

odometry-evaluation

Release 0.0.1

Luiz Cartolano

May 18, 2020

1	Overview on How to Run this API	3
2	Setup procedure	5
3	Visualize Functions	7
4	RPE Functions	9
5	ATE Functions	13
6	Indices and tables	15
	Python Module Index	17
	Index	19

This is an API that implements a system to evaluate odometry trajectories.

Overview on How to Run this API

1. Either install a Python IDE or create a Python virtual environment to install the packages required
2. Install packages required

Setup procedure

1. **Configure project environment (Either A. Install Pycharm OR B. Create a Virtual Environment)**
 1. **Install Pycharm** (www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/download/) or **Sublime** (<https://www.sublimetext.com/3>)
 - configure pylinter
 2. **Create a Python Virtual Environment**
 - Install virtualenv:

```
sudo pip install virtualenv
```
 - Create virtualenv:

```
virtualenv -p python3 <name of virtualenv>
```
 - Install requirements:

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```
2. **Run app.py**

```
python run.py path_gt path_pred -v python run.py path_gt path_pred -ate python run.py path_gt path_pred -rpe python run.py path_gt path_pred -v -ate -rpe
```

Visualize Functions

NAME

visualize

DESCRIPTION

Module that implements methods to plot ground_truth trajectories and estimated for 6D poses.

METHODS**get_xy(pose)**

Function that extracts (x,y) positions from a list of 6D poses.

get_seq_start(pose)

Function that extracts the first (x,y) point from a list of 6D poses.

EXAMPLES

```
gt = np.load('04.npy') # create plot obj plt.clf() # get gt_poses gt_x, gt_y = get_xy(gt) # get sequence
start x_start, y_start = get_seq_start(gt) # plot gt plt.scatter(x_start, y_start, label='Sequence Start',
color='black') plt.plot(gt_x, gt_y, color='g', label='Ground Truth') # make the adjust for compute just
translation # instead of absolute position plt.gca().set_aspect('equal', adjustable='datalim') # show
plot plt.legend() plt.show()
```

```
src.visualize.get_seq_start ( pose )
```

Function that extracts the first (x,y) point from a list of 6D poses.

pose : *nd.array*

List of 6D poses.

x_start : *float*

Start x point.

y_start : *float*

Start y point

```
src.visualize.get_xy ( pose )
```

Function that extracts (x,y) positions from a list of 6D poses.

pose : *nd.array*

List of 6D poses.

x_pose : *list*

List of x positions.

y_pose : *list*

List of y positions.

RPE Functions

NAME

rpe_calc

DESCRIPTION

Module that implements methods to calculate the relative pose error between two trajectories.

METHODS

convert_pose_se3(pose_tst, pose_rot)

Convert a rotation matrix (or euler angles) plus a translation vector into a 4x4 pose representation.

relative_se3(pose_1, pose_2)

Relative pose between two poses (drift).

se3_inverse(pose)

The inverse of a pose.

calc_rpe_pair(Q_i, Q_i_delta, p_i, p_i_delta)

The relative error between GT and Predict.

so3_log(rot_matrix)

Gets the rotation matrix from pose.

calculate_rpe_vector(gt_tst, gt_rot, pred_tst, pred_rot)

Gets a vector of relative errors for all poses.

calc_rpe_error(error_vector, error_type='rotation_angle_deg')

Calculate an specific error from relatives errors.

get_statistics(rpe_vector)

Statistics of a vector.

EXAMPLES

```
# calculate rpe errors vector rpe_vector = calculate_rpe_vector(gt_tst, gt_rot, pred_tst, pred_rot)
rpe_error = calc_rpe_error(rpe_vector)
# calculate errors statistics statistics = get_statistics(rpe_error)
```

```
src.rpe_calc.calc_rpe_error ( error_vector, error_type='rotation_angle_deg' )
```

Calculate an specific error from relatives errors.

error_vector : list

List of relative errors.

error_type : str

Type of relative error to compute.

error : *list*

The error asked by user.

`src.rpe_calc.calc_rpe_pair (q_i, q_i_delta, p_i, p_i_delta)`

The relative error between GT and Predict.

q_i : *np.array*

The pose at time i.

q_i_delta : *np.array*

The pose at time i + delta.

p_i : *np.array*

The predicted pose at time i.

p_i_delta : *np.array*

The predicted pose at time i + delta.

np.float32

The relative distance between two poses.

`src.rpe_calc.calculate_rpe_vector (gt_tst, gt_rot, pred_tst, pred_rot)`

Gets a vector of relative errors for all poses.

gt_tst : *np.array*

The (x,y,z) of the ground truth.

gt_rot : *np.array*

The (theta_x, theta_y, theta_z) of the ground truth.

pred_tst : *np.array*

The (x,y,z) of the predict pose.

pred_rot : *np.array*

The (theta_x, theta_y, theta_z) of the predict pose.

errors : *list*

The list of relative errors.

