args. From version 0.9 passing these as positional argumen
ts will result in an error
warnings.warn(

videos Under-Sampled acúmulo 35 normalidade 35

Optional · Train and test split of video samples

	Train set	Test se
normalidade	9	9
acúmulo	8	9
	Complete	set
normalidade		18
acúmulo		17

Load images and class labels from selected videos

```
In [12]:
folder = 'Dados/flood-video-collection'

XX, YY = xx, yy # pre-sampLed videos dataset
# XX, YY = videos, y_true # Load frames from full Loaded videos dataset

videos_paths = [f'{folder}/{blob_name}'.replace(':', '-') for blob_name in XX['blob_name']]
videos_labels = YY.tolist()

video_loader = VideoLoader(dim=1)
frames, labels = video_loader.frames_from_labeled_videos(videos_paths, videos_labels, print_each=1)

print(f'\nvideos Selected: {len(XX)}')
print(f'Frames Loaded: {len(frames)}')
print(f'Length of frame first dimension: {len(frames[0])}')
print()

display(pd.Series(labels).value_counts().to_frame('Image Samples'))
CAPTURE LABELED VIDEOS · OPEN: 35/35
```

```
Videos Selected: 35
Frames Loaded: 1111
Length of frame first dimension: 409920
```

	Image Samples	
normalidade	589	
acúmulo	522	

Image Data Sampling

```
In [13]:
```

```
from imblearn.under_sampling import RandomUnderSampler
sampling_strategy = 1.0

rus = RandomUnderSampler(sampling_strategy, random_state, replacement)

X_res, Y_res = rus.fit_resample(frames, labels)
Y_res = pd.Series(Y_res)

display(Y_res.value_counts().to_frame('Images Under-Sampled'))
```

c:\Users\luisr\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\imblearn\utils_validation.py:587: FutureWarning: Pass sampling_strat
egy=1.0, random_state=0, replacement=False as keyword args. From version 0.9 passing these as positional argumen
ts will result in an error
 warnings.warn(

Images Under-Sampled

acúmulo	522
normalidade	522

Learning Curve Analysis

Train test split image samples

In [72]:

```
t_size = 0.2
e_size = 0.1

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X_res, Y_res, train_size=t_size, test_size=e_size,
    random_state=random_state, shuffle=True, stratify=Y_res
)

split_class_count(y_train, y_test)
```

	Train set	Test set
normalidade	104	53
acúmulo	104	52

Increase train size iteratively - Learning Curve Plot

```
In [73]:
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import learning_curve

curve = learning_curve(gnb, X_train, y_train, cv=5, verbose=3, n_jobs=-1, shuffle=False)

axs = plt.plot(curve[0], curve[1])
plt.title('Learning Curve')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Samples')
plt.show()
```

```
[learning_curve] Training set sizes: [ 16 53 91 128 166]
```

```
[Parallel(n_jobs=-1)]: Using backend LokyBackend with 4 concurrent workers.

[Parallel(n_jobs=-1)]: Done 8 out of 25 | elapsed: 54.6s remaining: 1.9min

[Parallel(n_jobs=-1)]: Done 17 out of 25 | elapsed: 1.2min remaining: 34.1s

[Parallel(n_jobs=-1)]: Done 25 out of 25 | elapsed: 1.5min finished
```

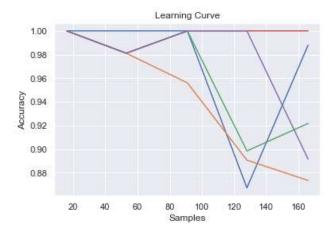


Image Classification Model Evaluation

Train and test split of image samples

In [68]:

```
t_size = 0.1
e_size = 0.6

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X_res, Y_res, train_size=t_size, test_size=e_size,
    random_state=random_state, shuffle=True, stratify=Y_res
)

split_class_count(y_train, y_test)
```

	Train set	Test set
normalidade	52	314
acúmulo	52	313

Fit, predict and score base image classifier

```
In [69]:
```

Number of mislabeled points out of a total of 627 points : 22 $\,$

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
acúmulo	1.00	0.93	0.96	313
normalidade	0.94	1.00	0.97	314
accuracy			0.96	627
macro avg	0.97	0.96	0.96	627
weighted avg	0.97	0.96	0.96	627

Display mislabeled images

In [71]: display_max = 22 random = True n_cols = 3 display_mislabeled_images(X_test, y_test, y_pred, display_max, random, n_cols=n_cols)

