```
In [ ]:
In [54]: import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import pickle
         import sys
         from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
         import nltk
         from nltk.stem.porter import *
         import string
         import re
         from vaderSentiment.vaderSentiment import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer as VS
         from textstat.textstat import *
         from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
         from sklearn.feature selection import SelectFromModel
         from sklearn.metrics import classification report
         from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn
         %matplotlib inline
```

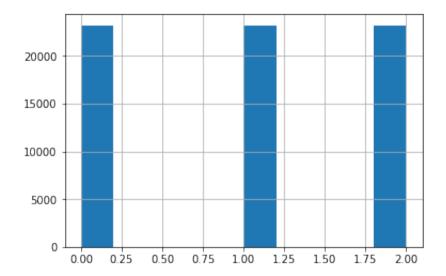
```
In [55]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
np.random.seed(1337)
df1 = pd.read_csv("labeled_data.csv", index_col=False)
df1.drop(['Unnamed: 0'], axis=1, inplace=True)
df1.sort_index(inplace=True)

df2 = pd.read_csv('hatespeech-train.csv',index_col=False)
df2.drop(['Unnamed: 0'], axis=1, inplace=True)
df_test = pd.read_csv('hatespeech-test.csv',index_col=False)
df_test.drop(['Unnamed: 0'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [56]: df= pd.concat([df1.tweet,df2.tweet])
         add=[]
         for idx, i in enumerate(df):
             for j in df_test.tweet:
                 if i==i:
                     add.append(idx)
         y=pd.concat([df1["class"],df2["class"]])
In [57]: if add !=[]:
             print("重複データあり")
         重複データあり
In [58]: #除去
         df0 = df.iloc[list(set(range(len(df.values))) - set(add))]
         y= y.iloc[list(set(range(len(df.values))) - set(add))]
In [59]: | df= df0
In [60]: | df.reset index(inplace=True,drop=True)
         y.reset index(inplace=True,drop=True)
         df train= pd.concat([df, y],axis=1)
In [61]: #Nan値除去
         df train= df train[~df train.isnull().any(axis=1)]
         y= y[~df train.isnull().any(axis=1)]
```

```
In [62]: df_train.columns=['text','class']
    df_test.columns= ["count","hate_speech","offensive_language","neither","class","text"]
    add0= df_train[df_train["class"]==0].sample(20646,replace=True)
    add2= df_train[df_train["class"]==2].sample(15825,replace=True)
    df_train= pd.concat([df_train,add0,add2])
    %matplotlib inline
    df_train["class"].hist()
```

Out[62]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1c1d1d36a0>



```
In [66]: stopwords = nltk.corpus.stopwords.words("english")
    stopwords.extend(["#ff", "ff", "rt"])
    stopwords.extend([labout looit lbosoust lbosoust ldost ldost lbosoust lb
```

```
STORMOLOS EXTEND( | ADON , ALL , DECAUS , DELOL , DOE , DULE , HA , HI , DHC , DHLI , DULSELN ,
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
def preprocess(text string):
   space pattern = '\s+'
   giant url regex = ('http[s]?://(?:[a-zA-Z])[0-9][s-a.&+]
        '[!*\(\).]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9a-fA-F]))+')
   mention regex = |a|/w|-1+
   parsed_text = re.sub(space_pattern, ' ', text_string)
   parsed_text = re.sub(giant_url_regex, '', parsed_text)
   parsed_text = re.sub(mention_regex, '', parsed_text)
   return parsed text
def tokenize(tweet):
   tweet = " ".join(re.split("[^a-zA-Z]*", tweet.lower())).strip()
   tokens = [stemmer.stem(t) for t in tweet.split()]
   return tokens
def basic_tokenize(tweet):
   tweet = " ".join(re.split("[^a-zA-Z.,!?]*", tweet.lower())).strip()
   return tweet.split()
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(
   tokenizer=tokenize.
   preprocessor=preprocess.
   ngram_range=(1, 3),
   stop words=stopwords,
   use idf=True,
   smooth idf=False,
   norm=None.
   decode_error='replace',
   max features=10000.
   min df=5,
   max df=0.75
```

```
In [67]: import warnings
         warnings.simplefilter(action='ignore', category=FutureWarning)
In [68]: tfidf = vectorizer.fit transform(tweets).toarray()
         vocab = {v:i for i, v in enumerate(vectorizer.get_feature_names())}
         idf vals = vectorizer.idf
         idf dict = {i:idf vals[i] for i in vocab.values()}
In [69]: tweet tags = []
         for t in tweets:
             tokens = basic_tokenize(preprocess(t))
             tags = nltk.pos tag(tokens)
             tag list = [x[1] for x in tags]
             tag_str = " ".join(tag_list)
             tweet tags.append(tag str)
In [70]:
         pos vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(
             tokenizer=None,
             lowercase=False.
             preprocessor=None,
             ngram range=(1, 3),
             stop words=None,
             use idf=False,
             smooth_idf=False,
             norm=None,
             decode error='replace',
             max features=5000,
             min_df=5,
             max df=0.75.
In [71]:
         pos = pos vectorizer.fit transform(pd.Series(tweet tags)).toarray()
         pos vocab = {v:i for i, v in enumerate(pos vectorizer.get feature names())}
```