`src.rpe_calc.convert_pose_se3 (pose_tst, pose_rot)`

Convert a rotation matrix (or euler angles) plus a translation vector into a 4x4 pose representation.

pose_tst : *np.array*

The (x,y,z) of pose.

pose_rot : *np.array*

The (theta_x, theta_y, theta_z) of pose.

np.array (4x4)

The pose 4x4 matrix.

`src.rpe_calc.get_statistics (rpe_vector)`

Statistics of a vector.

rpe_vector : *list*

List of errors.

dict

Dict with statistics of a list.

`src.rpe_calc.relative_se3 (pose_1, pose_2)`

Relative pose between two poses (drift).

pose_1 : *np.array*

The first pose.

pose_2 : *np.array*

The second pose.

np.float32

The relative transformation $\text{pose}_1^{-1} * \text{pose}_2$.

`src.rpe_calc.se3_inverse (pose)`

The inverse of a pose.

pose : *np.array*

The pose.

np.float32

The inverted pose.

`src.rpe_calc.so3_log (rot_matrix)`

Gets the rotation vector from rotation matrix.

rot_matrix : *np.array*

The rotation matrix.

np.float32

The error angle.

ATE Functions

NAME

ate_calc

DESCRIPTION

Module that implements methods to calculate the absolute trajectory error between two trajectories.

METHODS**compute_ate(gt_tst, pred_tst)**

Calculate the absolute trajectory error between two poses. Based on LearnerLee - KITTI_odometry_evaluation_tool repository.

compute_ate_horn(gt_tst, pred_tst)

Calculate the absolute trajectory error between two poses. Based on Horn align method. Explained by <https://vision.in.tum.de/>.

ate_xyz(alignment_error)

Calculate the statistics for separate axis.

EXAMPLES

```
# get translational attrs gt_tst = [v for v in gt_poses[:, 3:6]] pred_tst = [v for v in pred_poses[:, 3:]]
alignment_error, trans_error = compute_ate_horn(gt_tst, pred_tst) statistics = ate_xyz(alignment_error)
```

```
src.ate_calc.ate_xyz ( alignment_error )
```

Calculate the statistics for separate axis.

gt_tst : *list*

List of ground truth poses.

pred_tst : *list*

List of predict poses.

alignment_error : *np.array (3xn)*

A matrix of errors by axis.

trans_error : *list*

The sum of error by row.

```
src.ate_calc.compute_ate ( gt_tst, pred_tst )
```

Calculate the absolute trajectory error between two poses. Based on LearnerLee - KITTI_odometry_evaluation_tool repository.

gt_tst : *list*

List of ground truth poses.

pred_tst : *list*

List of predict poses.

alignment_error : *np.array (nx3)*

A matrix of errors by axis.

`src.ate_calc.compute_ate_horn (gt_tst, pred_tst)`

Calculate the absolute trajectory error between two poses. Based on Horn align method. Explained by <https://vision.in.tum.de/>.

gt_tst : *list*

List of ground truth poses.

pred_tst : *list*

List of predict poses.

alignment_error : *np.array (3xn)*

A matrix of errors by axis.

trans_error : *list*

The sum of error by row.

Indices and tables

- *Index*
- *Module Index*
- *Search Page*

S

src

src.ate_calc, 13

src.rpe_calc, 9

src.visualize, 7

A

`ate_xyz()` (in module `src.ate_calc`), 13

C

`calc_rpe_error()` (in module `src.rpe_calc`), 9

`calc_rpe_pair()` (in module `src.rpe_calc`), 10

`calculate_rpe_vector()` (in module `src.rpe_calc`),
10

`compute_ate()` (in module `src.ate_calc`), 13

`compute_ate_horn()` (in module `src.ate_calc`), 14

`convert_pose_se3()` (in module `src.rpe_calc`), 10

G

`get_seq_start()` (in module `src.visualize`), 7

`get_statistics()` (in module `src.rpe_calc`), 10

`get_xy()` (in module `src.visualize`), 7

M

module

`src.ate_calc`, 13

`src.rpe_calc`, 9

`src.visualize`, 7

R

`relative_se3()` (in module `src.rpe_calc`), 10

S

`se3_inverse()` (in module `src.rpe_calc`), 11

`so3_log()` (in module `src.rpe_calc`), 11

`src.ate_calc`

module, 13

`src.rpe_calc`

module, 9

`src.visualize`

module, 7

