## PTC2324: Processamento Digital de Sinais I

## Respostas: Lista de exercícios 7

MDM,FRMP-2014

1. (b)

$$V(e^{j\omega}) = 2(\cos(\omega) - 1).$$

(d) i.

$$P(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{2\pi}{5} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta\left(\omega - \frac{2\pi}{5}k\right).$$

ii.

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{4\pi}{5} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[ \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}k\right) - 1 \right] \delta\left(\omega - \frac{2\pi}{5}k\right).$$

iv.

$$x(n) = -2\delta(\lfloor n \rfloor_5) + \delta(\lfloor n - 1 \rfloor_5) + \delta(\lfloor n - 4 \rfloor_5).$$

(e) i.

$$P(e^{j\omega}) = \pi \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega - \pi k).$$

ii.

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = 2\pi \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[ (-1)^k - 1 \right] \delta(\omega - \pi k).$$

iv.

$$x(n) = -2\delta(\lfloor n \rfloor_2) + 2\delta(\lfloor n - 1 \rfloor_2).$$

2. (a)

$$\tilde{x}(n) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{5}n\right) + 3\cos\left(\frac{4\pi}{5}n\right).$$

(b)

N = 10 amostras.

(c)

$$\tilde{x}(n) = \sum_{\ell=-4}^{4} a(\ell) e^{j\frac{2\pi}{10}\ell n},$$

em que

$$a(\ell) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}, & \text{se } \ell = \pm 1\\ \frac{3}{2}, & \text{se } \ell = \pm 4\\ 0, & \text{demais valores de } \ell \end{cases}$$

(d)

$$\tilde{X}(k) = 5\delta(\lfloor k-1 \rfloor_{10}) + 15\delta(\lfloor k-4 \rfloor_{10}) + 15\delta(\lfloor k-6 \rfloor_{10}) + 5\delta(\lfloor k-9 \rfloor_{10}).$$

(e) 
$$\tilde{G}(k) = 10\delta(|k|_{10}) + 5\delta(|k-1|_{10}) + 5\delta(|k-9|_{10}).$$

(f) 
$$\tilde{G}(k) *_{p} \tilde{X}(k) = 50\delta(\lfloor k \rfloor_{10}) + 50\delta(\lfloor k - 1 \rfloor_{10}) + 25\delta(\lfloor k - 2 \rfloor_{10})$$

$$+75\delta(\lfloor k-3 \rfloor_{10}) + 150\delta(\lfloor k-4 \rfloor_{10}) + 150\delta(\lfloor k-5 \rfloor_{10}) + 150\delta(\lfloor k-6 \rfloor_{10}) + 75\delta(\lfloor k-7 \rfloor_{10}) + 25\delta(\lfloor k-8 \rfloor_{10})$$

 $+50\delta(\lfloor k-9\rfloor_{10}).$ 

(g)

$$\begin{split} \tilde{Y}(k) &= 5\delta(\lfloor k \rfloor_{10}) + 5\delta(\lfloor k - 1 \rfloor_{10}) + 2,5\delta(\lfloor k - 2 \rfloor_{10}) \\ &+ 7,5\delta(\lfloor k - 3 \rfloor_{10}) + 15\delta(\lfloor k - 4 \rfloor_{10}) + 15\delta(\lfloor k - 5 \rfloor_{10}) \\ &+ 15\delta(\lfloor k - 6 \rfloor_{10}) + 7,5\delta(\lfloor k - 7 \rfloor_{10}) + 2,5\delta(\lfloor k - 8 \rfloor_{10}) \\ &+ 5\delta(\lfloor k - 9 \rfloor_{10}). \end{split}$$

3. 
$$\tilde{y}(n) = -3\delta(|n|_5) - 2\delta(|n-1|_5) + 2\delta(|n-2|_5) + 2\delta(|n-3|_5) + \delta(|n-4|_5).$$

4.

10.

$$\begin{split} \tilde{Y}(k) &= 40\delta(\lfloor k-2\rfloor_{20}) + 40\delta(\lfloor k-3\rfloor_{20}) + 40\delta(\lfloor k-4\rfloor_{20}) \\ &+ 10\delta(\lfloor k-7\rfloor_{20}) + 10\delta(\lfloor k-8\rfloor_{20}) + 10\delta(\lfloor k-9\rfloor_{20}) \\ &+ 10\delta(\lfloor k-11\rfloor_{20}) + 10\delta(\lfloor k-12\rfloor_{20}) + 10\delta(\lfloor k-13\rfloor_{20}) \\ &+ 40\delta(\lfloor k-16\rfloor_{20}) + 40\delta(\lfloor k-17\rfloor_{20}) + 40\delta(\lfloor k-18\rfloor_{20}). \end{split}$$

5. 
$$\tilde{X}(k) = \text{SFD}_{2N}\{\tilde{x}(n)\} = a \cdot 2N \cdot \delta(|k-2|_{2N}) + b \cdot 2N \cdot \delta(|k-4|_{2N}).$$

6. (a)  $X_1(k) = 1 + (-1)^k.$ 

(b) 
$$X_2(k) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{10}n_d k\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{10}k\right)} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{10}(n_d - 1)k}.$$

7.  $x(n) = \frac{1}{5} + \delta(n) + \frac{(-1)^n}{5} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}n\right).$ 

8. (a)  $X(k) = -2 + 3e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{3}k}.$ 

(b) 
$$y(n) = -2\delta(n-7) + 3\delta(n-11).$$

9. (a)  $h(n) \circledast_{4} v(n) = -\delta(n-1) + \delta(n-3).$ 

(b) Não, pois para serem iguais é preciso que  $N \geq 5$ .

(c)  $h(n) \circledast_5 v(n) = 2\delta(n) - \delta(n-1) + \delta(n-3) - 2\delta(n-4).$ 

$$y(n) = 2\delta(n-1) + 2\delta(n-2) + 4\delta(n-3) + 4\delta(n-4) + 5\delta(n-5) + 5\delta(n-6) + 4\delta(n-7) + \delta(n-8) + \delta(n-9).$$