In [72]: sentiment analyzer = VS()

```
def count twitter obis(text string):
    space pattern = '\s+'
    giant url regex = ('http[s]?://(?:[a-zA-Z]|[0-9]|[$- @.\&+]|'
        '[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9a-fA-F]))+')
    mention regex = '@[\w\-]+'
    hashtag regex = '\#[\w\-]+'
    parsed text = re.sub(space_pattern, ' ', text_string)
    parsed text = re.sub(giant url regex, 'URLHERE', parsed text)
    parsed text = re.sub(mention_regex, 'MENTIONHERE', parsed_text)
    parsed_text = re.sub(hashtag_regex, 'HASHTAGHERE', parsed_text)
    return(parsed text.count('URLHERE'), parsed text.count('MENTIONHERE'), parsed text.count('HASHTAGHERE'
def other features(tweet):
    sentiment = sentiment analyzer.polarity scores(tweet)
   words = preprocess(tweet)
    syllables = textstat.syllable count(words)
    num chars = sum(len(w) for w in words)
    num chars total = len(tweet)
    num terms = len(tweet.split())
    num words = len(words.split())
    avg syl = round(float((syllables+0.001))/float(num words+0.001),4)
    num unique terms = len(set(words.split()))
    FKRA = round(float(0.39 * float(num words)/1.0) + float(11.8 * avg syl) - 15.59,1)
    FRE = round(206.835 - 1.015*(float(num words)/1.0) - (84.6*float(avg syl)), 2)
    twitter_objs = count_twitter_objs(tweet)
    retweet = 0
    if "rt" in words:
        retweet = 1
    features = [FKRA, FRE,syllables, avg_syl, num_chars, num_chars_total, num_terms, num_words,
                num unique terms, sentiment['neq'], sentiment['pos'], sentiment['neu'], sentiment['compo
                twitter objs[2], twitter objs[1],
                twitter obis[0], retweet]
    raturn fastures
```

```
def get feature array(tweets):
             feats=[]
             for t in tweets:
                 feats.append(other features(t))
             return np.array(feats)
In [73]: other_features_names = ["FKRA", "FRE","num_syllables", "avg_syl_per_word", "num_chars", "num_chars_total
                                 "num terms", "num words", "num unique words", "vader neg", "vader pos", "vader neu
                                 "vader compound", "num_hashtags", "num_mentions", "num_urls", "is_retweet"]
In [74]: feats = get feature array(tweets)
In [75]: M = np.concatenate([tfidf,pos,feats],axis=1)
In [76]: | variables = ['']*len(vocab)
         for k,v in vocab.items():
             variables[v] = k
         pos_variables = ['']*len(pos_vocab)
         for k,v in pos vocab.items():
             pos variables[v] = k
         feature_names = variables+pos_variables+other_features_names
In [77]: #テストデータとトレーニングデータを分離
         X train = pd.DataFrame(M)[:-1040]
         y_train = df_train["class"].astvpe(int)
In [78]: X test= pd.DataFrame(M)[-1040:]
         v test = df test["class"].astype(int)
In [79]: from sklearn.model selection import StratifiedKFold, GridSearchCV
         from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
```

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```
In [80]: | pipe = Pipeline(
           [('select', SelectFromModel(LogisticRegression(class weight='balanced',
                                       penalty="l1". C=0.01))).
           ('model', LogisticRegression(class_weight='balanced',penalty='l2'))])
In [81]: param grid = [\{\}]
In [82]: grid_search = GridSearchCV(pipe,
                        param grid,
                        cv=StratifiedKFold(n splits=5,
                                    random state=42).split(X train, y train),
                        verbose=2)
In [83]: model = grid search.fit(X train, y train)
      Fitting 5 folds for each of 1 candidates, totalling 5 fits
      [Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Using backend SequentialBackend with 1 concurrent workers.
      [CV] ....., total= 58.1s
      [Parallel(n_jobs=1)]: Done 1 out of 1 | elapsed: 1.1min remaining:
                                                       0.0s
      [CV] .....
      [CV] ..... total= 40.8s
      [CV]
         [CV] ...... total= 55.6s
         ......
      [CV]
      [CV] ..... total= 43.9s
          [CV]
      [CV] ....., total= 49.9s
      [Parallel(n_jobs=1)]: Done 5 out of 5 | elapsed: 4.6min finished
In [84]: y preds = model.predict(X test)
```

