

1. Convert the following binary numbers to decimal numbers

- 1 0 1 1 1 0 (unsigned)
 $2^6 \ 2^5 \ 2^4 \ 2^3 \ 2^2 \ 2^1 \ 2^0$

$$(1\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0)_2 = 0 \cdot 2^0 + 1 \cdot 2^1 + 1 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^3 + 1 \cdot 2^4 + 0 \cdot 2^5 + 1 \cdot 2^6 = 0 + 2 + 4 + 8 + 16 + 0 + 64 = 94$$

- 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 (signed)

sign bit (negative)

$$\begin{array}{r} 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1 \\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0 \\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1 \\ + 2^5 \ 2^4 \ 2^3 \ 2^2 \ 2^1 \ 2^0 \end{array}$$

reverse

$$\begin{array}{r} 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1 \\ + 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1 \\ \hline 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

last bit

$$(1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1)_2 = -(1 \cdot 2^0 + 1 \cdot 2^1 + 1 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^3 + 0 \cdot 2^4 + 0 \cdot 2^5) = -(1 + 2 + 4 + 8 + 0 + 0) = -15$$

2. Convert the following binary numbers to hexadecimal numbers

- 1 1 0 1 1 0 1

0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 → binary in groups of 4

↓

↓

6

13

→ decimal

↓

↓

6

D

→ corresponding hexadecimal

$$(1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1)_2 = (6D)_{16}$$

- 1 1 1 1 1 1 0

0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0

↓

↓

7

14

↓

↓

7

2

$$(1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0)_2 = (72)_{16}$$

3. Convert the following hexadecimal numbers to binary numbers

• $0_{16} B9$

B	9	→ hexadecimal
↓	↓	
11	9	→ corresponding decimal
↓	↓	
1011	1001	→ binary

$(B9)_{16} = (10111001)_2$

• $0_{16} 217$

2	1	7
↓	↓	↓
14	1	7
↓	↓	↓
1110	0001	0111

$(217)_{16} = (111000010111)_2$

• $0_{16} 9CDC$

9	C	D	C
↓	↓	↓	↓
10	12	13	12
↓	↓	↓	↓
1010	1100	1101	1100

$(9CDC)_{16} = (1010110011011100)_2$

4. Convert the following decimal numbers to binary number

• 256

256	2								
256	128	2							
0	128	64	2						
	0	64	32	2					
		0	32	16	2				
			0	16	8	2			
				0	8	4	2		
					0	4	2	2	
						0	2	1	2
							0	1	0
								1	

$(256)_{10} = (100000000)_2$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \bullet \begin{array}{r|l} 3767 & 2 \\ \hline 3766 & 1883 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 2 & \\ \hline 1 & 1882 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 941 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 940 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 470 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 470 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 235 & 2 \\ \hline 0 & 134 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 118 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 116 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 58 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 58 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 29 & 2 \\ \hline 0 & 28 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 14 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 14 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 7 & 2 \\ \hline 0 & 6 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 2 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 1 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 0 & \\ \hline 1 & 1 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$(3767)_{10} = (11101011011)_2$$

5. Find the two's complement of

$$\bullet -17$$

1) Find the binary representation of 17:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 17 \begin{array}{r|l} 2 & \\ \hline 16 & 8 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 2 & \\ \hline 1 & 8 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 4 & 2 \\ \hline 0 & 4 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 2 \\ \hline 0 & 2 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 1 & 2 \\ \hline 0 & 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{r|l} 0 & 0 \\ \hline 1 & 0 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$(17)_{10} = 00010001$$

2) Reverse each number:

$$11101110$$

3) Add 1:

$$11101111$$

4) Find the sum:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 00010001 \\
 + 11101111 \\
 \hline
 10000000 = 0
 \end{array}$$

• -123

1) Find the binary representation of 123

$$\begin{array}{r}
 123 \div 2 = 61 \text{ R } 1 \\
 61 \div 2 = 30 \text{ R } 1 \\
 30 \div 2 = 15 \text{ R } 0 \\
 15 \div 2 = 7 \text{ R } 1 \\
 7 \div 2 = 3 \text{ R } 1 \\
 3 \div 2 = 1 \text{ R } 1 \\
 1 \div 2 = 0 \text{ R } 1
 \end{array}$$

$$(123)_{10} = (01111011)_2$$

2) Reverse each digit:

$$10000100$$

3) Add 1:

$$10000101$$

4) Sum up:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 01111011 \\
 + 10000101 \\
 \hline
 1000000000 = 0
 \end{array}$$

6. Draw up the truth table for each expression

• $\neg p \wedge q$

p	q	$\neg p$	$\neg p \wedge q$
0	0	1	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0

• $(x \wedge y) \vee x$

x	y	$(x \wedge y)$	$(x \wedge y) \vee x$
0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0
1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1

• $a || (!b \&\& c) || !b$

a	b	c	!b	(!b&& c)	$a (!b \&\& c) !b$
0	0	0	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	1
1	1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	1

7. Draw a flowchart which takes an input number and calculates the reverse (e.g takes 12345 and returns 54321)

