Parameters 2018 model 2

Rates for the home and away goals

$$\ln \lambda_k(t) = \ln \alpha_i + \ln \beta_j + \ln \gamma_h + \mathbb{I}\{\text{half} = 2\} \ln \tau + \omega_{\lambda(x-y)}(x(t) - y(t)) + \omega_{\lambda(y^*-x^*)}(y^*(t) - x^*(t)) \\ \ln \mu_k(t) = \ln \alpha_j + \ln \beta_i + \mathbb{I}\{\text{half} = 2\} \ln \tau + \omega_{\mu(y-x)}(y(t) - x(t)) + \omega_{\mu(x^*-y^*)}(x^*(t) - y^*(t))$$

- *i*: home team index;
- *j*: away team index;
- α : attack strength parameter;
- $1/\beta$: defense strength parameter;
- γ_h : home advantage parameter;
- τ : second half parameter;
- x(t): the number of goals of the home team until minute t;
- y(t): the number of goals of the away team until minute t;
- $x^*(t)$: the number of red cards of the home team until minute t;
- $y^*(t)$: the number of red cards of the away team until minute t;
- $\omega_{\lambda(x-y)}$, $\omega_{\mu(y-x)}$: parameters that measure the impact of leading in the score in the rates;
- $\omega_{\lambda(y^*-x^*)}$ and $\omega_{\mu(x^*-y^*)}$: parameters that measure the impact of having extra players on the field.

Rates for the home and away red cards

$$\begin{split} \lambda_k^*(t) &= A_\lambda \Big(t + 45^{\mathbb{I}\{\text{half} = 2\}} \Big) \\ \mu_k^*(t) &= A_\mu \Big(t + 45^{\mathbb{I}\{\text{half} = 2\}} \Big) \end{split}$$

Stoppage time

The stoppage time for the first half, U^1 , and the second half, U^2 , are modeled as:

$$U^1 \sim \text{Poisson}(\eta_1 + \rho_1 r^1)$$

 $U^2 \sim \text{Poisson}(\eta_2 + \rho_2 r^2 + \kappa c)$

- r^t is the amount of red cards received in half t until minute 45;
- $c = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } |x-y| \le 1 \text{ at minute } 45 \text{ of the second half;} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$

Constraint

The constraint for identificability is

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \log(\alpha_i) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \log(\beta_i).$$

Table 1: Alphas and betas

| Team | α | β |
|---------------|----------|--------|
| América-MG | 0.0585 | 0.0938 |
| Athletico-PR | 0.1164 | 0.0710 |
| Atlético-MG | 0.1123 | 0.0829 |
| Bahia | 0.0744 | 0.0808 |
| Botafogo | 0.0756 | 0.0897 |
| Ceará | 0.0605 | 0.0726 |
| Chapecoense | 0.0636 | 0.0995 |
| Corinthians | 0.0660 | 0.0667 |
| Cruzeiro | 0.0663 | 0.0668 |
| Flamengo | 0.1246 | 0.0537 |
| Fluminense | 0.0635 | 0.0927 |
| Grêmio | 0.0945 | 0.0508 |
| Internacional | 0.1004 | 0.0538 |
| Palmeiras | 0.1350 | 0.0460 |
| Paraná | 0.0326 | 0.1214 |
| Santos | 0.0926 | 0.0782 |
| São Paulo | 0.0940 | 0.0629 |
| Sport | 0.0662 | 0.1144 |
| Vasco da Gama | 0.0751 | 0.0935 |
| Vitória | 0.0669 | 0.1344 |

Table 2: Goal rate parameters

| Parameter | Estimative |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| γ_h | 1.8940 |
| au | 1.4007 |
| $\omega_{\lambda(x-y)}$ | -0.2652 |
| $\omega_{\mu(y-x)}$ | -0.1066 |
| $\omega_{\lambda(y^*-x^*)}$ | 0.4124 |
| $\omega_{\mu(x^*-y^*)}$ | -0.0287 |

```
Parameter = c("$A_\\lambda$", "$A_\\mu$")
reds = tibble(Parameter, Estimative = exp(mod_2$a))
kable(reds, digits = 8, caption = "Red card rate parameters")
```

Table 3: Red card rate parameters

| Parameter | Estimative |
|--------------------------|------------|
| $\overline{A_{\lambda}}$ | 0.00001960 |
| A_{μ} | 0.00003227 |

Table 4: Stoppage time parameters

| Parameter | Estimative |
|---------------------|------------|
| $\overline{\eta_1}$ | 2.3879 |
| η_2 | 3.5898 |
| $ ho_1$ | 0.9702 |
| $ ho_2$ | 0.2034 |
| κ | 1.0271 |

 ${\tt mod_2\$loglik}$

[1] -2048.924