```
In [85]: report = classification_report( y_test, y_preds )
In [86]: print(report)
                                   recall f1-score
                       precision
                                                      support
                    0
                            0.45
                                      0.54
                                               0.49
                                                          140
                    1
                            0.87
                                      0.81
                                               0.84
                                                          500
                            0.93
                                      0.94
                                               0.93
                                                          400
```

1040

1040

1040

0.82

0.75

0.83

0.82

0.75

0.83

micro avg

macro avg

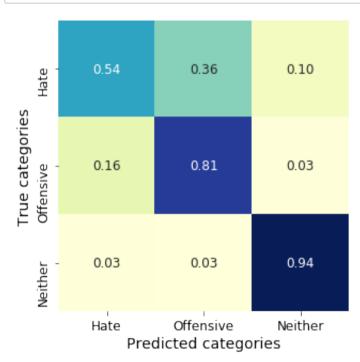
weighted avg

0.82

0.76

0.82

```
In [87]: import seaborn
    from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
    confusion_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_preds)
    matrix_proportions = np.zeros((3,3))
    for i in range(0,3):
        matrix_proportions[i,:] = confusion_matrix[i,:]/float(confusion_matrix[i,:].sum())
    names=['Hate','Offensive','Neither']
    confusion_df = pd.DataFrame(matrix_proportions, index=names,columns=names)
    plt.figure(figsize=(5, 5))
    seaborn.heatmap(confusion_df,annot=True,annot_kws={"size": 12},cmap='YlGnBu',cbar=False, square=True,fmt
    plt.ylabel(r'True categories',fontsize=14)
    plt.xlabel(r'Predicted categories',fontsize=14)
    plt.tick_params(labelsize=12)
```



```
In []:
```

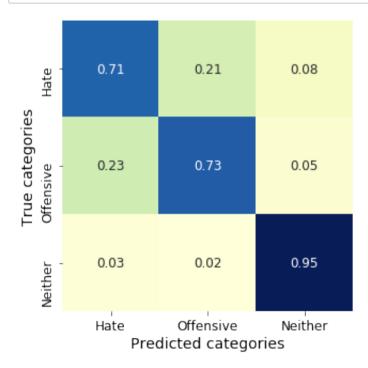
```
In [88]:
         import lightgbm as lgb
         lgb train = lgb.Dataset(X train, y train)
         params = {
                  'boosting': 'gbdt',
                  'task': 'train',
                 'boosting_type': 'gbdt',
                  'objective': 'multiclass'.
                  'metric': {'multi_logloss'},
                  'num_class': 3,
                  'learning rate': 0.016,
                 'num_leaves': 33,
                  'min data in leaf': 1,
                  'num iteration': 200.
                  'verbose': 0
         gbm = lgb.train(params,
                     lgb train,
                     num boost round=200)
         y_pred2 = gbm.predict(X_test, num_iteration=gbm.best_iteration)
         y_pred_light = np.argmax(y_pred2, axis=1)
         /Users/kai/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/lightgbm/engine.py:116: UserWarning: Found `num iterat
         ion` in params. Will use it instead of argument
           warnings.warn("Found `{}` in params. Will use it instead of argument".format(alias))
```

```
In [89]: report = classification_report( y_test, y_pred_light)
```

In [90]: print(report)

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.44	0.71	0.54	140
1	0.91	0.73	0.81	500
2	0.92	0.95	0.93	400
micro avg	0.81	0.81	0.81	1040
macro avg	0.76	0.80	0.76	1040
weighted avg	0.85	0.81	0.82	1040

```
In [91]: import seaborn
    from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
    confusion_matrix = confusion_matrix( y_test, y_pred_light)
    matrix_proportions = np.zeros((3,3))
    for i in range(0,3):
        matrix_proportions[i,:] = confusion_matrix[i,:]/float(confusion_matrix[i,:].sum())
    names=['Hate','Offensive','Neither']
    confusion_df = pd.DataFrame(matrix_proportions, index=names,columns=names)
    plt.figure(figsize=(5, 5))
    seaborn.heatmap(confusion_df,annot=True,annot_kws={"size": 12},cmap='YlGnBu',cbar=False, square=True,fmt
    plt.ylabel(r'True categories',fontsize=14)
    plt.xlabel(r'Predicted categories',fontsize=14)
    plt.tick_params(labelsize=12)
```



```
In []:

In []:
```